ARMENTS IN STYLE!
r Fall and Winter,
FOR
MEN AND BOYS,
AT THE
eat Clothing House
OF
PICKING & CO.

Handsome and Immense Stock to Select From

he newest styles of Frock and Sack Over-s, Dress Coats, Pants and Vests, of every e and color, can now be had at a small

so. HATS and CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, Men and Boys. Clocks, Accordeons, ts, Violins, Musical boxes, Trunks, Va-s, Lap Rugs, Horse Blankets, Men's Un-wear, Hosiery of all kinds. The latest es of Neck-ties, and every other article t in a first-class Clothing House.

GIVE US A CALL

l examine our immense Stock before pur-sing elsewhere, as we are determined to goods to suit the times.
Don't mistake the place, opposite Buch-'s Drug Store, in Chambersburg street, ttysburg.
ct. 21, 1872. tf

We Clergymen
WERE CURED

F Chronic and Acute Rheumatism, Neu-ralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica, Kidney, and rvous Diseases, after years of suffering, by king Dr. Fitler's Vegetable Rheumatic rup—the scientific discovery of J. P. Fit-r, M. D., a regular graduate physician, with om we are personally acquainted, who s for 39 years treated these diseases exclu-vely with astonishing results. We believe our christian duty, after deliberation, to nscientiously request sufferers to use it, es-ecially persons in moderate circumstances ho cannot afford to waste money and time n worthless mixtures. As clergymen we riously feel the deep responsibility resting n us in publicly endorsing this medicine. ut our knowledge and experience of its re-arkable merit fully justifies our action. ev. C. H. Ewing, Media, Penn'a, suffering xteen years, became hopeless. Rev. Tho-as Murphy, D. D., Frankford, Philad'a. ev. J. B. Davis, Hightstown, New Jersey. ev. J. S. Buchanan, Clarence, Iowa. Rev. . G. Smith, Pittsford, New York. Rev. Jo-ph Beggs, Falls Church, Philad'a. Other stimonials from Senators, Governors, Con-essmen, Judges, Physicians, &c., forwarded ratis with pamphlet explaining these dis-ases. One thousand dollars will be present-d to any medicine for same diseases show-ng equal merit under test, or that can pro-uce one-fourth as many living cures. Any erson sending by letter description of afflic-on will receive gratis a legally signed guar-ntee, naming the number of bottles to cure, greeing to refund money upon sworn state-ent of its failure to cure. Afflicted invited o write to Dr. Fitler, Philad'a. His valua-le advice costs nothing. For sale by all ruggists.
January 22, 1873. 1y

GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN
PATENT FENCE
Superior to all Others.
HEZ. LATSHAW, Patentee,
McKnightstown, Adams County, Pa.

THE combination secured in this Patent allows the purchaser of a Right to put up the different kinds of fence, by applying the eleven principle. Among the many points of excellence may be mentioned:
1—This Fence when put down is perfectly tight in its place and remarkably strong.
2—By its use you can keep stock just where wanted.
3—It withstands storms and will not be moved by them.
4—It is unaffected by frosts.
5—It is not subject to rot, as fences whose principal part is in the ground.
6—Although quite stationary when put down, it is easily taken up uninjured, and as a portable fence in changing it from one part of land to another, it results in great benefit and profit to the Land-Owner.
7—It is a large saving of timber over other ordinary Fences now generally in use.
8—It costs less than other Fences.
9—It can be made and put up by almost any person, Farmer, &c.
In the use of this Patent, the Fence is built entirely above ground, with braces to hold the panels set edge-wise, crossed above as the letter X, with bolt at the centre of crossing and below. The braces are of shutting, with the Clevis attached, and pin driven through it into the ground. Not only is the fence firm and immovable, but durable, as nothing can rot except the pins, which can be replaced without disturbing the fence. It is applicable to outside and pulling fence.
It is the most economical fence that can be put up. In every 100 panel of post board fence there is a gain of 5 panel over the natural post fence. Less timber is required, and timber can be used that would not answer in ordinary fence. Timber but 8 feet long will make post or brace under this patent—scrubby white oak, short bits, &c., making durable posts that will last for many years.
It is admirably adapted for a portable fence, using either 3 or 5 boards, to form small stock, Hogs, Sheep, and even cattle. By moving it from place to place, or field to field, the farmer can pasture where he pleases, or even portions of fields. Vegetable grounds and small lots can be protected, with but little expense and labor.
The fence can be prepared by the farmer himself at his leisure during winter—loaded up in a wagon in the spring, and put up at once as the wagon goes along. One person alone can set up 60 or 70 panels in a day. It can readily be adjusted to hill-side or uneven ground.
Samples of this Fence can be seen at the Ware-house of Minnort & Co., (formerly Bigham's,) in Gettysburg, where it will be shown and the principle fully explained by Alexander Cobean, my Agent. Samples can also be seen in McKnightstown, and will be put up at other points in the county.
Every person in the county having property to protect and beautify, should secure an individual Right, which will be sold reasonable. No farm Rights will be sold out of Adams county; only State and County will be sold.
For further information, call on or address HEZ. LATSHAW, McKnightstown, Adams county, Pa.

REFERENCES.
The following gentlemen having tested this Fence and purchased Rights, are referred to:

Moses Raffensperger,	Fred'k Diehl,
Charles Starner,	Jacob F. Lower,
E. W. Stahle,	Benj. Deardorff,
Isaiah W. Orr,	George Gingell,
Paul Sowers,	Joseph Hershey,
Daniel Settle,	J. M. Mickley,
Jacob Mickley (P. of P.)	William Bell,
Ben. Johnson,	Sam'l Storkslager,
John Hull,	Samuel Lentz,
Simon P. Stover,	Henry Riggeal,
Geo. Lower,	John Baltzly,
Geo. Fiscel,	John Hartman,
Hon. Edw. McPherson,	Henry J. Stahle,
Emory Bair, Cashier N. Bank,	James J. Wills,
	Geo. P. Stover,
Wm. Wible, Pres. Agricultural Society,	Wm. F. Myers,
	Wm. Ross,

and many others not herein mentioned.
August 8, 1872. tf

ADAMS COUNTY
Mutual Fire Insurance Company.
INCORPORATED MARCH 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.
President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King.
Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, S. R. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; Samuel Meals, Bendersville; H. A. Picking, Straban; Wm. Bittinger, Abbottstown; Wm. Ross White, Liberty; H. C. Peters, York Springs.
This Company is limited in its operations to the County of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 19 years, and in that period has made but one assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to over $25,000. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to either of the managers.
The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.
Nov. 21, 1871. tf

IN A NEW STAND!!!
JOSEPH JACOBS,
Merchant Tailor,
HAS REMOVED
To Baltimore Street, (McCartney's Old Stand.)
A large assortment of
Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Trimmings, &c., &c.,
offered at the smallest profits.
Goods bought at the Store cut *free of charge*.
Goods made up with despatch, as well when bought at other stores as at his own. Latest N. Y. Fashions received, and tailoring done in the most approved style. Cutting done as usual.
The public patronage solicited and no effort spared to please. JOS. JACOBS.
Feb. 23, 1872. tf

WILLIAM CHRITZMAN,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Carpenter & Contractor.
Having removed to my new Shop
On Washington Street, between Middle and Chambersburg Streets,
and introduced Steam Power, I am prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best material, and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and dispatch.
Thankful for past favors, I hope by attention to business, to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
April 16, 1869. tf

APPLES, a splendid lot, and CHESTNUTS, nice and soft, at the Store of JOSEPH JACOBS, next door to the Post Office, Gettysburg. [April 3, 1873. tf

The Gettysburg Compiler
IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING
BY H. J. STAHLE.
TERMS.—Two DOLLARS per annum *in advance* —TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.
ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates —large reduction to those who advertise by the year.
JOB PRINTING, of every description—from the smallest label or card to the largest hand-bill or poster—done with dispatch, in a workmanlike manner, and at the lowest living rates.
OFFICE on Baltimore street, a few doors above the Court-House, on the opposite side, with "Gettysburg Compiler Office" on the building.

Gettysburg  Compiler.

H. J. STAHLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
GETTYSBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, MAY 28, 1873.
NUMBER 35. FIFTY-FIFTH YEAR.

Attornies, Physicians, &c.

Dr. F. C. Wolf,
HAVING LOCATED AT EAST BERLIN, ADAMS COUNTY, Hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of the public patronage.
April 2, 1868. tf

Dr. J. L. Baehr,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, MIDDLETOWN, Adams county, Pa. Office in Centre Square. Will promptly attend to all calls, unless otherwise professionally engaged.
Aug. 7, 1868. tf

Dr. W. J. McClure,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, AND ACCOUCHEUR, Having permanently located in New Oxford, will practice his profession in all its branches. His friends and all others desiring his professional services are requested to call and consult him at his office, in Hanover street.
May 29, 1867. tf

Dr. Walter H. O'Neal,
OFFICE with his father, BALTIMORE STREET, near High, Gettysburg, Pa.
April 11, 1871. tf

Dr. T. T. Tate
HAS resumed the Practice of Medicine in Gettysburg. Office at his residence, on Chambersburg street, recently occupied by Mrs. Ditterline.
March 8, 1873. tf

Edward B. Buehler,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him.—He speaks the German language. Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Huber's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store.
Gettysburg, March 20.

D. McConaughy,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, office one door west of Buehler's Drug Store, Chambersburg st. Special attention given to suits, collections and settlement of estates. All legal business and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and Damages against United States, at all times, promptly and efficiently attended to.
Land Warrants located, and choice Farms for sale in Iowa and other Western States.
July 15, 1868. tf

J. C. Neely,
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Office at his residence, in Carlisle street, Gettysburg, April 22, 1870. tf

Edward S. Reily,
ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office with David Wills, Esq., S. E. corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.
Jan. 25, 1873. tf

John M. Krauth,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa., Collections and all legal business promptly attended to.
Office on Baltimore street, south of the Court-house.
July 16, 1869. tf

Jacob A. Kitzmiller,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Will promptly attend to collections and all other legal business entrusted to him. He can be found during business hours at the Post-office, opposite the Court-house.
Aug. 25, 1871. tf

WM. M'CLEAN. H. H. WOODS.
McClean & Woods,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA. Office on Baltimore street, same heretofore occupied by the late firm of M. & W. McClean.
Nov. 18, 1870. tf

W. A. Duncan,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him.
Office in North-west corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg, Penn'a.
April 15, 1867. tf

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,
DENTIST, Has his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Dr. C. Horner's office, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. References: Drs. Horner, Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D.
Gettysburg, April 11, '73.

WATCHES!! WATCHES!!
LEWIS STROUSE, at his Store, on Carlisle street, nearly opposite the Railroad Station, is largely engaged in the Watch trade. His assortment is always attractive and full, having all the finest makes, as well as common Watches. If you want a good and cheap article, give him a call.
Gettysburg, Jan. 8, 1873. tf

JOHN W. TIPTON,
BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER,
Chambersburg Street, opposite Eagle Hotel.
Go to Tipton's—go to Tipton's—
If you want your hair dressed finely—
If you want your face shaved smoothly,
Tip's the fellow that can do it—
Do it in the latest fashion—
Do it quick and do it neatly.
Jan. 20, 1871.

NEW GOODS!
And New Firm, at Arendtsville.
THE new firm of Cover & Raffensperger offer to the people of Arendtsville and surrounding country, far and near, a very choice stock of
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES
QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, &c.,
all of which they are selling at the smallest profits. The assortment is large and varied, and cannot but suit all wants and tastes. They will do their best to please, and ask a trial. Call in and examine goods and prices.
COVER & RAFFENSPERGER.
Also a lot of good Chestnut Rails for sale.
April 15, 1870. tf

CARRIAGE-MAKING.
THE undersigned have resumed the Carriage-making business, AT THEIR OLD STAND,
In East Middle Street, Gettysburg, Pa.,
where they are prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C., ON HAND,
which they will dispose of at the lowest prices and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.
REPAIRING DONE WITH DISPATCH,
and at cheapest rates.
A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand and for sale.
Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.
DANNER & ZIEGLER.
July 10, 1868. tf

J. M. WALTERS'
Grocery & Notion Store,
YORK STREET, GETTYSBURG.
(THE BIG MAPLE TREE IN FRONT.)
Always on hand, a large stock of
Sugars, Coffees,
TEAS, SYRUPS,
Molasses, Rice, Spices, Soaps, Hams, Shoulders, Sides, Fish, Salt, Brooms, Buckets, Queensware, Glassware, Stoneware, Cedarware, Lamps, Oils,
NOTIONS, CONFECTIONS, FRUITS,
Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Prunes, Raisins, Dates, a large variety of the Segars, Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos, &c. Also at all times the best of
FLOUR AND MEAL,
Dried Fruit, Apples, Potatoes, &c.
He will keep his stock full and fresh, and sell at the lowest living profits. Give him a call and examine goods and prices. No trouble to show goods and no effort to please spared.
J. M. WALTER.
July 11, 1871. tf

FARM IMPLEMENTS.
WILLOUGHBY'S
GUM SPRING DRILL.
THE best Drill in use, will sow all kinds of Grain without changing any part of the Drill.
Can furnish them with or without the GUANO ATTACHMENT.
Guaranteed to do good work. Also, the
Harrisburg Fanning Mill,
made in New York. Equally as good as the mills formerly sold in this county.
SEPARATORS AND THRESHERS, CLOVER HULLERS, STEEL PLOUGHS, &C., FARMING IMPLEMENTS GENERALLY.
WM. WIBLE.
Aug. 1, 1868.

Hall in New Oxford.
THE undersigned has erected, in NEW OXFORD, Adams county, Pa., a commodious and comfortable HALL, for the accommodation of CONCERTS, EXHIBITIONS, COTILLION PARTIES, &c. His terms will always be found reasonable. Apply to or address J. H. WIEST, New Oxford, Adams county, Pa.
Feb. 10, 1871. tf

Baltimore Lock Hospital.

DR. JOHNSTON,
Physician of this celebrated Institution, has Discovered the most Certain, Speedy, Pleasant and Effectual Remedy in the World for all
DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE,
Weakness of the Back or Limbs, Strictures, Affections of the Kidneys or Bladder, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, General Debility, Nervousness, Dyspepsia, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Timidity, Trembling, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin, Affections of the Liver, Lungs, Stomach or Bowels—those terrible Disorders arising from Solitary Habits of Youth—secret and solitary practices more fatal to their victims than the song of the Syrens to the Mariners of Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes or anticipations, rendering marriage, &c., impossible.

YOUNG MEN
Especially, who have become the Victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstasy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE.
Married persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, aware of Physical Weakness (Loss of Procreative Power—Impotency), Nervous Excitability, Palpitation, Organic Weakness, Nervous Debility, or any other Disqualification, speedily relieved.
He who places himself under the care of Dr. J., may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS,
Immediately Cured and Full Vigor Restored.
This distressing Affection—which renders life miserable and marriage impossible—is the penalty paid by the victims of improper indulgences. Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue. Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of procreation is lost sooner by those falling into improper habits, than by the prudent? Besides being deprived of the pleasure of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms of both body and mind arise. The system becomes deranged, the Physical and Mental Functions weakened, loss of Procreative Power, Nervous Irritability, Dyspepsia, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Constitutional Debility and Wasting away of the Frame, Cough, Consumption, Decay and Death.

A CURE WARRANTED IN TWO DAYS,
Relief in six Hours! No Mercury!
Persons Ruined by Ignorant, Trifling Pretenders and their Deadly Poisons, should apply immediately.

DR. JOHNSTON,
Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate of one of the most eminent Colleges in the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ringing in the head and ears when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.
Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either business, study, society or marriage.
These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by the early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.
MENTALLY.—The fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded. Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.
Thousands of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of consumption.

YOUNG MEN
who have injured themselves by a certain practice, indulged in when alone, a habit frequently learned from evil companions or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured, render marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.
What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, the pride of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyment of life by the consequence of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons must, before contemplating

MARRIAGE,
Reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage, the prospect hourly darkens to the view, the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another is blighted with our own.

DISEASE OF IMPRUDENCE.
When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds that he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame or dread of discovery deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration till death puts a period to his dreadful suffering, by sending him to that undiscovered country "from whence no traveler returns."
It is a melancholy fact that thousands DIE victims to this terrible disease, through falling into the hands of ignorant or unskillful PRETENDERS, who, by the use of that deadly Poison, Mercury, &c., destroy the constitution, and incapable of curing, keep the unhappy sufferer month after month taking their noxious or injurious compounds, and instead of being restored to a renewal of Life, Vigor and Happiness, in despair leave him with ruined Health to sigh over his galling disappointment.
To such, therefore, Dr. JOHNSTON pledges himself to preserve the most Inviolable Secrecy, and from his extensive practice and observations in the great Hospitals of Europe and the first in this country, viz: England, France, Philadelphia and elsewhere, is enabled to offer the most Certain, Speedy, and Effectual Remedy in the World for all Diseases of Imprudence.

DR. JOHNSTON,
OFFICE No. 7 S. FREDERICK STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.,
left hand side going from Baltimore street, a few doors from the corner. Fail not to observe name and number.
No letters received unless post-paid and containing a stamp to be used on the reply. Persons writing should state age, and send a portion of advertisement describing symptoms.
There are so many Paltry, Designing and Worthless Impostors advertising themselves as Physicians, trifling with and ruining the health of all who unfortunately fall into their power, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say especially to those unacquainted with his reputation that his credentials or Diplomas always hang in his office.

ENDORSEMENT OF THE PRESS.
The many thousands cured at this Establishment, year after year, and the numerous important Surgical Operations performed by Dr. Johnston, witnessed by the representatives of the press and many other persons, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a gentleman of character and responsibility, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.
SKIN DISEASE SPEEDILY CURED.
July 26, 1872. 1y1p

Hardware and Groceries.
THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of
HARDWARE & GROCERIES,
which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of
BUILDING MATERIALS, CARPENTER'S TOOLS, BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS, COACH FINDINGS,
SHOE FINDINGS, CABINET MAKER'S TOOLS, HOUSEKEEPER'S FIXTURES, ALL KINDS OF IRON, &C. GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS, OILS, PAINTS, &C., &C.
There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had at this store. Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call, as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any house out of the city.
JOEL B. DANNER, DAVID ZIEGLER.
Gettysburg, May 15, 1861.

New Freight Line.
GETTYSBURG & BALTIMORE.
THE undersigned has made arrangements to run a weekly Freight Line between Gettysburg and Baltimore—leaving GETTYSBURG on Tuesday at noon, (from Wible's Warehouse, corner of Washington and Railroad streets,) and leaving BALTIMORE on Wednesday evening, (from Frank Hersh's Warehouse, No. 80 North street,) reaching Gettysburg Thursday noon.
All kinds of Freight, including Grain, Hay, Straw, and goods generally, will be promptly shipped and receive personal attention.
Merchants throughout the county dealing in Baltimore, ordering their goods to No. 80 North street, will secure prompt shipment by my cars.
Jan. 9, 1873. 1 J. W. CRESS.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

Susquehanna, Gettysburg and Potomac Railroad.
TIME TABLE.
ON and after Nov. 4th trains on the S. G. and P. Railway will run as follows:
EASTWARD.
FIRST MAIL leaves Gettysburg at 8.00 A. M., Granite 8.12, Gulden's 8.15, New Oxford 8.30, Valley 8.40, Hanover at 9.00, Hanover Junction 10.15, A. M., Baltimore 12.15, P. M., York 11.20, A. M., Harrisburg 1.00, P. M., Philadelphia 6.40, P. M., via Harrisburg or Columbia, New York 10.00, P. M.
SECOND EXPRESS leaves Gettysburg at 1.15 P. M., Granite 1.27, Gulden's 1.30, New Oxford 1.45, Hanover 2.15, arrives at Hanover Junction at 3.00, Baltimore 6.30, York 3.45, Harrisburg 1.25, Pittsburgh 1.30, A. M., Philadelphia (via Columbia) 9.10, P. M., New York 5.30, A. M.
THIRD MIXED leaves Gettysburg at 1.15, P. M., Granite 2.00, Gulden's 2.15, Oxford 2.32, arrives at Hanover at 3.10, Hanover Junction 5.00, York 6.18, Harrisburg 11.10, P. M.
WESTWARD.
MIXED leaves Harrisburg at 5.30, A. M., York 7.20, A. M., Hanover Junction 7.50, Hanover 9.00, Oxford 9.18, Gulden's 10.10, Granite 10.15, Gettysburg 10.30, A. M.
SECOND EXPRESS leaves Harrisburg at 8.00, A. M., York 9.20, Baltimore 8.30, Hanover Junction 10.55, Hanover 11.40, Oxford 12.00, Gulden's 12.15, Gettysburg 12.30, P. M.
THIRD MAIL leaves Harrisburg 2.05, P. M., York 3.30, Baltimore 1.15, Hanover Junction 4.05, Hanover 5.10, Oxford 5.20, Gulden's 5.35, Granite 5.38, arrive at Gettysburg 5.50, P. M.
Trains run by Philadelphia time.
R. D. SCOTT, Ticket Agent,
Gettysburg, Nov. 7, 1872. tf

Northern Central Railway.
ON and after Oct. 27, 1872, Trains will leave Hanover Junction as follows:
NORTHWARD.
Mail at 10.50 A. M.
Fast Line 6.03 P. M.
York Accommodation 5.18 P. M.
Niagara Express 9.16 A. M.
Cincinnati Express 3.51 P. M.
Northern Express 12.27 A. M.
SOUTHWARD.
Pacific Express 1.35 A. M.
Baltimore Accommodation 9.52 A. M.
Fast Line 6.53 A. M.
Mail 4.01 P. M.
Cincinnati Express 12 17 A. M.
York Accommodation 7.18 A. M.
EDW. H. YOUNG, Gen. Pass. Agent, Baltimore, Md.
Nov. 11, 1872. tf

Hanover Branch Railroad.
TRAINS now run on the Hanover Branch Railroad as follows:
FIRST TRAIN leaves Hanover at 8.10, A. M., connecting at the Junction with the "Buffalo Express" train on the Northern Central Railway, which arrives at Baltimore at 9.15.
SECOND TRAIN leaves at 10 o'clock, A. M., connecting at the Junction with the "Mail Train" North, which arrives at York at 11.32, A. M.
THIRD TRAIN leaves at 2.15, P. M., connecting with the "Mail Train" South, which arrives at Baltimore at 6, P. M.
JOSEPH LEIB, Agent.
March 22, 1872. tf

Pennsylvania Central Railroad.
DOUBLE track route running between Philadelphia and Pittsburg. Trains leaving Harrisburg make the following connections with this Trunk line:

Gettysburg	leave	at 7 50 a.m.	and 1 10 p.m.
Hanover Junc.	arrive	9 00 "	2 45 "
" "	leave	9 58 "	3 10 "
Harrisburg	arrive	12 55 p.m.	11 15 "
"	leave	3 50 "	3 10 a.m.
Philadelphia	arrive	1 30 "	8 10 "
Harrisburg	leave	1 15 "	12 20 "
Pittsburg	arrive	1 50 a.m.	9 10 "

At Philadelphia close connections made with the trains for New York, Boston and all Eastern Cities. At Pittsburg connections made in the New Union Depot with the trains for all Western points.
For further information apply to EDWARD H. WILLIAMS, Gen. Sup't, Altoona, Pa.
HENRY W. GWINNER, Gen. Pass Ag't, Phila.
March 22, 1872. tf

GLOBE INN,
York Street, near Centre Square,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
F. S. Ramer, Proprietor.
THE above Hotel has been recently refurnished and refitted in the best manner. The travelling public will always find the best accommodations, and every endeavor will be made to render them perfectly at home. Terms reasonable. Careful and attentive Ostlers and Waiters always in readiness.
A new Hack to and from the Depot on the arrival of all trains free of charge. Passengers conveyed to any part of the town. HACKS, BUGGIES and SADDLE HORSES TO HIRE AT ALL TIMES.
April 3, 1873. tf

EAGLE HOTEL,
NEW OXFORD, Adams County, Pa.
THE undersigned, having purchased the Martin Hotel property, in New Oxford, Adams county, will conduct it in future, under the name of the "Eagle Hotel." He pledges himself to spare no effort for the comfort of his guests. His table shall have the best the market can afford, and his bar the choicest liquors. His chambers are spacious and cannot fail to give satisfaction. There is commodious stabling attached to the Hotel, which will be attended by a reliable and accommodating ostler. The proprietor hopes to receive a liberal share of public patronage, and will always try to deserve it. Remember the "Eagle," in the northeast corner of the Diamond, New Oxford.
March 19, 1868. tf J. H. WIEST.

KEYSTONE HOUSE,
CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.
WM. E. MYERS, Proprietor.
THIS is a new House, fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant, central and convenient. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests. The Table will always have the best of the market, and the Bar the best of wines and liquors.
This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public and a share of patronage is solicited. No effort will be spared to render satisfaction.
FREE HACK to and from the Depot.
BILLIARD ROOM attached to the Hotel.
Jan. 11, 1867. tf

CENTRAL HOTEL,
NEAR THE COURT-HOUSE, GETTYSBURG, PA.
JACOB KLUNK, Prop'r.
THE undersigned has leased the Hotel on Baltimore street, two doors south of the Court-house, in Gettysburg, Pa., and intends to keep it in the best style, for the accommodation of the local and traveling public. He knows what he says when he promises entire satisfaction to all who may patronize him. His table will always have the best of the market, and his bar the best of liquors; his chambers will be found large, clean and inviting.
Stabling, in care of an attentive ostler, attached to the Hotel.
Give the "Central" a call. Charges reasonable and accommodations good.
JACOB KLUNK.
April 10, 1873. tf

HOFFMAN'S SALOON,
CARLISLE STREET, GETTYSBURG, PA.
THE celebrated SHREWSBURY LAGER, also PRIME ALE, with Switzer Cheese, Rye Bread, Pretzels, Boiled Eggs, &c., can be had at Hoffman's Saloon, in Carlisle street. Everything of the best, and guests promptly and satisfactorily served.
May 7, 1869.

NEW BUSINESS.
Upholstering and Trimming.
WILLIAM E. CULP has opened an establishment opposite Ziegler & Holtzworth's Livery Stable, in Washington street, for COVERING SOFAS, CHAIRS, MATTRESSES, &c. Upholstering in all its branches.
He also continues his old business of Trimming
BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, &C.,
and solicits from the public their patronage. Charges moderate. WILLIAM E. CULP.
Gettysburg, Dec. 11, 1868.

WILLIAM REED.
Sale Crier and Auctioneer,
BENDERSVILLE, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.,
OFFERS his services to the public, and asks a share of patronage, convinced that he will give satisfaction to all who may employ him. Charges moderate.
Dec. 24, 1869. tf

Licensed Conveyancer.
H. G. WOLF will attend to the WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, AGREEMENTS, MORTGAGES, &c. Anything entrusted to him will be promptly attended to. Office in the Clerk of the Courts Office, Gettysburg, Pa.
Nov. 6 1868 tf

Miscellaneous.

WILLOW WHISTLES.

BY OLIVE A. WADSWORTH.

The world is wide awake to-day,
The laziest drones are bursting,
The brook slips by, the wind is gay,
And every leaf is rustling;
This shady bank, 'neath Beach and Oak,
With lance-like grasses bristles,
And you and I, two idle folk,
Sit making willow whistles.

Oh, heavenly sunshine of the May,
Succeeding Winter hoary,
What shade can shut its light away,
What gloom resist its glory!
Down through our leafy canopy
Dart myriad golden missiles,
And gild the brook, the bank, the tree,
And e'en the willow whistles.

Such wealth of leaf! such worlds of green!
Such balm, no words can utter!
And all the birds that e'er were seen,
Have gathered here to flutter;
They pertly perch, with heads awry,
Upon the swaying thistles,
And evidently wonder why
We're making willow whistles.

How dare you, comrade, trifle so,
In these grand forest temples,
And laugh, and bent your sappy bough,
And set me bad examples!
Such songs of praise here arise,
As ne'er were found in Missals,
And we should hearken, were we wise,
Instead of making whistles.

They say the world's a vale of tears,
And man is born to trouble—
The word sound illy in my ears
Beside the brooklet's babble;
Friends change, I hear, and hopes grow pale,
The fairest project fizzles—
I'm glad there is no such word as fail
In making willow whistles.

The brook shows back two heads of brown,
Though one's a prettier color,
A Titian hue—no need to frown,
I've said not which is duller;
They'll be the same, both yours and mine,
When time their brownness grizzles,
And then, we'll laugh at "Auld Lang Syne,"
When we made willow whistles.

A LITTLE PLOT.

A window of plate-glass, draped with lace, a majolica vase, overrun with smilax; a dark woman's face, with a red rose in the hair. This is what Olive Fay saw as she stood awaiting entrance at the door of the Montmorency's.

A negro servant answered her summons.

He showed her into the drawing-room, all in purple, ebony and gold,—She sank wearily into one of the velvet chairs, though awed and made nervous by the splendid place.

While she waited, a silvery bell somewhere in the silent house rang out the hour of four. The short Winter afternoon was drawing to a close.

A step on the stair—a woman's tall figure in the arched doorway. The same dark face, with a rose in the hair, which Olive had seen at the window.

"Miss Fay?" said Miss Montmorency.

Not "Olive" then? and no smile—no kiss. The faint red in the girl's cheek dropped out entirely. Her last slight strength seemed deserting her—the room reeled—she dropped to the floor.

"Fainted!" exclaimed Miss Montmorency, in dismay.

Olive awoke in a room of rose-hue and silver, a chamber with silken hangings and pannelled walls. A withered old woman in a wig stood beside the bed.

"Ze sickness is better. You will sleep now, mees," she said, with a strong French accent. And, weary and weak as a little child, Olive slept again.

But a nightmare dimly haunted her dreams—the dreadful ghost of the reality.

Her dying mother had written to Miss Montmorency, her cousin, that she was to leave a young, beautiful daughter unprotected, and would cousin Heloise shield her from the snares of the world, for the sake of 'common humanity? Olive was an heiress in a small way, but she would be a beggar in the world for the right of human affection; and if a little love were given the solitary girl, the mother's spirit would bless the giver.

Miss Montmorency had dropped the letter into a soap-jar. The girl could have a place there—yes; but Miss Montmorency never loved anybody.

A knock at her boudoir door. Mercie, the little, brown old maid, came in.

"Mees Fay is better."

"Very well; then she will do by herself. See here, Mercie, these laces have been sent home from the laundry torn to rags."

"Sacre!" exclaimed the little French woman, whose weakness was laces.

Olive dwelt in the Montmorency mansion ever without a welcome. No living being could have been more unobstrusive. In her little black dress, with her pale young face, she stole about the rich, silent rooms, and Miss Montmorency was civil, and the servants served her respectfully. But day by day, she felt herself perishing.

A springing step at the stone entrance—a clang at the door-bell—Ignace Montmorency stormed the home of his boyhood.

"My dear Heloise"—brushing his great, blonde moustache across her cold cheek—"how do you do? and how are Pluto and the puppies?"

Miss Montmorency rang the bell. Mercie answered it.

"Mercie, you will inquire of the coachman how Pluto and the puppies are."

Ignace laughed and threw himself back in the oaken chair.

"Now, Heloise, don't. I'm just about killed out by the properties now. I —"

"You are twenty-four years old, Ignace. I would like to have you have some regard for the fitness of things."

The bright blonde head sank for a minute. How little his stately cousin knew about hearts, and how reckless some temperaments work off an excess of feeling. But she had taken the place of an elder sister to him since childhood. He was the pride of her life; that he was sure of. So the bright heart went up again, and Ignace went off to see his horse and pointers for himself, merrily whistling.

He came back in half an hour.

"Heloise, we must be off to Sparrowfield; the hunting is going to be prime this year."

Before supper he stumbled over Olive curled up in the recess of the library reading.

"I beg your pardon! Why, I don't know you!" was his characteristic salutation.

"I am Olive Fay," she said, timidly rising.

"Thank you. And I am Ignace Montmorency, my cousin Heloise's affliction. You've heard her complain of me no doubt, if you've been here long. Now, I was trying to find my old Robinson Crusoe. I wonder if you would help me?"

How that bright, rollicking face and magical tone warmed her heavy heart! In a moment they were searching the book shelves, happy as two careless children. For she was young, poor Olive; with the shadow of a chance she would have been sunny.

Well, he was life, heaven itself, to her—this mercurial young scion of that stately name, she breathed, moved, hoped again.

Mr. Montmorency looked surprised. "Why, the girl is very pretty."

"You are as pretty as an apple-blossom, Olive," said Ignace. "You were just dying to be hearted up a little when I came, were you not?"

For Ignace, with all his reckless disregard of properties, was not shallow.—Indeed his was too true a nature to be deceived by any shams. And to these warm words, Olive responded by a convulsive little sob, and then a quick laugh. She was too proud to complain.

"Umph! I 'spect Miss Heloise is going to let Mr. Ignace marry his cousin. 'Taint good for cousins to marry," observed one servant to another in the hall.

"They are second cousins," returned Chloe, busy polishing the silver knob.

Miss Montmorency, at the head of the stairs, heard. She came down, and passed without a sign, but her proud spirit was in a turmoil. Insolent underlings! How dared they imagine anything so absurd? Ignace marry that puny thing! Why, he wasn't of a proper age to marry. The Montmorency's never married young.

Here she grew more profound in her meditations, but soon started from them angrily, at the sound of merry laughter in the breakfast room, where Ignace and Olive were at a late meal.

"She must be put down, abolished, exterminated," she hissed, her countenance all changed by anger.

Sparrowfields, country seat of the Montmorency's. Here Ignace kept his previous hunting and fishing-traps unmolested. Here he revelled in all active physical sports to his heart's content. Miss Montmorency liked the air; and so generally came once a year.—She drove about a little, and cultivated flowers. Olive came because no excuse could be found for leaving her in the city. But Heloise hated her. She had rather Ignace should not marry at all But marry Olive he should not.

They remained very late at Sparrowfields. As Ignace said the hunting was so extremely good.

They stayed until the ice began to form on Willow Lake. Then Ignace proposed that they should stay and have a Christmas party there, it would be so jolly! and to everybody's surprise, Miss Montmorency consented.

She wrote out the invitations, helped to dress the tree; then she pretended to be in a quandary about a certain kind of wax candle, which she could not trust a servant to purchase.

"Let me go," said Olive. "It is a bright, bracing day, and I would like to walk off my headache."

Miss Montmorency's gray eyes glittered under their long, narrow lids.

"Thank you, Miss Fay. It would, indeed, be a great favor. You had best cross the lake on the ice, or your walk will be too long."

How the sun shone as she set out.—Everything was in a dazzle of diamond light.

When she crossed the little lake the ice was safe. She ordered the candles and came back.

Then the ice was thin. She did not think that there might be danger, though she saw the water upon it. She set her little rubber overshoe upon the edge, and then commenced running, for she had been absent nearly three hours, and the hour for dining at Sparrowfields was three.

A warning crack, a thrill of terror, a slide, a fall, and with a crash, the ice separated into a thousand silvery fragments, and the girl descended into the deep, black water. One cry of horror broke from her lips before she disappeared.

Haste, Pluto, bounding along the heavy road, your rider heard that cry. Do your best, brave pointer, to save the innocent young girl, beloved by your master.

Fortunately the lake had no current. The first eager effort was successful.—She opened her eyes in Ignace's arms. He wrapped her in his cloak, climbed into the saddle.

"Darling, it is dangerous to cross the lake so early in the season. Why did you try to do it?"

"Miss Montmorency told me."

A flash of the steel-blue eyes.

"She knew! Has she dared?"

He bore her home.

"This is my house, Heloise Montmorency. It shall never shelter a would-be murderess!"

A tigerish fierceness shone for a moment in her cold eyes. But it was steel, cut steel. The injury had been too deep ever for his warm heart's forgiveness.

"Go!"

And she went out of their lives, and left them to each other and happiness.

THE following comes from New Jersey: "Well, Father Brown, how did you like my sermon yesterday?" asked a young preacher.

"Ye see, parson," was the reply, "I haven't had a fair chance at them sermons of yourn. I'm an old man, and I have to set putty well back by the stove; and there's old Miss Smith, 'n Widder Taft, 'n Miss Ryland's darters, 'n Nabby Birt, 'n all the rest sittin' in front of me with their mouths wide open a swallerin' down all the best of the sermon, 'n what gits down to me is putty stuff, parson, putty poor stuff."

DR. HOLCOMBE, of New Orleans, thinks he possesses a treasure worth at least $125,000 in an original picture of Mary Magdalen by Murillo, which he bought for $400 from a French exile who wanted the money in order to get to Mexico.

THE SPARROWS.

The English sparrows, the first specimens of which were brought across the Atlantic some four or five years ago, to destroy the worms and insects in the Philadelphia and New York squares and parks, are now a theme of newspaper discussion. They are increasing very rapidly all over the country, and many of our inland cities and towns are almost "alive with them." By some persons they are pronounced a nuisance —very mischievous as grain destroyers, and quarrelsome towards the other birds that make their homes in the gardens, in the fields, and about the premises of farmers an others. An exchange paper states that a few years ago the sparrows were introduced in Patterson, N. J., in which city and vicinity, before their advent, blue-birds, orioles, wrens, and other song birds and twitterers were very numerous, but that now none of these latter are to be seen. And the city is by no means rid of the worms and insects that they are brought there to devour. The same paper says that the English sparrows are not an insectivorous bird, but feed chiefly on grain, which they find in the winter in the droppings of horses, and in the summer in the farmers' fields. Other persons, who profess to have observed these birds closely, say in their defence that while they may consume some grain, they render far more than an equivalent for it in ridding the fields, orchards and gardens, of the flies, curculio worms, &c., which prey upon the cereal and fruit crops. It is asserted, also, that they have completely exterminated the drop or measuring worm from the trees and shrubbery in Philadelphia, and other large cities. And so the question as to whether the sparrows are a nuisance or a blessing is still an open and a mooted one.

HOW NOAH READ THE BIBLE IN THE ARK.—Wm. Cullen Bryant, of the N. Y. *Evening Post*, is traveling in Florida, and in one of his letters he gives the following extract from the sermon of a colored minister of that State. The preacher had dwelt awhile on the fall of man and the act of disobedience by which sin came into the world, and had got as far as the time of Noah. He then said: "De world got to be werry wicked, de people all bad, and de Lord made up his mind to drown dem. But Noah was a good man who read his Bible, and did jus as de Lord tole him. And he tole Noah to build a big ark, big enough to hole part of ebery ting alive on de earth. And Noah built it. And de Lord call upon every living ting to come into de ark and be save. And de birds come flyin' to de ark, and de big lion and de cow and do possum come in, and de horse come trotting to de ark, and de leetle worms come creepin' in; but only de wicked sinner wouldn't come in, and dey laugh at Noah and his big ark—And den de rain come down, but Noah he set comfortably and dry in de ark and read his Bible. And he rain come down in big spouts, and come up to de door step of de houses and gin to cober de floor, and den de sinner be scared and knock at de door ob de ark berry hard. And de big lion hear de racket and roar, and de dog bark, and de ox bellow, but Noah keep on reading de Bible. And de sinner say, 'Noah, Noah, let us come in.' And Noah say, 'I berry sorry, but I can't let you in, for de Lord hab lock de door and trow away de key.'"

COULDN'T SIGN AWAY HIS LIBERTY.—A Missouri planter, having allowed his swine to range in the woods, at one time missed several of them. Suspicion at once rested upon a certain neighbor, and the planter resolved to watch the actions of his pork-loving neighbor. One day, while riding through the woods, the planter came upon the man in the act of lifting a fine young porker to his saddle in order to take it home.

"Now," said the planter, "I have caught you at last."

"Yes, massa, you's ketched me sure dis time."

"Well I shall have to send you to prison."

"Oh, no, massa, you ain't gwine to send me to prison. Just you think of my poor wife and children," and the poor man put in such an earnest plea for his wife and children that the planter's heart relented.

"Well," said the planter, "I'll tell you what I'll do. You pay me for one-half the number of swine you have killed and sign a paper not to kill any more, and I will let you go."

"No," said the lover of his neighbors' pork, "no, massa, I'll pay for all I have stolen, but as for 'signing away my liberties,' I can't do it."

As the result of certain recent observations on the "Duration of Flashes of lightning," Professor Rood has discovered that each flash of lightning consists of a considerable number of isolated and apparently instantaneous discharges, the interval between the components being so small that, to the naked eye, they constitute a continuous act. The duration of these isolated constituents varies very much, ranging from intervals of time shorter than one-sixteen-hundredth of a second up to others at least as great as one-twentieth of a second: it is, moreover, regarded as a singular fact that a variety of this kind may sometimes be found in the components of a *single* flash. Our readers will recall, in this connection, an interesting experiment with a chameleon top. By this simple test it was proved that the light of Geissler tubes was also intermittent.

SHAD IN CALIFORNIA WATERS.—Mr. Seth Green's experiment of transplanting shad from the Hudson River to Pacific waters has proved successful, and fish of the sort have been caught in the Bay of San Francisco fit for the table. In June, 1871, Mr. Green, by order of the Fish Commissioners of California, took 10,000 young shad from the Hudson and deposited them in the upper waters of the Sacramento. They spent the first year in the bay and river, and now, when coming in, are caught by the fishermen. They are the first shad ever taken in California waters.

"YOU can't do too much for your employer," said a man to a hardshouldered laborer.

"I don't mean to," was the prompt, but rather unsatisfactory answer.

MARYLAND anticipates an immense strawberry crop.

COFFEE.

In the land of spices, the home of the acacia and numerous odoriferous plants, as well as the birth-place of Mahomet and the cradle of the Moslem religion, illuminated in the earlier ages of the world by those grand light-houses of the Bible, Mount Sinai and Mount Horeb—a country bordering upon the Red Sea, the Persian Gulf, and the Indian Ocean—Arabia Felix and Southern Abyssinia—is the native land of the coffee plant. Raised from the seed in nurseries and transplanted when six months old, it begins to bear in the third year and continues to do so for twenty or thirty years, the plant during this time having attained in tropical countries a height of more than twenty feet in the form of a pyramidal summit covered with dark, smooth, shining and evergreen leaves from four to five inches in length, blossoming throughout the whole year, so that mature fruit and opening flower buds may be seen upon the plant at all seasons. The flower, belonging to the class and order of Pentandia Monogynia of the sexual system, is quite small, of a delicate white color, having a small calyx and salverform corolla, with an agreeable odor resembling that of the jasmine, while the ripe fruit is a roundish berry the size of a large cherry, of a dark red or purple color, containing two seeds surrounded by a paperlike membrane enclosed in a yellowish pulpy matter, and these seeds divested of their coverings constitute the coffee of commerce. From its native region the coffee plant has been carried to various countries and is now cultivated wherever the climate is suitable, the character of the coffee varying with the climate and mode of culture, and named usually from the source from which it is derived. Hence we have the small, roundish grained Mocha from Arabia, the large and paler yellow coffee from Java and the East Indies, the bluish, or greenish-gray tint from Ceylon and West Indies, while from Brazil we have the Rio. The best coffee of commerce, that which takes precedence of all others, is the Mocha, and next to this the Java, but the principal supply of the United States is derived from Brazil, which furnishes 75 per cent. of the whole import. In 1867 the United States imported 187,230,580 pounds, valued at $20,636,259. Coffee is much better when allowed to become ripe upon the plant than as ordinarily collected, improving also with age and acquiring a more agreeable flavor, its active principle being a highly azotized alkaloid of an opaque, silky, chrystaline character, slightly bitter and disagreeable to the taste, and soluble in water, alcohol and ether, called *Caffein*. This active principle does not undergo any material change in the process of roasting coffee; but the excellence of the flavor depends much upon the manner in which the roasting process is conducted, which should be done in a covered vessel over a moderate fire—the grains during the time being kept in constant motion until they have a chestnut brown color.—The roasting should not be done long before using, and coffee should not be kept in a ground state. The ground coffee of the market is extensively adulterated with chicory—a species of the dandelion, rye, corn, leaves and acorns, these substances being difficult to detect unless by microscopical examination, when they can be really recognized. The proper proportion for a beverage for common use is one ounce of roasted, coarsely ground coffee to a pint of boiling water, boiling for probably ten minutes, and clarifying with the white of an egg.

HOW THEY EVADE THE FIFTEENTH.—Exhibitors of every description, professors, showmen, &c., who hold forth at Vicksburg, Mississippi, have adopted a shrewd plan to circumvent constitutional amendments which call for no distinction in regard to "race, color or previous condition." In order to exclude colored citizens from admission to their exhibitions, these caterers to public edification and amusement, have substituted "cards of invitation" for tickets. These "cards of invitation" solicit the company of the holder thereof to the entertainment, whatever it may be, lecture, theatre or circus, specifying the numbered seat, and also stating "that to defray expenses you are expected to pay one dollar," or whatever the price may be, and the invitation is not transferable. That looks as if the white man had beaten the colored brother, for sure a man cannot be compelled by law to invite to his entertainment any save those agreeable to him.

FUNERAL RITES. A writer in the Christian Union urges various reforms in funeral rites, and pronounces funeral processions a "positive evil and disservice." He says: There should be nothing of the sort. After the funeral service at the house, the friends and acquaintances should go away all but the nearest, and then, or still better, the next morning, the body should be entrusted to the tender care of some three or four tried and trusted friends, not members of the family, and these to bear it to its final resting-place.

A parent's heart, a husband, wife, or child never ought to be subjected to the fearful tax of seeing their precious dead lowered into the grave by alien and untender hands, and hearing the dreadful thud of the first clods upon the coffin. It is most cruel and most barbarous to subject any relative or nearest friend to such a test as this.—If the whole company of relatives and friends must go to the grave-side, we must contrive somehow to make the closing scene less hard and withering.

THERE is a young man in Bean Hill, Connecticut, says the Danbury *News*, who has occasion to remember the temperance movement. He was wanted as a witness in a liquor case, but being naturally of a retiring and unostentatious disposition, he sought to avoid the officer, and ran into the sweating vault of a tannery, where the hair is steamed from hides. While he was thus sequestered— a prey to many and conflicting emotions, the engineer innocently turned on the steam, and when that young man came forth, he was a sight to behold. There wasn't a spear of hair on his head. It was a howling waste of parboiled scalp. He don't squander any time now looking at the spring styles of hat's but just gets under a bread-and-milk poultice, and bounds around, and rips and roars at prohibition with as much interest as if he was sole owner of a brick distillery.

For the Compiler.

DECORATION DAY.

As the time is at hand when the delightful custom of strewing flowers on the last resting places of our fallen heroes is repeated, it is well perhaps that the public mind should have its attention directed to the associations connected with this day. Some regard the custom as one of mere matter of form and of no significance whatever. But to every true lover of his country this tangible way of manifesting his reverential regard for the memory of those who sacrificed their lives for the preservation of this beloved union, commends itself in a great degree as being highly proper. Though perhaps considered by some devoid of meaning, yet regarded in the right manner it demonstrates most unmistakably the cherished affection which a grateful nation has for her noble slain. By this means our patriotism may receive a warmer glow and a greater love for the institutions of our country pervade the hearts of every worthy citizen of this mighty republic. While it is certainly not desirable to recall the miseries entailed by cruel war, yet it is most befitting to foster the memories of the slain. Not only in one locality will this "strewing of flowers" be performed, but wherever lie the ashes of union soldiers will this beautiful ceremony be observed. All the exercises connected with decoration day should have a tendency to augment our fidelity for our own country. Callous and dead to all, grateful emotions must that heart be which does not feel a quickening impulse when recalling the undaunted courage displayed by our troops in the late civil war. How much precious blood was spilt to save a nation from destruction!

But here within the boundaries of Adams county, was fought one of the greatest battles of modern times, fraught with so many important results; let the people sacredly observe decoration day. Let them show by their presence on the coming thirtieth of May at the exercises in the National Cemetery their appreciation of the services rendered brave soldiers. Let the words of another be remembered: "That from these honored dead we may take increased devotion to that cause for which they gave the last full measure of devotion." E.

SAFEGUARD AGAINST MALARIA.

One of the most serious impediments to the progress of settlement in many parts of the United States is the malaria that afflicts even the oldest residents, and that seldom fails to seize the new-comers. In the low districts of the seaboard States, and in most of the lowlands at the west this malaria reduces the value of real estate, prevents the increase of population and drives off capital. All sorts of devices have been proposed and resorted to for the purpose of getting rid of it. Draining of swamps and wet lands is the first and most obvious experiment. But this does not destroy it, though it undoubtedly mitigates the evil. There are large tracts of country where quinine is an article of prime necessity in consequence of the prevalence of malaria, and during the civil war armies had to use it everywhere, so extensive are the regions at the south subject to fever. One of the greatest hardships of the confederate armies was their inability to get proper supplies of quinine.

It is therefore a matter of no small importance to learn that a tree has been discovered in Australia which is said to possess the power of dispelling malaria. It is called the eucalyptus, and in Australia grows to a height so prodigious as even to surpass the renowned giant trees of California, although it does not compare with them in circumference. Its growth is very rapid, one eight years old in Algiers having attained a height of thirty-five feet, and a circumference of five feet. Such is its value as a febrifuge that in Spain and the south of France its leaves are used as a substitute for quinine. When planted in swampy land it has a decided effect in draining the soil, and thus freeing it from a malarious tendency, which, if its growth is so enormous as stated, is probable enough, since such huge giants would require a supply of water and would suck up the moisture everywhere within reach.

This is the advantage it has over other trees of more moderate growth, since one eucalypus would require more water than a dozen other trees. The most mysterious thing about it is that the accounts say that it will thrive where the annual rainfall is scarcely sufficient to keep ordinary trees in proper vigor. If this be true, it must arise from the tree absorbing moisture from the atmosphere, or striking its roots more deeply into the earth in search of subterranean streams. These opposite qualities adapt the eucalypus to regions where forest trees of other species do not grow. Its volatile essential oil exudes an aromatic fragrance said to be quite healthful. Unlike other trees of rapid growth the wood is not soft and spongy, but hard, like oak, and much used in ship-building. It is quite heavy, and resists the action of air and water, and the attacks of most kinds of insects. It has been planted and cultivated with much success in various parts of Europe, northern Africa and California, and seems to be exactly what we need in many parts of the Atlantic States. The Agricultural Department recommends its introduction generally wherever it will grow.

BRANDY FROM FIGS.—A novelty in brandy has made its appearance in the San Francisco market, and promises to be used by the consumers of that article. It is stated that from eight to ten pounds of dried figs will make a gallon of brandy, which can be sold at $1.30 per gallon. As figs are very plentiful in California, exceeding the demand, it is very probable that should the experiment prove successful that phenomenal State may be enabled to add another large industry to its products.

THE inn-keepers of Harrisburg are in a state of delightful suspense upon the license question, Judge Pearson having resurrected an old law which has lain dormant for thirty years, which compels a triennial assessment of all persons desirous of keeping taverns, etc. This act having, to all intents and purposes, become obsolete, and fallen into disuse, the legal advocates of parties applying for license think the judge took "snap judgment" on them.

1814, '17, 21 and '23, are the rarest copper pennies.

SHADOWS OF APPROACHING DISSOLUTION.

That Radicalism, to use a homely but exceedingly expressive term, is in a bad way in Pennsylvania, no one at all acquainted with the true condition of political affairs will for a moment question. A long succession of successes by which corruption has been fostered to an extent never before deemed possible, have done the business for the Radical organization, and its shrewd leaders scent afar off the unmistakable evidences of its decay. As an illustration of the state of feeling inside the ranks, we take the following from the new organ of Radicalism in the west, the *Evening Telegraph* of Pittsburg. It says: No politician of ordinary intelligence can fail to perceive that the ties of party in the Republican organization are looser than they have ever been in any previous period of its history. The Credit Mobilier scandal, the back-pay steal, the corruption at Harrisburg, the municipal swindling both in Pittsburg and Philadelphia, and the control of the party machinery by men utterly unworthy of confidence or respect, have produced a deep impression upon the people, and have disgusted thousands of voters, who have no other interest in politics than to secure an honest and efficient administration of public and government affairs. It will be wise, then, for those who assume to be political leaders, to consider well this fact, and to realize at once that the party will only unite in the support of candidates of spotless reputations and undoubted qualifications for the positions they are to fill. Republicans have borne much in the past. For the sake of the success of great principles, they have shut their eyes to many minor evils, and have tacitly consented to the dictation and control of men who commanded neither their confidence nor respect. But that day is over. The policy and principles of the party are established for nearly four years to come. They do not and cannot enter directly into the coming State contest. The one overshadowing object in it is to get men, in the offices to be filled, of integrity and ability, and, unless such men are nominated, the ticket will be as certainly, as it will be deservedly, defeated. The "party whip" may be wielded as vigorously and as shamelessly as it has been heretofore, but it will be wielded in vain. Its "crack," in the hands of those who now hold it, will only serve to excite opposition, and remind all to whom it is applied how their fidelity in the past was only made the opportunity for successful rascality and corruption.

THE CONFLICT IN ARKANSAS.

The hostile movement of Lieutenant Governor Smith, of Arkansas, against Governor Baxter, of that State, which lately necessitated the latter to call the militia to his aid to prevent Smith and his co-conspirators from capturing the State House and State records and assuming the office of Governor, but which seems for the present at least in abeyance, if not ended, was marked by features very nearly like those of the Louisiana conflict of authority. Governor Baxter, though a Republican, is backed by the Democratic Legislature, and represents really the conservative elements of the Republican party in the State. Smith is intensely Radical, and fearing that the spoils of office may not be exclusively distributed to his party, has, with others, united in an attempt to seize the office and bring the question of the validity of Baxter's election before the State Supreme Court. The conspirators were encouraged by the success of the Kellogg party in Louisiana in getting the notorious decision of Judge Durell in their favor, and they doubtless thought that if they could obtain for their man a decision from the Supreme Court of the State, the United States troops, on a call from Smith, would be placed at their service. Senator Clayton is spoken of as one of the prime movers in the scheme. The inducement to this enterprise are very strong, for in the bold and reckless loans and appropriations, and railway and other speculative ventures of the reconstructed States, there are margins by which unscrupulous politicians may have been and may be made rich from the profits of a single legislative session. The conflict, therefore, between Governor Baxter and the Smith faction for the executive chair of Arkansas may, if continued, eventually assume the character of a chronic disease like the Louisiana contest between the McEnery and the Kellogg parties.

KANSAS, just now, is moved to its deepest depths by the discovery of one of the bloodiest horrors that ever came to light. The sudden disappearance of a Dr. Yorke led to the supposition that he had been murdered; and after the most careful search his body and several others have been discovered in the garden of a house at Cherryville, lately inhabited by William and Thomas Bender, and their wives. All the throats were cut, except a little girl's, who is supposed to have been buried alive. The Benders fled before the discovery was made—but their capture is reported.

THE Supreme Court at Washington, decided an important suit, being an appeal by the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York in the case of a judgment obtained against that corporation by the relatives of a policy holder named Terry. Terry committed sucide by poison. The facts indicated that Terry's reason was impaired, whereon the Supreme Court held the Company to be liable for the full amount of the policy.

THE N. O. *Picayune* says that Governor Kellogg's threat to arrest Governor McEnery for treason "appears at last to have exhausted the patience of the people. All over the State the spirit of resistance seems to have arisen. Force will meet force, and for every drop of blood shed there is one man who cannot be exempt from responsibility. That man is William Pitt Kellogg."

ANOTHER AVONDALE.—A fire and explosion occurred at the Drummond colliery, Nova Scotia, on Tuesday week, by which about seventy-five lives were lost. The men were at work in the mine, and became stupefied by the gasses before help could reach them. Several men who attempted to rescue their comrades were killed by subsequent explosions.

HON. ASA PACKER, who forty years ago arrived at Mauch Chunk with a hand-saw and jack-plane, is now worth $30,000,000, and Ario Pardee, of Luzerne county, who was poor in 1833, is worth about $20,000,000.

THERE are but two places in the State where wool hats are manufactured—Reading, Berks county, and Adamstown, Lancaster. The number of hats manufactured is about 3,500,000 per year, of which Reading contributes 3,000,000.

A WORCESTER, Mass., man has found out how to choke off seemingly interminable sermons. He shouts "Fire!" just as "seventeenthly" intervenes, and thus dismisses the congregation.

COINS struck before the time of Christ are worth $200 to $800.

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WEDNESDAY, MAY 28, 1873.

EX-GOV. JEWELL of Connecticut, has been officially advised of his appointment as Minister to Russia. It is thought he will accept.

THE Doylestown *Democrat* mentions favorably the nomination of Gen. George W. Cass of Pittsburgh by the Democratic State Convention for State Treasurer.

WHITE Congressman Platt of Virginia appoints a colored youth to West Point from his district. Messrs. Cain and Ransier, colored Representatives from South Carolina, send white boys.

A GOVERNOR of Massachusetts once said to the Legislature: "If you undertake to raise my salary I will send back a veto of the bill within an hour." Grant don't belong to that class of people.

THE Democratic State Committee will meet on Wednesday, June 4th, at the Merchants Hotel, Philadelphia, for the purpose of fixing the time and place of holding the Democratic State Convention.

THE leading Southern journals join in the opinion that if imported politicians and carpet-baggers would go back where they came from peace and good government would prevail throughout the Southern States within sixty days.

THE Metropolitan Branch of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad between Washington city and Point of Rocks was opened to passengers on Monday. All through trains between Baltimore and the West, each way, are now via Washington city, shortening the distance forty-eight miles.

THE local elections thus far held in Missouri where straight tickets have been put in the field indicate the continually increasing strength and efficiency of the Democratic party. In the hour of peril from thieves and plunderers the people look to the old Democratic party for honesty and are beginning to see the necessity of putting that party in power in all sections of the Union.

THE Cincinnati *Commercial* thinks that "Ohio will at the next election be a hotly disputed State," since the Credit Mobilier revelation, the back pay grab of Congress, the President's increase of salary, the Louisiana muddle, and Grant's policy of re-appointing his relatives and wandering about the country smoking "have made the people a good deal dissatisfied with the Republican party."

DURING the war there was such earnestness, and prayer, and heroism that the whole nation was lifted to a higher tone, and it seemed as if, with victory, a noble career was open to the land. But now that twice the years of the war have passed there is such corruption as has never been seen in the nation's history. Corruption of public officials, corruption in the party which was foremost in loyalty during the war, alliance for party ends with men of known want of principle, a feverish thirst for speculation, an era of crime, a weakening of family feeling and purity—these things are most ominous and especially since they are demoralizing in their influence on the best of men.—PRESIDENT WOOLSEY of Yale College.

THE two Radical factions in Arkansas are at daggers points and bloodshed may ensue. Baxter, the Governor, it seems has a will of his own and refuses to do the bidding of Clayton, a sort of Simon Cameron in Arkansas politics. Clayton, therefore, has entered upon a scheme to get Baxter out of the Gubernatorial chair, and to put in Smith (one of his tools,) elected Lieutenant Governor on the ticket with Baxter. At last accounts Baxter had called out the militia, entrenched himself in the State capitol, and remained there day and night. All this because a lot of Radical scoundrels fall out over offices which rightfully belong to the Democrats.

THE Norwalk (Ohio) *Reflector*, a Republican paper, does not see the justice of denouncing the members of Congress who voted for extra pay and applauding Grant for signing it, by which he pockets in addition a hundred thousand dollars out of the United States treasury. This is the way the editor puts it:

President Grant personally exerted his influence with the members of Congress to secure the passage of the bill. He lobbied for the increase of the salary. He had agreed to serve as President for $25,000 a year, but forgetting that he was bound in honor by such agreement, he went to members of Congress and besought their aid to accomplish this unprecedented act of plunder. If the members of Congress who voted for the bill merit the public condemnation, President Grant merits it more than they.

THE Washington *Republican*, an Administration organ, bewails the loss of the New York *Tribune*, Cincinnati *Commercial*, Louisville *Courier Journal*, Chicago *Tribune* and St. Louis *Democrat*, all influential Republican papers which last fall refused to support Grant, and are to-day entirely independent in regard to his administration. There is great danger to the Radical party as now made up in the position of these five journals and the *Republican* wants them back, but fears they won't come. And its apprehensions are well grounded. The high character of these papers will not allow them to endorse the selfishness, injustice and corruption of the Administration—and they know that when Grant steps from power the Radical party dies.

THE Democratic County Committee met Saturday last, and fixed upon the 21st of June as the day for the holding of the County Convention—with the Saturday before for the Delegate Elections. This is some weeks earlier than usual, but there seemed to be a general sentiment in favor of having the Convention before harvest, and the committee, with proper deference to this, wisely fixed the day named.

The importance of a good ticket must not for a moment be lost sight of, and we urge upon our Democratic friends in every district of the county to elect their best men as delegates to the end that none other than judicious and satisfactory nominations may be made. Our Radical opponents (white and black) have but one hope—that the Democratic Convention may make some mistake for them to take advantage of. Therefore let whatever is done, be carefully and considerately done, and thus all blunders be avoided.

—For Representative Delegate to the State Convention the Committee unanimously selected Thomas G. Neely, Esq., of this place, and for Senatorial Delegate, to represent the district composed of York and Adams, J. W. Stahle, of Franklin township, was chosen with equal unanimity—with Dr. J. J. Lady, Aaron Sheely and John Nunemaker as Conferees.

THE Lancaster *Express* feels itself compelled to sound the alarm, and thus addresses its Republican brethren of Pennsylvania:

The late scandals in Congress concerning the Credit Mobilier and the back-pay grab, and the no less scandalous proceedings in the Pennsylvania Legislature, in regard to the Vienna trick, the Mackey Extension bill, and other matters still fresh in the public mind, should admonish the party that unless such things are rebuked within its own organization the time cannot be far distant when they will be rebuked outside of it. It is with an earnest desire to aid in averting such a calamity that we now admonish all Republicans who love their party for the sake of its noble principles and its patriotic record, and are not influenced by a longing for its offices and emoluments, to be on their guard against the intrigues of men who are again seeking to control the organization in the interests of well known corruptionists.

We already see unmistakable indications that the old managers of the Treasury Ring are industriously at work in shaping things to secure the nomination of Mackey for State Treasurer. Even the nomination of a candidate for Supreme Judge is to be used to subserve the purpose of these men in securing what to them is the primary object—to retain the control of and use for speculative purposes the million and a half of unexpended balance which Mackey unlawfully withholds from the payment of the State debt.

MOTIVE OF IT.—It is generally known that the gorilla Mosby has become very popular with Grant and that he enjoys the high privilege of bestowing administration patronage in Virginia. "This to the intensely loyal has seemed rough." But they have managed to keep their mouths shut "for party sake." There is, however, a steeper dose in store for them. An exchange says:

Henry A. Wise, who never did much good except to kill Know Nothingism in Virginia, is talked of as the Radical nominee for Governor. Mr. Wise is even more of an exponent of the slavery era than Jeff. Davis. He hung John Brown fourteen years ago and has ever been known as the bitterest hater of abolitionism and New Englandism. If at this late day the Republicans should admit Wise into their fold and lavish their favors upon him, we doubt whether even their measureless impudence would permit them to talk any longer about the inherent and incurable wickedness of the leading rebels, and the act would do more than anything else to banish the word "loyal" to disuse. It would likewise expose the selfishness and hollow pretence of the proscription to which Southerners have been subjected since the war. The cases of Akerman, Longstreet, Orr, Settle and Wise demonstrate that the worst rebel is a saint in Radical eyes if he will join that party.

$137 EACH DAY!—Tax-payers, we care not what you are, Democrats or Republicans, look at this fact and ponder it well. A Republican Congress has increased President Grant's salary to such an extent that he now gets $137 a day throughout the year, Sundays included. This is for salary alone and does not include the appropriations for the White House, which last year were as follows:

$35,000 for new furniture
5,000 for gas
5,000 for fuel, and
6,000 for a hot house.

THEN AND NOW.—Under Democratic management a Congressman of the United States cost the people thereof—for session of 100 days duration—$800.

Under Republican management a Congressman for a session of 100 days duration costs the people . . . $7,500.

The difference in favor of Democratic management $6,700

In the face of these figures the Radicals still have the audacity to call themselves reformers.

INDIAN fighting is said to be reduced to a science in the Northwest. Gen. Crook has a corps of professional Indian fighters in Arizona and Gov. Booth of California has been solicitous that the United States troops in the Modoc region should be similarly reinforced. Gen. Schofield has heretofore declined the aid proffered, but we observe that a company of sharpshooters and scouts is now to be accepted from the California militia and used in the Modoc campaign. It is evident that some such auxiliary is needed by the regular troops.

PROPAGATION OF FISH.—A New York *Herald* reporter has had a long and interesting talk with Seth Green, the ardent and indefatigable pisciculturist, in which he expressed himself as follows:

It is too bad when we have thousands and thousands of miles of rivers and brooks and vast lakes, to say nothing of the minor ponds, that we should not be, as we are by nature, the greatest fish raising people in the world.

If you get all the people of America eating shad, white fish, salmon and bass and if you breed these fish so that it only costs the trouble to seine them, then a most important and nutritious article of food is on the table for a mere song. People will eat fish instead of beef. Beef being in small demand will thus cheapen, and so will all other meats in comparison. Now what does all this mean? It means the elevation of the laboring classes. It tells one that he can go to yonder lake or brook, catch his fish and have them on his table. Socially and morally fish culture is a blessing and a boon to toiling humanity. I am surprised that people do not see the economy involved in it.

A TERRIBLE tornado visited portions of Illinois and Iowa on Thursday of last week. The path of the storm varied from half a mile to one hundred yards in width, and its violence was such as to destroy both persons and animals, and wreck and ruin all buildings in its track. It was the most fearful wind storm that ever visited the Western States.

AT the late elections in Virginia the Democrats and Conservatives carried the towns of Charlottesville, Staunton, Culpeper, Warrenton, Lynchburg, Norfolk, Danville and other places by decided majorities. Efforts were made in some quarters to divide the party of law and order and thus give the Radicals a victory, but they failed.

HOLLOHAN, one of the party convicted of murdering Mrs. Lamply in Baltimore in January and sentenced to be hung, has made a confession. Nicholson, who was convicted at the same time, gave the fatal blow. It was a cold-blooded cowardly murder, and they both richly deserve the halter.

THINGS have quieted down in Louisiana, and now we have the cheering news that Judge Durell intends to resign. He ought to be appointed to a foreign mission. The country would be benefitted by his going away and staying away.

FOUR negro boys were flogged in Petersburg, Va., by the city sergeant on Monday week, for larceny. The negroes received twenty lashes each, *laid on by a Radical official*.

NOT one of the Radical organs has yet suggested Schuyler Colfax for Chief Justice Chase's position. What's the matter with the high-toned Christian statesman?

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

PHILADELPHIA, May 24, 1873.

DEAR COMPILER:—I should add to what I said in my last week's letter in relation to the Judiciary article in committee of the whole in the Constitutional Convention that it was provided that the Associate Judges in office when the Constitution shall be adopted shall serve for their unexpired terms.

On Monday last the article on Private Corporations other than railroads &c. (Judge Woodward chairman,) was taken up. More than half of the sections were rejected, it being a common error of committees to run into details.

The first one adopted declares that all existing charters or grants of special or exclusive privileges under which a *bona fide* organization shall not have taken place or business been commenced in good faith at the time of the adoption of the Constitution shall thereafter have no validity. On Tuesday a section was adopted applying Mr. Buckalew's cumulative system to all elections for the managing officers of a corporation, entitling each member or stockholder to as many votes as he has shares multiplied by the number of officers to be elected, and authorizing him to cast the whole number of his votes for one candidate or distribute them upon two or more candidates as he may prefer. Another section provides that no foreign corporation shall do any business in any city or county without having a known place of business in such city or county and an authorized agent upon whom process may be served. Another that no corporation shall engage in any other business than that especially authorized in its charter, nor shall it take or hold any real estate except what may be necessary and proper for its legitimate business. A section making the franchises, rolling stock and movable property of all corporations personal property liable as such to execution and sale for their debts was rejected, it being objected that the effect of it would be to enable creditors to destroy weak and struggling railroads or make them a prey to be devoured by larger ones. It was the opinion of the majority that the existing remedies by sequestration, &c., were sufficient. Another section provides that no banking or other corporation shall receive or pay directly or indirectly a greater rate of interest than is allowed by law to individuals. This is laying the strong arm upon heavy bank discounts.

The entire report of one committee, that on Agriculture, Mining, Manufactures and Commerce was voted down, it all being deemed matter for legislation. When it was under consideration, "General" White took occasion to fawn upon the miners. The high positions of U. S. Senator, Governor of Pennsylvania and President of U. S. are consciously awaiting this important individual. The Republican party, like Barkis, seems willing. How long shall such men be forced upon an unwilling and injured people?

The Declaration of Rights was taken up on Wednesday. Every thing of value in the old Bill is retained unchanged. To the 5th section I am proud to say were added these important words: *"and no power, civil or military, shall at any time interfere to prevent the free exercise of the right of suffrage."*

I regret to have to state that so important a right of freemen was carried by a nearly strict party vote, but one or two Republicans voting for it. In the discussion upon it, Darlington, Newlin and Mann, Republicans, opposed it, Cuyler, Dallas and others, Democrats, supporting it. The occurrence of the U. S. Marines having been called out by the U. S. Marshal at the election in Philadelphia, in October 1870, entered into the discussion and stirred up party feeling among city delegates.

On Wednesday and Thursday an exceedingly interesting discussion upon the law of libel took place. Necessity for a change in it was urged chiefly upon the ground of the uncertainty in which it is now involved as to the element of malice. Great complaint has been made by the Press and the legal profession that Judge Paxson of this city, in a recent libel case, charged the jury that malice is to be presumed from the mere publication. Very able arguments were made by Messrs. Dallas, H. G. Smith, of the Lancaster *Intelligencer*, Gibson and Sharpe, all in favor of the liberty of the press. Mr. Smith's was of an historical and legal character. Mr. Sharpe seemed to surpass himself in his impressive reasoning and eloquent words. It was the best effort he has made. The Convention however did not deem it wise or necessary to make any modification of the section as it is in the present Constitution. The details of evidence and the matter of legal presumptions are left to the guardianship of the Courts.

Permit me to digress in passing by saying that your editorial and personal friend above referred to, Mr. Smith, was last week on a fishing tour after trout in the Delaware, and was quite successful. He and his fellow fisherman and co-laborer in the Convention, Col. Henry S. Mott, of Pike, (most fortunately appropriate,) brought with them a basket of trout to the city and no doubt also considerable glow of health and invigoration. I know you would like to have been there," for "you know how it is yourself."

To the 17th section was added a clause that no law shall be passed making irrevocable any grant of special privileges or immunities. All the old, dear sacred rights, as I have said before, were retained intact as dictated and enjoyed by our forefathers.

On Friday the article on County, Township and Borough Officers was taken up and concluded as reported.—All county officers are to be paid by salary to be prescribed by law, and the fees are to be received for and on account of the State or county as may be directed by law. This every one will concede to be an important improvement. Mr. Buckalew proposed to apply minority voting in the elections of County Commissioners and County Auditors. This has not yet been passed upon.

The question of the salaries of the members of the Convention was discussed, and the report of a committee fixing the amount at $2,500 was adopted upon a vote of 60 yeas to 41 nays. Your Delegate Mr. McClean, voted against it, his views being decided that the question was one for the Legislature, and should not have been shifted as it was by the Act of 9th April last, upon the Convention. It was claimed that the compensation fixed in the Act of April 11, 1872, which was repealed by the subsequent Act, contemplated a session of the Convention not exceeding the traditionary term of conjecture, ninety days, whilst it will be recollected that this Convention convened the 12th of last November.

This week's work was certainly a full one. The preamble, among the other things done, was agreed upon. It is as follows:

"We, the people of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, grateful to Almighty God for the blessings of civil and religious liberty, and humbly invoking His guidance do ordain and establish this Constitution for its government."

The Convention did not think it necessary to step out of the way to make a formal recognition of the existence of God, but assuming His existence and attributes, piously and devoutly expresses thanks to God and utters an humble prayer, of the fewest words possible. The words "grateful to Almighty God for the blessings of civil and religious liberty" were proposed in an amendment by Mr. Buckalew. The words "humbly invoking His guidance" were part by the original as proposed in Committee of the late Col. Hopkins, and retained upon amendment of Mr. Lamberton. Without intending to be invidious, I would point any Republican who thinks that no good thing can come out of Nazareth, to the school that all these gentlemen I have named belong to.

MORE ANON.

ANOTHER FRENCH REVOLUTION.

Resignation of M. Thiers—General McMahon Elected President—Intense Excitement.

VERSAILLES, May 24.—The debate upon the interpellation of the Government was resumed in the Assembly this morning. M. Thiers, in accordance with the notice given yesterday by Minister Dufaure, addressed the Assembly, urging the definitive establishment of a Republic. His utterances were received with loud cheers by the Left, while the Right remained silent.

VERSAILLES, May 24.—The Assembly reassembled at 2 o'clock this afternoon, and after an energetic speech by M. Casimir Perier, Minister of the Interior, rejected, by a vote of 362 against 348, the simple order of the day, emanating from the Left and supported by the Government.

VERSAILLES, May 24.—Evening.—The Assembly reassembled in session at 8 P. M. Dufaure, Minister of Justice, announced that the ministers had tendered their resignations to M. Thiers, who had accepted them. M. Dufaure then handed to Buffet, President of the Assembly, a message from President Thiers announcing that he delivers back to the Assembly the high functions which had been conferred upon him. The reading of the message produced a profound sensation in the Chamber. General Changarnier and Duke de Broglie moved that the Assembly immediately appoint a successor to Thiers. This motion caused a terrific uproar. The Left moved that the resignation of Thiers be not accepted. This motion was rejected by a vote of 368 against 339. The resignation of President Thiers was then accepted.

M. Buffet fruitlessly attempted to eulogize Thiers.

The members of the Left endeavored to secure an adjournment of the election of a successor to M. Thiers but the Right insisted upon choosing a President of the Republic immediately.

A vote was then taken, and it resulted in the election of Marshal McMahon, who received 390 votes. The deputies of the Left abstained from voting.

PARIS, May 24.—Evening.—The resignation of Thiers and the election of Marshal McMahon to succeed him causes immense excitement here. The streets have been crowded all the evening with people discussing the event of the day, but no disturbance is reported.

Evening.—The change in the Presidency has been accomplished without the slightest disturbance. Perfect order prevails throughout France. The troops have been confined to their barracks since yesterday morning, but all is quiet in Paris, and there are no signs of disorder in the departments. The Radical journals to-day are calm in tone. They recommend prudence and wisdom on the part of Republicans, and urge peace and strict adherence to the law. M. Gambetta has issued a manifesto, calling on the Republicans to respect the law.

The French Republic has become virtually a thing of the past. The devotion of the army to McMahon insures the preservation of order, and the changes that are already being made in the Ministry, and will soon be made in the Prefects of Departments and in the lesser offices, will tend to develop the monarchical sentiment in quarters where it has been until now suppressed. Already the influence of this great political change is manifesting itself. Gambetta counsels peace and obedience to law, and large numbers of Republican functionaries are sending in their resignations.

RATHER HAWKY.—An Iowa correspondent sends the following: A man in Iowa being bothered with hawks eating his chickens, conceived the idea of getting rid of them in the following manner. He set a pole up in the middle of the field about twenty feet high. On this he fixed a cross piece so balanced that when a hawk lit on it, that it would drop down a little and touch a piece of iron on the side of the pole. With this piece of iron there was connected a wire which went down the side of the pole and connected with a galvanic battery. On the top of this cross piece of iron at the top of the pole a little nitro glycerine was to be placed, and when the hawk lit on the iron cross piece it would be immediately connected with the battery, and the nitro glycerine would go off and finish the hawk. He got the thing fixed to suit him all but the putting on of the nitro glycerine. As he was climbing down the pole after putting it on he accidentally caught his foot in the wire and——. Well he didn't know what happened, but the local papers all said it was a sad affair and the widow's new husband says it was a perfect success, and is going to get a patent on it.

A FAST YOUNG MAN.—A young man died recently in Baltimore, whose case might well serve as a warning to others. His conduct for years was so exemplary as to secure for him the esteem and friendship of a large circle of friends, but in an unfortunate hour for him a relative died, leaving him a fortune of twelve thousand dollars. From that moment he was a ruined man. He lost his relish for honesty industry, fell into bad company, contracted evil habits, and after squandering his substance in riotous living, except a few hundred dollars, he brought himself to the grave in less than eight months from the time he fell heir to the fortune.

A contemporary makes the point that the idea of paying such men as Morton, Chandler, Ames, Clayton, Logan and others in the United States Senate, $55 per day for their services during the actual sessions, when it is known that Webster, Clay, Benton, Wright, Buchanan, Adams, Corwin, Chase, Douglas, and men of brains, received but $8, is simply ridiculous.

OBSCENE POSTAL CARDS.—A number of postal cards bearing obscene matter having been sent to the Postoffice Department from different points, the Postmaster General desires it to be generally known that under the laws of the United States the writers of such matter on postal cards are subject to a fine of not less than $100 nor more than $5,000 for each and every offense.

PRESIDENT GRANT has not yet signified his intention to return to the United States Treasury at the close of his present term the $100,000 which was his share of the salary grab. His signature made that scandalous bill a law. He profited $100,000 by writing his name just once.—*N. Y. World.*

THE Post Office Department regards postal cards as inviolable, so far as its agents are concerned, as sealed letters. No post-office official has any more right to inspect what is written on a postal card than he would have to open a sealed letter and acquaint himself with its contents.

Local Matters.

TOWN, COUNTY AND SURROUNDING COUNTIES.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Democratic Committee of Adams county, at a meeting held at the Globe Inn, Gettysburg, on Saturday, May 24th, 1873, adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Democratic voters of Adams county be and they are hereby requested to meet at their respective places of holding Delegate Elections, on SATURDAY, the 21st day of JUNE, 1873, for the purpose of choosing Delegates to represent them in a County Convention, to be held in Gettysburg on Monday following (June 23d,) at 10 o'clock, A. M., to nominate a County Ticket and transact such other business as may be deemed necessary. The Delegate Elections to open at 1 and close at 5 o'clock, P. M., in all the districts except Gettysburg and Littlestown boroughs—in the latter to open at 7 and close at 9 o'clock, P. M.

J. C. NEELY, Chairman.

D. J. BENNER, Sec'y.
May 28, 1873. tc

HON. WM. MCSHERRY has our thanks for a copy of Smull's Legislative Hand Book.

PREPARATIONS for the Tournament at Gettysburg are in active progress. See advertisement.

KNOWING ones predict the coming Summer will be a cool one, because the moon is the ruling planet.

THE mail train now leaves Gettysburg at 8.10 A. M. See change in the time table, in another column.

THE time for the law against danger in coal oils to take effect is fixed in the act on the 1st of May, 1873.

THE Pennsylvania State Sabbath School Association will hold its ninth annual convention at Titusville, June 3, 4 and 5.

REV. M. SNYDER, lately of Arendtsville, has received and accepted a call to the Abbottstown charge of the Lutheran church.

JAMES F. BUCHANAN, a former resident of York, died at Gabion's Hotel, at Baltimore, on Wednesday, aged fifty six years.

NATURE is preparing to dress herself. She will wear green this season trimmed with birds, flowers, and caterpillars, as usual.

J. C. L. MOORE has been appointed Associate Judge of York county, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Hon. J. Ahl.

THE Sunday School Institute of Straban, Tyrone and Mountpleasant will meet at St. Luke's Church on Saturday the 7th of June at 1 o'clock P. M.

No man should take a city paper in preference to his local paper. If he is too poor to take but one, let that one be by all means the one published nearest home.

WEDNESDAY.—THE COMPILER has for some time been printed on Wednesday, (the better to reach a number of county mails) and will hereafter bear that date.

FRESH matting sometimes will not go down smoothly—the middle being looser than the edge of the breadth. Wet the edges and it can be drawn out flat and straight.

REV. DR. WATSON of Milton, Pa., preached in the Upper Marsh Creek Presbyterian Church on Sunday morning, and in the Presbyterian Church here in the evening.

WRITES a western patron: "If the subscribers to the COMPILER don't get the worth of their two dollars in a year, those who take any other paper surely can not." Thank you.

EDWARD SCOTT last week entered upon his duties as Internal Revenue Collector. He has appointed J. J. Cressler of Chambersburg, Deputy for Franklin, Adams and Fulton.

BRIDGE CONTRACT.—The contract for building a wooden bridge across Bermudian creek in Huntington township, has been awarded to William J. Shanefelter, of Mountpleasant township, at $1,014. There were five bids, Mr. Shanefelter's the lowest.

CORN PLANTING was nearly completed in Carroll county, Md., last week. The same work is now progressing rapidly in this county, and should the weather prove fair a few more days will be about finished. This is rather late, but the crop may come out all right in the end.

FIRE IN CARLISLE.—A large frame building in Carlisle, belonging to P. Gardner & Co., used in the manufacture of grain drills, was destroyed by fire on Saturday afternoon. Loss about $4,000. A row of brick houses opposite the burning structure were damaged to the amount of $2,000. Partially insured.

CURIOSITY.—Mr. Burkhart Welt, of Butler township, brings us a curiosity which he found on his farm whilst plowing recently. It looks like part of a deer's horn petrified, is between four and five inches long and half an inch in diameter, and marked as though the coral animal had had something to do with ornamenting it.

"LETTERS FROM ROUND TOP."—The public must not forget that Rev. J. B. Young will deliver his lecture on the battle of Gettysburg, by request, in the Methodist church, on Friday evening next. It will be illustrated with maps gotten up for this special purpose, which greatly enhance the interest of the well drawn word pictures.

A WHITE ROBIN.—A beautiful white robin may now be seen upon the old Weikert farm, at the head of East King street opposite the prison. It is mated with a red robin and they have built their nest upon a tree on the premises. The white bird has a pale red breast and a black top knot, the rest of the feathers are snowy white.—*Lancaster Express.*

DEATH OF A PRIEST.—Rev. A. McGinnis, formerly pastor of St. Francis Xavier's Church in this place, died at Danville, on the 23d inst. The remains were interred at Philadelphia yesterday, (Tuesday,) Rev. F. A. Boll, the present pastor, attending and participating in the solemn services. The deceased was probably 40 years of age. A kind, good man—beloved and useful.

THE Classis of Zion of the Reformed Church, Synod of the Potomac, convened in Ickesburg, Perry county, on the 18th inst. The opening sermon was preached by the Rev. Aaron Wanner of York. The Classis was organized after the sermon by electing the Rev. John S. Foulk, of Carlisle, President, and Elder William A. Wilt of York, Treasurer. The Rev. W. R. H. Deatrich, of this place, is the Stated Clerk. The current business of the Classis was harmoniously dispatched by Monday night following, when the Classis adjourned to meet in Abbottstown, this county, on the third Friday in May 1874.

CONOWAGO PAPER MILL.—On Saturday last was organized a company for the manufacture of straw printing paper, at McCreary's Mill, in Butler township, about seven miles from Gettysburg—capitol $30,000, and title "Conowago Paper Company." The new machinery required will be ordered immediately, and a charter is expected from the Governor in a few days, the officers of the company making oath to the organization, &c., and the Prothonotary certifying the same to the State Department. Ten per cent of the stock subscriptions is now being paid in. The officers elected are:

President, J. W. Stahle; Secretary, R. G. McCreary; Treasurer, W. A. Duncan. Directors, George Throne, Moses Raffensperger, George Monfort, Isaac Deardorff, Edw. McPherson, R. G. McCreary and W. A. Duncan. O. F. Ingram is to be superintendent, and Col. Cook machinist.

The company is largely made up of enterprising material, and will doubtless push things from the start.

HAWKS, OWLS AND CROWS.—As the law passed in 1872 for the destruction of hawks, owls and crows in Adams county, is a matter of special interest at this particular season, we republish it. Crows are now destructive in various ways—not the least objectionable being the robbing of insectivorous birds nests,—whilst hawks and owls are already kidnapping young chickens and turkies, and will hereafter the birds as soon as hatched. All persons, therefore, who assist in getting rid of these pests to the farmer, not only do an act of public benefit, but, if good shots, can make the work pay well. A few days ago a gentleman brought to the Commissioners' office crow and hawk scalps amounting to nearly five dollars, all secured with a double barreled gun in half a day. Here is the law:

An Act to Encourage the Destruction of Hawks, Owls and Crows in the county of Adams.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the passage of this act any person or persons who shall kill any hawk or hawks, owl or owls, crow or crows within the county of Adams and who shall produce the scalp or scalps thereof with the upper bill attached, before any justice of the peace in and for said county of Adams as aforesaid, it shall be the duty of such justice to examine such person or persons, on oath or affirmation, touching the same, when, the place where such hawk or hawks, owl or owls, or crow or crows, were taken and killed, and if the place or places of taking and killing shall be found to be within the bounds of said county aforesaid, it shall be the duty of such justice to give the person or persons a certificate of the facts to the commissioners of said county, together with the scalp or scalps taken from the head or heads aforesaid, and the said commissioners upon the receipt thereof shall immediately have such scalp or scalps destroyed, and thereupon draw their warrants on the county treasurer, for the scalp of a hawk or owl twenty five cents each, and for the scalp of a crow ten cents, for each and every scalp so produced as aforesaid, and it shall be the duty of such treasurer, and he is hereby directed to pay the amount of said order: *Provided*, That the said bounty for the scalp of crows shall only be paid for crows destroyed between the first days of April and September of each year.

"HOW to Acquire and Preserve Health, or Everybody's Own Physician," illustrated with over two hundred and fifty finely executed wood cuts, many of which are engravings from models in the author's private cabinet and correctly represent nearly all of the organs of the body in health and disease. By C. W. Gleason, M. D., Professor of the Institutes of Medicine and Surgery, Editor of the Physiologist, author of the Laws of Life and art of Preserving Health, Popular Lectures on Sanitary Science, &c.

This valuable work is only sold by subscription. Mr. David McMillan of this place, has secured the agency for Adams county, and is now at work canvassing. Dr. Gleason delivered a series of lectures in Agricultural Hall several winters ago, and gave such thorough satisfaction as to draw full houses night after night for more than a week. His book is spoken of in the highest terms, and no doubt deserves a wide sale.

DECORATION DAY.—The following is the programme for Friday next: Post No. 9, Grand Army of the Republic, with the Orphans from the Homestead will meet in Centre Square at 2 P. M. and immediately march to the Cemetery, headed by the Band. The exercises at the Cemetery will consist of Dead March by the Band; Hymn, "Old Hundred;" Prayer, by Rev. W. W. Campbell; Music, by the Band; Address, by Mr. S. S. Palmer; Hymn, "America," and Strewing of Flowers by the Orphans.

All honorably discharged soldiers in the county who may wish to join in the ceremonies are requested to meet with Post No. 9 in Spangler's building at 1 P. M.

The ladies of town and country are urged to make liberal contributions of flowers.

COMMON SCHOOLS.—The Superintendents of the counties of Clearfield, Blair, Bedford, Huntingdon, Mifflin, Juniata, Perry, Dauphin, Cumberland, York, Adams, Franklin and Fulton are invited to meet at the School Department in Harrisburg on the 3d of June, to confer with the State Superintendent on educational matters. We understand that conferences of this character, to be held in most convenient localities, are intended to take the place of a State Convention of Superintendents.

JNO. A. CURRY of Pittsburgh has been appointed Assistant Superintendent of Common Schools of Pennsylvania.

EXAMINATION AND HONORS.—The Senior Class of Pennsylvania College, was examined last week, and the following honors given: W. S. Freas of Baron Hill, Pa., the first; J. A. Singmaster of Macungie, Pa., the second; C. H. Traver, of Rhinebeck, N. Y., the third; and L. F. Zimmer of McAllisterville, Pa., the fourth.

Commencement takes place on Thursday, June 26th, with the Junior exhibition on the day previous.

John J. Kendlehart, of this place, a member of the class of 1870, will deliver the Master's Oration on Commencement day.

JUDGE JUNKIN of the Cumberland and Perry judicial district, has called a special court for Cumberland county in June, to determine the question of granting liquor license. It will be remembered that Cumberland county voted against license, but the counsel representing the petitions for license filed exceptions to the legality of the returns, and this question is now before the Supreme Court, and will be decided before June term.

Applications are also published in the Franklin county papers in anticipation of a favorable decision by the Supreme Court of the question as to the legality of the returns made of the "local option" election.

THE Hanover Branch Railroad Company has elected the following officers: President, Capt. A. W. Eichelberger; Directors, David M. Myers, Reuben Young, Henry Wirt, Jacob Forney, Peter Flickinger, John Neuman.

The books for subscriptions to the stock of the York and Hanover Railroad were opened on Saturday week. 792 shares were taken in Hanover and 305 in York. As soon as $100,000 of the stock shall have been subscribed an assessment of $1 per share will be made and officers of the company chosen.

PROPAGATION OF SHAD.—The Harrisburg *Patriot* says:—The efforts of the recently appointed fish commissioners will be confined this summer to the propagation of shad in the Susquehanna. Several of the larger springs will soon be examined with a view to ascertain the extent of their flows and to the selection of the more desirable ones for hatching house purposes. Ova in sufficient quantities to propagate 10,000,000 shad are to be distributed in various portions of the river. The present intention is to place a shad hatching box above the Columbia dam and a number further down the stream. The first of these boxes will be erected under the supervision of Seth Green, the celebrated pisciculturist.

THE Reisinger Sash Lock and Supporter—the best and cheapest. M. LUTHER CUPP, Agent, Gettysburg, Pa. 3t

FARMERS, TAKE NOTICE.—The celebrated Gibbs' Imperial Ploughs, manufactured at Canton, Ohio, are for sale at the Warerooms of C. H. Buehler, opposite the Passenger Depot. These Ploughs are regarded the best in the country. Farmers will do well to call and examine them and procure circulars free of charge. tf

5 20's.—The Government calls for the redemption of $50,000,000. See reference to the same in the advertisement of the Gettysburg National Bank. tf

ALL THE WORLD

—Gov. Dix, of New York, has vetoed the Local Option bill. He thinks the use of the lighter beverages should not be restricted.

—Postal Cards are printed at the rate of 500,000 per day, and still the cry is—"more."

—The Maryland Classis of the Reformed church met at Boonsboro' week before last—and will meet in Manchester, Carroll county, next year, June 4th.

—President Grant is fifty one.

—The Khedive of Egypt has 80 children so far.

—A New Haven factory makes wool out of old muslin delaine dresses.

—An exchange thinks, as there are so many Signor Blitzes, it would be a good idea for them to have a national convention.

—The Troy *Times* says that the United States is at peace with all the world except the Modocs and the organ grinders.

—Of a 700 cattle herd near Concordia, Kansas, 160 perished in the April storm.

—Machinery is offered for sale in the western part of Iowa for manufacturing fuel from hay or straw.

—The exhibitor of the best pair of patched pants will receive a prize at the coming Tompkins county fair.

—Leading dry goods stores in Paris have daily lunches for their customers—and the ladies, fatigued with shopping, enjoy them greatly.

—If it is really true that Captain Jack and his forty or fifty warriors are entirely without ammunition, the removal of our troops to a place of safety may no longer be necessary.

—There is a lump of coal at Mauch Chunk weighing 8,000 pounds. It is said to be the largest ever taken out of the mines.

—William B. Astor is said to be the owner of three thousand houses in New York city.

—A $75,000 opera house is talked of in Hyde Park, Luzerne county.

—On Sunday week, at Gloucester, on the Delaware, one cast of a seine drew in 60,000 herring, and another 7,000 herring and 3,000 shad. These are the largest hauls of the season.

—A foundling at Hudson, N. Y., tells that his motive for killing a fellow being was simply an overwhelming desire to do something bad.

—The severity of the winter has killed all the white mulberry trees around Hagerstown.

—A young gentleman was upset from a rowing boat in the Clyde recently, and was rescued by two young ladies who pulled to the spot and hauled him into their boat. He intends to get upset again.

—Avoid all attacks of spring fever—turn over a new leaf at once instead of turning over. Simple but sure.

—Asiatic cholera has appeared in New Orleans and is working its way up the Mississippi.

—A son of D. H. Hill, late a confederate general, has been appointed a cadet at West Point.

—Edward S. Stokes the murderer of Col. James Fisk, has been refused a new trial by the Supreme Court of New York.

—The burning of Columbia is now attributed to Mrs. O'Leary's cow. Gens. Sherman and Wade Hampton both deny having had anything to do with it.

—"Eight acres confounded out" is the way a western paper quotes the money market.

—A New Orleans child whose death had been formally certified by the family physician was frightened out of its coffin by a clap of thunder last week just as the hearse drove up to the door.

—De Long, the United States Minister to Japan, was a waiter at a California hotel when a young man, and a good one—better than a Minister.

—A Grundy county (Iowa) farmer raised last year 79,000 bushels of wheat, 45,000 bushels of corn and 12,000 bushels of barley. He is now feeding 800 steers.

—Judge Chase leaves $10,000 to Wilberforce University, and an equal sum to Dartmouth College, the bulk of his property being divided equally among his two daughters. The estate is estimated at $250,000.

—Gen. Columbus O'Donnell died in Baltimore on Sunday night, aged 81.

—John B. Gough was a book binder.

—The father of the Hon. S. S. Cox died recently at Zanesville, Ohio.

—Judge Clifford acts as Chief Justice until a successor of Chief Justice Chase is appointed.

—Hon. Heister Clymer and Mr. George Vanderbilt sailed from New York for Europe on Saturday.

—Women in Florida make from $18 to $23 a week braiding palmetto hats.

—Queen Victoria is 54.

—There is a three legged sow in Pine Brook, Luzerne county, which recently gave birth to a litter of three pigs, having each but three legs.

—An election was held in Easton on Friday for municipal officers. The Democrats were successful in five wards and the Republicans in two.

—Three thousand shad have been caught in the Juniata above Newport the past ten days.

—A temperance passenger on the night express of the Cumberland Valley railroad says persons passing through the cars on the return trip feel as if they were "Coming through the Rye."

—Chief Justice Chase wrote a small and almost feminine hand.

—Wilkie Collins is expected in Boston in August.

—Captain Jack said "To die by bullet does not hurt much; starve to death on a reservation hurt a heap."

—A number of Modoc women and children have surrendered.

—The spring races of the Lancaster County Park Association take place on the 13th and 14th of next month.

—Peter Laster, of West Manchester township, York county, died of heart disease in one of his fields, last week—aged nearly 62 years.

—Louisiana is quiet. All parties have concluded to rest until Congress meets.

—Mrs. Woodhull continues in her paper the charges of lewdness made by her recently against Rev. Henry Ward Beecher and, in a late number of her paper, gives circumstantial, and, as it would be called in court, direct evidence to prove her charges. Mr. Beecher remains silent to these charges, saying neither yea or nay.

—One of Blair county's candidates for sheriff is in jail for selling liquor illegally.

—A father and son of Westmoreland county recently caught eleven foxes in one day.

—As a general thing, owing to the backward season, there will be a scarcity of flowers for Decoration Day.

—To muzzle a dog, press it against his ear and pull the trigger.

—The Maryland Jockey Club races opened on Tuesday, at Pimlico, near Baltimore.

GOOD ADVICE.—For Hats, Caps, Shirts, Drawers, Suspenders, Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Ties, Collars, Umbrellas, Trunks, &c., go to the new Furnishing Store of SNYDER & Co., Arnold's Corner, Gettysburg, Pa.
April 10, 1872. tf

DO YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY?—If so call at J. L. Schick's store, Gettysburg, where you will find a full line of Ladies' Dress Goods, Cloths, Cassimeres, Domestic Goods, Notions, &c., of the latest styles—all of which will be sold at lowest cash rates.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS have received their Spring and Summer Stock of Goods, including all the New Shades of Dress Goods, and at prices to suit buyers. They have reduced the prices of some goods far below the cost of importation. Call early and secure some of the bargains. Nov 11.

CALL and see the large assortment of Spring and Summer Hats and Shoes, at A. Eckert's. April 17. tf

For the Compiler.

SUNDAY SCHOOL INSTITUTE.—The Northwest Division S. S. Institute held its fourth annual session at Bender's Church, on Saturday, the 10th inst.

At 1 o'clock the school assembled, with a large congregation, the exercises opening with singing by the choir. After prayer by Bro. Peschau various topics were discussed by Bros. Peschau, Baughman, Fulton, Wolf, Slaybaugh, [illegible], Cashman, Bream, Hinsky, Pitzer and others. The exercises throughout were interesting, and well attended. A children's meeting was held on Sunday morning. The Institute adjourned to meet at Arendtsville, Saturday, June 14th, at 10 A. M., after passing a vote of thanks to the people of Bender's church and vicinity for their kindness and hospitality.

W. A. PITZER, Sec'y.

HABITS OF SHAD.—Thaddeus Norris gives some timely information in the May Journal of the Farm. The shad, he says, belongs to the great herring family. Its geographical range, on the Atlantic coast, is from Florida to the Bay of Fundy. The shad always returns to its native river to reproduce its kind. Those hatched in the Delaware never enter the mouths of the Hudson or the Potomac. Each river, according to Mr. Norris, has its own peculiar race of shad. Those of the Delaware being of larger size than the general average. It is believed that the shad does not wander very far out in the ocean. Their ascent to the spawning grounds in the spring, is slow and gradual. If they [illegible] encounter a fount of snow water they remain stationary. They enter the fresh running water very tardily. They cannot ascend strong rapids or falls like the salmon, and are sometimes checked or scared by seeing the shadow of a bridge cross the water. They do not feed while in the fresh water, and no food is found in their stomachs after they have entered it. The roe of a good sized shad contains about 100,000 eggs and will weigh 12 ounces. If these were all hatched and reared, they would weigh 200 tons. But this immense fecundity is necessary to meet the many dangers that surround the fish. Myriads of eggs are at once destroyed or washed away, while the young fry are devoured as they emerge, by wholesale, by catfish, chubs, sunfish and minnows. Thirty young shad have been taken from the stomach of a roach four inches long. Seth Green says that only three eggs out of a hundred spawned in the Connecticut river are hatched. In spawning, the shad seeks a brisk current or gently whirling eddy, and the eggs are deposited generally at night. They are at once fertilized by her mate, companion who moves by her side during the operation. Mr. Lyman, an experienced observer, says that the [illegible] 20 [illegible] is compared with those of nature. This fact illustrates the great importance of the steps recently taken by the State governments for the protection and propagation of shad in the rivers along the Atlantic coast.

MEDICAL BLUNDERS.—From the period when surgeons applied their salves to weapons instead of wounds to the present [illegible] age, the medical profession has often unwittingly taken side with disease in its conflicts with the human system. Even yet in spite of the teachings of centuries of experience some physicians [illegible] depleting their patients already seriously exhausted by sickness, with powerful evacuants, emetics, salivants, cantharidal plasters, or the lancet. But providentially, public intelligence is ahead of these medical fossils, who belong of right to the era of the [illegible]. That powerful ally of nature in its warfare with the causes of sickness, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, has opened the eyes of the masses to the paramount importance of [illegible] vital strength of the body when menaced by disease. They understand that when the atmospheric conditions are adverse to health, it is wise to reinforce the system with a wholesome tonic and stimulant and thus enable it to combat [illegible] the depressing influence of a malignant temperature. If the constitutional stamina and powers were always thus reinforced in the presence of danger, the mortality from consumption, bronchitis, chronic rheumatism, &c., would be much less than it now is. The causes which produce coughs, colds, quinsy, diphtheria and catarrh [illegible] a strong and active vital system, and of all vitalizing preparations Hostetter's Bitters has proved the most efficient. It is not claimed that the aforesaid tonic is a specific for lung and throat maladies, but as for dyspepsia, liver complaints and intermittents, [illegible] it is unhesitatingly asserted that it is the best known safeguard against all the atmospheric elements of disease. 1m

SALE of personal property of Jacob Settle, deceased, at David Settle's, Franklin township, on Saturday, June 7, at 12 o'clock. 1ts

SPRING Goods for Gents' and Boys wear, of every style and quality, are now to be had at the establishment of W. T. King, on York street. Call and be convinced that the most fastidious taste can be gratified. Charges moderate and satisfaction insured.
Feb 27, 1873. tf

ADVISE your friends to visit A. Eckert's popular Hat and Shoe Store. New three story, Baltimore St. Ap 17 tf

ALL are invited to call at Trystinger & Co's Carpet Store, Carlisle, Pa. They have just secured all the late styles, making as large a selection as can be seen in City Stores. It will pay purchasers to visit their Store, as they can have hundreds of patterns to select from, and buy at city prices.
March 13 3m

A FRESH supply of neckties, collars, &c., of the latest styles, just received from Philadelphia at R. C. COBEAN'S.
March 13 tf

THE epizootic turns out to be an hereditary disease in Iowa. Colts in Plymouth county, as soon as they are foaled, show all the symptoms of the horse disease which attacked their progenitors last year, and are dying in large numbers, sixty deaths being reported in one township.

GIRARD, Erie county, claims to have a child which weighed but three ounces at its birth and seven ounces when four weeks old. Its organs are said to be perfect.

THE wife of a Louisville lawyer, made a bustle of some important legal documents, and the court had to adjourn until she could go home and return with them in proper shape.

SLEEP obtained two hours before midnight, when the negative forces are in operation, is the rest which most recuperates the system.

A BOY, 8 years old, at Lowell, Massachusetts, spelled 7,000 words without a miss, and he put 100 to the committee and they missed fifteen.

Susquehanna, Gettysburg and Potomac Railroad.

TIME TABLE.

ON and after May 26th trains on the S. G. and P. Railway will run as follows:

EASTWARD.

FIRST MAIL leaves Gettysburg at 8.10 A. M., Granite 8.22, Guldens 8.33, New Oxford 8.47, Valley 8.53, Hanover 9.05, Hanover Junction 10.20 A. M., Baltimore 12.10, P. M., York 11.20 A. M., Harrisburg 1.00, P. M., Philadelphia 6.00 P. M., via Harrisburg or Columbia, New York 10.06 P. M.

SECOND EXPRESS leaves Gettysburg at 1.15 P. M., Granite 1.27, Guldens 1.38, New Oxford 1.45, Hanover 2.05, arrives at Hanover Junction at 3.00, Baltimore 6.40, York 3.30, Harrisburg 4.45, Philadelphia 7.50 A. M., Philadelphia (via Columbia) 9.40, P. M., New York [illegible] A. M.

THIRD MIXED leaves Gettysburg at 1.45 P. M., Granite 2.00, Guldens 2.05, Oxford 2.12, arrives at Hanover at 3.00 P. M., leave at 4.00, Hanover Junction 5.00, York 6.18, Harrisburg 11.10 P. M.

WESTWARD.

MIXED leaves Harrisburg at 5.50 A. M., York 7.20 A. M., Hanover Junction 7.50, Hanover 9.00, Oxford 9.46, Guldens 10.10, Granite 10.16, Gettysburg 10.30 A. M.

SECOND EXPRESS leaves Harrisburg at 8.00 A. M., York 9.20, Baltimore 8.30, Hanover Junction 10.55, Hanover 11.40, Oxford 12.00, Guldens 12.15, Gettysburg 12.30 P. M.

THIRD MAIL leaves Harrisburg 2.05 P. M., York 1.30, Baltimore 1.15, Hanover Junction 4.05, Hanover 5.00, Oxford 5.20, Guldens 5.35, Granite 5.38, arrive at Gettysburg 5.50, P. M.

Trains run by Philadelphia time.

R. D. SCOTT, Ticket Agent.
Gettysburg, Nov. 7, 1872. 1f

GOOD WORDS FOR THE PAIN-KILLER.

We can confidently recommend the Pain Killer.—*Indiana Baptist.*

It is the most [illegible] for Aches, Pains, flesh wounds, &c.—[illegible]

We advise that every family should have so efficient a remedy as the Pain Killer.—[illegible]

Our own experience is that a bottle of Pain Killer is the best physician a traveler can have.—*Hamilton Spectator.*

For both internal and external application have found it of great value.—[illegible]

A medicine no family should be without.—*Montreal Transcript.*

Could hardly keep house without it.—[illegible]

Should be kept in every house in readiness for sudden attacks of sickness.—[illegible]

No article ever obtained such unbounded popularity.—*Salem Observer.*

One of the most reliable specifics of the age.—*Old North State.*

Its power is wonderful and unequalled in relieving the most severe pain.—[illegible]

An indispensable article in the medicine chest.—*N. Y. Examiner.*

It will recommend itself to all who use it.—[illegible]

[illegible]

Its most valuable medicine known to us.—[illegible]

It is really a valuable medicine and used by many physicians.—[illegible]

We always keep it where we can put our hands on it in the dark.—[illegible]

One of the few medicines just what they are said to be.—[illegible]

[illegible] Pain Killer.—[illegible]

PERRY DAVIS & SON,

MANUFACTURERS,
136 HIGH ST., PROVIDENCE, R. I.
136 SYCAMORE ST., CINCINNATI, O.
380 ST. PAUL ST., MONTREAL, CANADA.
17 SOUTHAMPTON ROW, LONDON, ENG.
May 28, 1873. 1m

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN pursuance of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas issuing out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, in Gettysburg, on SATURDAY, the [illegible] day of JUNE next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following Real Estate, viz:

No. 1. A LOT OF GROUND situate in the borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., bounded [illegible] by West street, [illegible] Dr. John [illegible] containing [illegible] having thereon erected a BRICK FORGE BUILDING, with [illegible] engine, boiler, [illegible]. Seized and taken in execution as the property of [illegible].

No. 2. [illegible] interest of A. M. Hunt in a HALF LOT OF GROUND situate in the borough of Gettysburg, bounded on the west by Baltimore street, [illegible] by lot of Hamilton [illegible], having thereon erected a TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, with Brick Back-building, [illegible] Hog Stable, &c. Seized and taken in execution as the Real Estate of [illegible].

—ALSO—

[illegible] A TRACT OF LAND situate in [illegible] township, Adams county, adjoining lands of [illegible] Edward [illegible], Susan [illegible], and others, containing about 12 ACRES, more or less, improved with a [illegible] story [illegible] DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn, [illegible] Hog House, a spring of running water near the house, [illegible] orchard [illegible]. Seized and taken in execution as the Real Estate of [illegible].

—ALSO—

A LOT OF GROUND situate in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of [illegible] and Jacob [illegible], containing [illegible] ACRES, more or less, improved with a two-story [illegible] DWELLING HOUSE, [illegible]. Seized and taken in execution as the Real Estate of [illegible].

—ALSO—

A TRACT OF LAND situate in [illegible] township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Abraham [illegible], Howard [illegible], Isaac Myers and others, containing [illegible] ACRES and [illegible] PERCHES, more or less, improved with a two-story Log DWELLING HOUSE, with [illegible] Brick Building attached, Log Barn, Hog Stable and other outbuildings, a well of water with pump in it, [illegible] Apple Orchard and other fruit trees. Also, about two acres of Woodland. Seized and taken in execution as the Real Estate of [illegible].

—ALSO—

A TRACT OF LAND situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of [illegible] Patterson, Heirs of Alexander [illegible], Michael Bushman, and others, containing [illegible] ACRES more or less, improved with a two-story Log DWELLING HOUSE, with a one-story Log Shop attached, Log Barn with Sheds attached, Hog Stable, Corn Crib and other outbuildings, Apple Orchard and other choice fruit trees, a spring of running water near the Dwelling. Also, [illegible] acres [illegible]. Seized and taken in execution as the Real Estate of [illegible].

—ALSO—

A LOT OF GROUND situate in Mountjoy township, Adams county, Pa., bounded on the north by lot of [illegible], on the south by the [illegible] road, and on the west by the [illegible] road, improved with a two-story Frame Weatherboarded DWELLING HOUSE, Brick Wash House, [illegible] Shop, Frame Barn, two wells of water with pump in them near the door. Seized and taken in execution as the Real Estate of [illegible] and JACOB SHRIVER, firm of [illegible].

—ALSO—

A TRACT OF LAND situate in Hamiltonban township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Abraham [illegible], William B. [illegible], Isaac Snell, and others, containing 7 ACRES and 119 PERCHES, improved with a two-story DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn, Hog Stable, stone Spring House, and a Spring of running water near the house, [illegible] Apple and Peach [illegible], [illegible] acres of Woodland and a portion of meadow. Seized and taken in execution as the Real Estate of R. W. [illegible] and [illegible].

JAMES BUSHMAN [illegible], Sheriff.

Ten per cent of the purchase money upon all sales by the Sheriff must be paid over immediately after the property is struck down, or upon failure to comply therewith the property will be again put up for sale.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Gettysburg, May 2[illegible], 1873. ts

THE GRAND GIFT ENTERPRISE!

New Oxford, Pa.

TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR.

DISTRIBUTION ON 20TH OF JUNE, 1873.

One Gift of a good Two story Frame House and Frame Stable, with never failing well of water near the door, in New Oxford, Adams county, Pa.,	$2,000
One gift of a Building Lot adjoining the [illegible] on the York & Gettysburg Turnpike near the Railroad	600
One gift of [illegible] of Land near town	400
One gift of [illegible] Acres of Land, adjoining the above	50
One Gift of one fine Horse	150
One gift of one fine Gold Watch	100
One gift of one Gold Watch	60
One gift of a Home Shuttle Sewing Machine	40
One gift to	30
One gift of an American Lever Watch	30
One gift of one Patent Lever Watch	30
One gift of a [illegible] Wagon	30
One gift of a new set of Harness	30
One gift of a Silver Watch	[illegible]
One gift of a Cashmere Dress Pattern	15
One gift of a fine Cloth Coat Pattern	15
One gift of a Lapine Watch	10
One gift of one good Riding Bridle	[illegible]
Two gifts of two Riding Bridles, $2 each	[illegible]
Fifty gifts of Two Dollars each	100
Fifty gifts of One Dollar each	50
One Hundred gifts of Fifty Cents each	50

[illegible]

Last Chance!—Five tickets for $4.00 and ten for $8 and twenty for $16.
May 22, 1873. [illegible]

Register's Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on MONDAY, the 16th day of JUNE, 1873, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

41. The first and final account of George B. Monfort and John F. [illegible], Executors of the last will and testament of Isaac Monfort, late of Straban township, Adams county, deceased.

42. The first and final account of Isaac King, Executor of the last will and testament of Jeremiah [illegible], late of Reading township, Adams county, deceased.

43. The first and final account of John Brinkerhoff and Henry J. Brinkerhoff, Administrators of the estate of David C. Brinkerhoff, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, deceased.

52. The second and final account of Margaret McElwee, now Smith, Administratrix of the estate of James McElwee, late of Huntington township, Adams county, deceased.

53. The first account of Francis Bream and Samuel Meals, Administrators of the estate of Charles Myers, late of Menallen township, Adams county, deceased.

54. The first account of Samuel Meals, Administrator of John [illegible], late of Menallen township, Adams county, deceased.

55. The first and final account of Henry M. Shull and Samuel Shull, Administrators of Jacob Shull, late of Latimore township, deceased.

56. The account of George Slagle and Chas. A. Diehl, Executors of the will of [illegible], late of Oxford township, deceased.

57. The account of Jacob K. [illegible], guardian of Mary Jane Lippy, minor child of Sarah A. Lippy, deceased, daughter of Moses Myers, late of Latimore township, Adams county, deceased.

JACOB C. SCHRIVER, Register.
May 22, 1873. tc

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that WILLIAM NEIL and WIFE, of Latimore twp., Adams county, by deed of voluntary assignment, has conveyed his estate to the undersigned, residing in Reading township, for the benefit of creditors. And as the Assignee purposes converting the property and settling his account as speedily as may be compatible with the interests of the creditors, he desires the creditors to hand in their claims at once, and those who are indebted to said William Neil to make payment immediately.

MICHAEL B. BLAUSER, Assignee.
April 17, 1873. 6w

NewspaperARCHIVE®

GOOD WORDS FOR THE

PAIN-KILLER.

[illegible testimonials]

PERRY DAVIS & SON,

[illegible]

SOUTHAMPTON, ENG. LONDON, ENG.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

[illegible]

THE GRAND

GIFT ENTERPRISE!

New Oxford, Pa.

TICKETS ONE DOLLAR.

DISTRIBUTION ON 20TH OF JUNE '18

[illegible list of gifts]

Register's Notices

[illegible]

JACOB C. SCHRIVER, Register.

Assignee's Notice

NOTICE is hereby given that WILLIAM [illegible] ... of Adams County, by deed of voluntary assignment, [illegible] ... to the undersigned, residing in [illegible] township, for the benefit of creditors. And as the Assignee purposes converting the property and settling his account as speedily as may be compatible with the interests of the creditors, he desires the creditors to hand in their claims at once, and those who are indebted to William [illegible] to make payment immediately.

MICHAEL B. BLAUSER, Assignee.

April 17, 1873. 6w

Gettysburg Compiler.

RAILROAD HISTORY.—Joseph S. Gitt, Esq., contributes the following to the Hanover Spectator:

Gettysburg Railroad.—I commenced the survey of Gettysburg on the 8th day of November, 1855, and ran about 40 miles of preliminary lines. Soon after the completion of the preliminary surveys I commenced the location of a part of the line.

The Board of Directors of the Gettysburg Railroad contracted with Messrs. Irwin & Taylor for the construction of the road from Gettysburg to Hanover via New Oxford.

The amount of stock subscribed was $[illegible] and Irwin & Taylor agreed to do the grading and bridging of the road for which the Company paid $105,000: $85,000 in cash and $20,000 in stock.

The second contract covered the laying of the entire superstructure, including cross ties, iron, switches, turnouts, &c. For this the Company paid $[illegible], the contractors agreeing to take one half of this amount in 7 per ct. bonds of the company at a discount of 25 per cent.

The contractors let the grading and bridging of sections 1, 2 and 3 (commencing at Hanover) to Cyrus Diller, of that place, who immediately commenced work.

January 1, 1858, the first train with passengers passed over the Gettysburg Railroad from Hanover to New Oxford, and the [illegible] of the same month was the day on which the Gettysburg Railroad was formally opened from Hanover to New Oxford, the distance being six miles. The cars commenced running regular trips to this point, and the business on this part of the road exceeded the calculations of its most sanguine friends and projectors. In March the work of track-laying was recommenced at New Oxford and vigorously prosecuted to completion, to Gettysburg.

Thursday, December 16, 1858, was set apart to signalize the opening of the Gettysburg Railroad. It was a day above all days to that town and region, and no doubt the celebration of that day will remain impressed upon the public memory so long as the Gettysburg Railroad shall continue a blessing to the people—and that will be throughout all time."

Littlestown Railroad.—On Friday, the 2nd of Nov., 1855, I commenced the preliminary survey of the Littlestown Railroad. Mr. Charles McFadden received the contract to build the road seven miles in length from Hanover to Littlestown.

The event of commencing the Littlestown railroad and celebrating Independence Day came off in a way well calculated to satisfy all that were there. The turnout was large, bands were present, and the Procession formed at the Public Square at 11 o'clock, and proceeded a little distance out of town on the Emmitsburg road opposite the residence of Hon. Wm. McSherry, the then enterprising President of the Littlestown Railroad, where in compliment to that efficient officer and his family good music was discoursed. The procession then returned to the Public Square and proceeded to the Railroad office, where the ceremony of commencing the road was performed by shoveling dirt into a one horse wagon driven by quite a youth. Speeches were made, after which the procession then proceeded to a beautiful grove near by where a table with [illegible] was [illegible] up a little beyond which were [illegible] tables without number waiting to be relieved of their heavy burdens. After organization and some remarks by Mr. McSherry, he read the Declaration of Independence and then said we should have some speeches—all this was done.

The celebration of the completion of the Littlestown Railroad took place just one year after the breaking of ground. It attracted quite a crowd of persons to that place from the surrounding country.

A TUNNEL THROUGH THE ALLEGHANIES.—Senators Casserly and Bayard, of the Senate sub-committee on transportation, on their recent tour over the projected line of the Virginia Kanawha canal from the James river to the Ohio, examined into the feasibility of a tunnel a mile long through the Alleghanies. They were assured by a competent engineer that it could be completed in four years with the requisite appropriations by Congress.

THE FASTEST HALF MILE EVER TROTTED.—On Monday morning week Mr. Bonner's mare Pocahontas trotted half a mile at Fleetwood Park in the extraordinary time of 1:01. This is the fastest half mile ever trotted. Dexter and Startle have both trotted in 1:01, but Pocahontas has beaten that time by one quarter of a second. She was driven publicly by John Murphy, to sulkey, in presence of a number of spectators, and timed by Mr. Galbraith, Mr. Bonner and Mr. Van Cott, the superintendent of the park.

If a miss is as good as a mile, how much better is a Mrs.?

MARRIED

On the 2[illegible] inst., by the Rev. Jacob Stehler, Mr. WM. J. [illegible], of Union township, to Miss MARY [illegible], of West Manheim township, York county.

On the 6th inst., by Wm. B. Meals, Esq., Mr. HARRY [illegible] to Miss [illegible], both of [illegible] this county.

DIED

Obituary notices over four lines are charged at the rate of [illegible].

[illegible death notices]

On Saturday morning last, on Seminary Ridge, Miss MARY THOMPSON, at an advanced age.

[illegible]

County Treasurer.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—[illegible] ... WM. E. CULP.

Gettysburg, May 8, 1873.

County Treasurer.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—[illegible] ... WM. L. MYERS.

Gettysburg, May 28, 1873.

County Treasurer.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—[illegible] ... SAMUEL K. FOULK.

Gettysburg, May 28, 1873.

County Treasurer.

At the solicitation of many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office faithfully to the best of my ability.

WM. K. GALLAGHER.

Gettysburg, May 22, 1873.

County Treasurer.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—I again offer myself as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.—Should I be nominated and elected I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office faithfully and to the best of my ability.

CHARLES ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, May 29, 1873.

MARKET REPORTS.

GETTYSBURG.

Flour	7 50
Rye Flour	4 50
Red Wheat	1 70
Corn	75
Rye	70
Oats	47
Hay	10 00 @ 11 00
Flaxseed	1 50
Timothy seed	3 00
Clover seed	1 50
Buckwheat	60

BALTIMORE.

Flour	8 00 @ 9 50
Wheat	1 [illegible] @ 2 25
Rye	90 @ 1 00
Corn	60 @ 73
Oats	44 @ 52
Hogs (hund)	6 00 @ 6 75
Beef Cattle (hund)	7 00 @ 11 25
Hay	10 00 @ 37 00

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Closing Prices of De Haven & Bro., 40 South 3rd St., Philadelphia.

New U. S. 5s of 1881,	115½	115¾
U. S. 6s of '81	12[illegible]	122[illegible]
" " '62	11[illegible]	117
" " '64	118½	118
" " '65	120½	120
" " '65, new	119½	119½
" " '67	121½	121½
" " '68	120½	120½
" 5s 10-40s	11[illegible]	11[illegible]
U. S. 30 Year 6 per cent Cy	115½	116
Gold	118½	118½
Silver	110	112
Union Pacific R. R. 1st M. Bonds	8[illegible]	87
Central Pacific R. R.	10[illegible]	103
Union Pacific Land Grant Bonds	7[illegible]	71½

Fourth of July.

GRAND TOURNAMENT!

WILL COME OFF ON THE

Fair Grounds,

IN GETTYSBURG

ON THE FOURTH OF JULY 1873.

The Knights in Costume will enter the lists at 11 M. to enter for the honor of

CROWNING THE QUEEN

of Love and Beauty, and first and second Maids of Honor [illegible]. [illegible] Knights from different points have already been invited to be present, and the array on this occasion will be one of more than ordinary splendor. [illegible] Music have been engaged for the day and night.

Comfortable Seats

will be provided. [illegible]

Knights wishing to enter the contest are requested to send their names with knightly titles and style of costume at least a week in advance to the Committee of Arrangements. [illegible]

The Address on the Crowning of the Queen will be delivered by [illegible].

GRAND BALL

In the Hall in the evening will close the [illegible]

[illegible]

May 28, 1873. [illegible]

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of [illegible], issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, on SATURDAY, the 14th of JUNE, 1873, at 1 o'clock, P. M., at the Court House in the Borough of Gettysburg, the following Real Estate, viz:

No. 1. A TRACT OF LAND situate in [illegible] township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining [illegible] ... containing [illegible] ACRES, more or less, improved with a two story [illegible] DWELLING HOUSE, [illegible] ... Bank Barn, [illegible] ... with fruit trees.

No. 2. A TRACT OF LAND in same township [illegible]. Seized and taken in execution as the Real Estate of [illegible].

JAMES HERSH, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, [illegible]

May 28, 1873. ts

For Sale or Rent.

THE undersigned offers for Sale or Rent the HOTEL PROPERTY [illegible] ... Gettysburg. The house is a new two story Brick, with Basement, and two story Brick back building. The Stable is also new. There is a well of excellent water on the premises. The property is well calculated for a hotel or business stand and should command the attention of buyers. Apply to

JACOB STOCK.

May 28, 1873. 1m

PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY, JUNE 14, 1873, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of JOHN PATTERSON, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, at the late residence of said dec'd, in Hamilton township, Adams county, near [illegible] Mill, the following described property, to wit:

TWO GOOD WORK HORSES, 3 head of Good Cows, 1 Four horse Broad tread Wagon, 1 Two horse Wagon, 1 Buggy, Wagon, 2 sets Hay Carriages, 1 Thrashing Machine, Corn Sheller, Corn Fodder Cutter, Hay Fork, Rakes and Forks, Harrows, Cultivators, Ploughs, Shovel Ploughs, Corn Forks, Grain Cradles, Cutting Box, large lot of Horse Gears and Fly Nets, Halters, Wheelbarrow, Log and Cow Chains, &c. Also a lot of Household and Kitchen Furniture, and other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

PETER WEIBLER,

J. H. [illegible], Clerk. Administrator.

May 28, 1873. ts

PUBLIC SALE

OF GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK STOCK

ON TUESDAY, the 17th day of JUNE next, by virtue of an Order from the Orphans' Court of Frederick county, Md., the subscriber, Executor of the last Will and Testament of MARY KNOX, late of Frederick county, deceased, and also Executor of the last Will and Testament of MARGARET KNOX, late of Frederick county, deceased, will sell at Public Sale in Gettysburg, 17 shares of Stock in the Gettysburg National Bank.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., at the Bank[illegible] House in Gettysburg. Terms cash.

JAMES KNOX, Executor.

JAMES CALDWELL, Auct.

May 28, 1873. ts

PUBLIC SALE.

ON FRIDAY, the 6th day of JUNE next, the undersigned, Executor of DANIEL BECKER, deceased, will sell at Public Sale at the late residence of said decedent in East Berlin, Adams county, the following personal property, viz:

ONE HORSE, 1 Buggy, 1 Spring Wagon, Sleigh, Harness, new Cutting Box, Wheelbarrow, lot of Bags, lot of Chairs, Bedsteads and Bedding, Clock, 2 Stoves, Looking Glasses, Desk, 100 yards of Carpeting, Oil Cloth, Copper Kettle, and Iron Kettles, new Tinware, Knives and Forks, Lard by the pound, Apple Butter by the crock, Bureau, Boxes and other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

F. S. RAMER, Executor.

May 15, 1873. ts

TIMBER & FARM

AT PUBLIC SALE.

I WILL offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of JUNE, 1873,

[illegible] ACRES of CHESTNUT TIMBER LAND in lots to suit purchasers, (or whole if desired) [illegible] part of the Dayw[illegible] Farm, lying in [illegible] township, Adams county, adjoining lands of John Hanky, Christian [illegible], [illegible] and others. The land is heavily timbered with Chestnut, Rock-Oak and Poplar. At the same time and place will be offered the balance of the DAYWALT FARM, containing about 100 ACRES, with a Two-story Dwelling House, Bank Barn and other outbuildings, plenty of water and fruit, &c.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JACOB STOCK.

May 23, 1873. ts

Administratrix's Notice.

SAMUEL J. KNISELY'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Samuel J. Knisely, late of Latimore township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, she hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

AMANDA KNISELY, Administratrix.

May 22, 1873. 6w*

FARM.

THE Farm of ABRAHAM F. BREAM, in Huntington township, Adams county, will be offered for sale after harvest by the Assignees, JACOB B. TROSTLE and CONRAD BREAM. It contains 107 ACRES, has been well limed (twice and three times) and is a desirable property. It adjoins Emanuel Stahle, George Bream, Isaac Trostle, Conrad Bream and others. Persons wishing to view the premises in the meantime are requested to call on Conrad Bream, residing near by, or on the tenant, Amos Kennedy.

May 1, 1873. tf

LIST OF MERCHANTS

WITHIN the county of Adams returned and classified by the undersigned, Appraiser of Mercantile Taxes, in accordance with the several Acts of Assembly, for the year 1873, of Goods, Wares and Merchandise.

GETTYSBURG BOR.

	Class	Dolls. cts.
Fahnestock Bros.	8	[illegible]
Robert A. Bushman	10	[illegible]
Joseph L. Myers	11	7 00
[illegible]	11	7 00
Wm. F. Martin	11	7 00
Will in Burr	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	11	7 00
Lewis Stroupe	11	7 00
Danner & Ziegler	11	[illegible]
John M. Huber	11	7 00
Zinn & Bro.	13	10 00
J. L. Schick	10	[illegible]
George W. Spangler	14	[illegible]
Mrs. [illegible] Spangler	11	7 00
S. G. Cook (Clothing)	11	10 00
S. G. Cook (Stoves)	11	7 00
Boyd & Son	11	7 00
Amos Eckert	11	7 00
William [illegible] King	11	7 00
A. D. Buehler	14	[illegible]
[illegible] & Co.	11	7 00
Hicking & Co.	11	7 00
Sarah [illegible]	11	7 00
Philip Winter	11	7 00
Mary McAllister	11	7 00
Dr. R. Horner	11	7 00
John Grand	11	7 00
A. Scott & Son	11	7 00
John D. Tuck	11	7 00
William B. Mead	11	7 00
Christian Hoffman	11	7 00
Joseph Jacobs	11	7 00
Henry Gitt	11	7 00
Alexander Spangler	9	[illegible]
C. H. Buehler	11	7 00
Jacob Shands	11	7 00
Misses S. P. Horner	11	7 00
S. S. McCreary	11	7 00
T. H. Minnigh	11	7 00
George H. Swope	11	7 00
George Sweitzer	11	7 00
Miss A. Barr	11	7 00
J. M. Warren	11	7 00
Joseph W. Irwin	11	7 00
H. T. Brinkerhoff	11	7 00
Misses [illegible] & Martin	11	7 00
Lewis Kinnerson	11	7 00
J. S. Gillespie	11	7 00
Ellen Warren	11	7 00
Cashman & Overdeer	11	7 00
R. C. Cobean	11	7 00
Henry McDannell	11	7 00
Samuel Herbst	11	7 00
A. R. [illegible]	11	7 00

MOUNTPLEASANT TWP.

Edward Weaver	11	7 00
William McSherry	11	10 00
J. J. Smith & Co.	13	10 00
[illegible] Miller	13	10 00
M. J. Sell	11	7 00
Jacob McMaster	11	7 00
Leo Sheib	11	7 00

MOUNTJOY TWP.

A. [illegible] Son	11	10 00
Sarah Hause	11	[illegible]

TYRONE TWP.

Charles Yeatts	11	10 00
John [illegible]	11	[illegible]

STRABAN TWP.

[illegible entries]

LITTLESTOWN BOR.

[illegible entries]

HUNTINGTON TWP.

[illegible entries]

HAMILTON TWP.

[illegible entries]

MENALLEN TWP.

[illegible entries]

BUTLER TWP.

[illegible entries]

CONOWAGO TWP. / OXFORD TWP.

[illegible entries]

YORK SPRINGS BOR.

Miss Mary A. Jube	14	[illegible]
Mrs. Miller	11	[illegible]
Wolford & Hartman	11	[illegible]
B. W. Ziegler	11	[illegible]
Griest & Bowers	11	[illegible]
J. W. Reitzel	11	[illegible]
J. Chr. & Son	11	[illegible]

BERWICK BOR.

William Davis	11	[illegible]
[illegible]	11	[illegible]
Miss L. R. Mayer	11	[illegible]
H. R. Gitt[illegible]	11	[illegible]

BERWICK TWP.

J. Bittinger	11	[illegible]

READING TWP.

Henry Myers	11	[illegible]
A. S. Myers	11	[illegible]
F. Shoaffer	11	[illegible]
George Baker Assignee	11	[illegible]

UNION TWP.

David Willett	11	[illegible]
A. Bell	11	[illegible]
Jacob Bobitz	11	[illegible]

LIBERTY TWP.

Samuel Martin	11	[illegible]
John Nunnemaker	11	7 00

CUMBERLAND TWP.

H. P. Bigham	11	7 00

HAMILTONBAN TWP.

Wertz & Musselman	13	10 00
Shields & Musselman	13	10 00
[illegible] Musselman	13	10 00
C. H. Hinkle	11	7 00
J. W. Sullivan	11	7 00
Tobias Cauffman	11	7 00

LATIMORE TWP.

Joel Griest	11	7 00
J. J. Shaffer	11	7 00

FREEDOM TWP.

A. Waybright	11	7 00
William Baker	11	7 00

GERMANY TWP.

George H. Kline[illegible]	11	7 00
William H. Harner	11	7 00

CONOWAGO TWP.

M. Kelly	13	10 00
S. G. Smeltinger	13	10 00

HIGHLAND TWP.

George Clingan	11	7 00

FRANKLIN TWP.

Plank & Sponsler	11	15 00
Solomon Deme	11	7 00
H. L. Bream	13	10 00
Mrs. Mickley & Son	13	10 00
J. J. Lower	13	10 00
John T. Little	11	7 00
Cover & Rattensperger	12	12 50
H. W. Wiltner	11	7 00
M. T. Miller	11	7 00
Mrs. Rollman	11	7 00
Joel Beck	11	7 00
Daniel Hare	11	7 00
Henry Trostle	11	7 00
George Beck	11	7 00
H. A. Weaver	11	7 00
Alice R. Wolf	11	7 00

BREWERS

John Hennig	8	5 00
John F. Bartel	8	5 00

APPEAL.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the above return of classification, that I will hold an appeal in the Commissioners' Office in Gettysburg on THURSDAY, the 22d day of MAY, 1873, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 3 P. M., when and where all persons who may consider themselves aggrieved by said classification may attend.

All the above licenses must be paid on or before the first day of July, 1873.

I. JEFF. MYERS,

Mercantile Appraiser for Adams county.

May 8, 1873. tf

NEW GOODS

All the Latest Styles!

JUST RECEIVED BY

Griest & Bowers,

YORK SPRINGS, Adams county, Pa.

CALL AND SEE THE GREAT BARGAINS OFFERED.

May 22, 1873. tf

PUBLIC SALE

ON SATURDAY, the 31st day of MAY inst., the undersigned will sell at Public Sale at his residence in Arendtsville, the following personal property, viz:

3 HOGS, 2 Bureaus, 2 Tables, 8 Bedsteads and Bedding, 3 sets of Chairs, 1 Stands, 2 Sales, 1 Sink, lot of good Carpeting, Cooking Stove and Fixtures, Parlor Stove and Pipe, Iron Kettle, 2 small Kettles, lot of Looking Glasses, Queensware, Crockery-ware, Tinware, together with many other articles not herein mentioned.

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

TOBIAS R. COVER.

May 2[illegible]. ts

GET your JOB PRINTING done at the COMPILER OFFICE, Gettysburg.

NEW GOODS

AT

Great Inducements for Cash

AT THE

CHEAP STORE

OF

Wolford & Hartman

IN

YORK SPRINGS, Adams county, Pa.

May 8, 1873. tf

FAHNESTOCK BRO'S.

SPRING AND SUMMER

GOODS.

Largest and Cheapest Stock in the County,

JUST OPENED.

Gettysburg, May 1, 1873. tf

At Private Sale.

THE undersigned offers at private sale the property he now occupies, situate on the Chambersburg turnpike, the 6 miles from Gettysburg. The lot contains 2 ACRES, well limed, and the House is a new two story frame, weatherboarded, very comfortable, and nicely situated. Also a Stable, Hog Pen, plenty of choice fruit, &c. Terms easy. Apply on the premises to

WILLIAM MELHORN, JR.

April 10, 1873. 3m

FOR SALE

At Gingell's Mill.

A LARGE LOT OF

Ash, Hickory, Walnut, Poplar and Oak Plank

BOARDS & SCANTLING.

Mr. Gingell at the Mill is authorized to sell.

GEO. ARNOLD.

May 1, 1873. tf

THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF

GETTYSBURG,

Pays Special Deposits

ON CALL, AND WITHOUT NOTICE,

and continues to pay its usual rate of interest according to time as follows:

3 months 3 per cent. per annum.

6 " 4 " "

12 " & up 5 "

and pays interest for any length of time it may be left in—

and always keeps its funds at home for the accommodation of its customers and especially its

DEPOSITORS.

Has Correspondents in all the large Cities, and all the advantages that any Bank can have in making

Collections,

both at home and abroad. Also

In Buying and Selling

ALL MARKETABLE SECURITIES

AT BEST MARKET PRICE.

BUYS GOLD AND SILVER, COUPONS, &C., &C.,

and does all business pertaining to a well regulated Bank.

The business of this Bank has gradually been on the increase ever since its organization, and hopes from a judicious and economical management of its affairs to continue to merit the confidence and patronage of the people.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Apr. 10, 1873. tf

E. G. LOUGH'S

Marble Works,

EMMITSBURG, MD.

Monuments, Tombstones, &c., put up in the finest styles, and at lowest prices. GIVE HIM A CALL.

May 1, 1873. 9m

Executor's Notice.

DANIEL BECKER'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Daniel Becker, late of Hamilton township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the Borough of Gettysburg, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

FRANKLIN S. RAMER, Executor.

May 8, 1873. 6t

New Advertisements.

[DAUCHY & CO.]

AGENTS wanted for the new and startling book "The DEVIL in History," by the author of "God in History." Illustrated by Doré and Nast. Endorsed by eminent divines. L. D. TREAT, Pub. 805 Broadway, New York.

WORKING CLASS MALE OR FEMALE, $30 a week guaranteed. Respectable employment at home, day or evening; no capital required; full instructions and valuable package of goods sent free by mail. Address, with six cent return stamp, M. YOUNG & CO., 173 Greenwich St., New York.

30th Thousand in Press. Sale increasing. 2,000 more LIVE AGENTS WANTED for our

LIVINGSTONE 28 YEARS IN AFRICA

over 600 pages, only $2.50. Incomplete and inferior works are offered, look out for them. Send for circulars and see proof of the greatest success of the season. Pocket Companion worth $10 mailed free. HUBBARD BROS., Pubs. 723 Sansom St., Phila.

DOMESTIC.

The Light Running

SEWING MACHINE

IS THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

Agents wanted. Send for circular. Address "Domestic" S. Machine Co., N. Y.

7 TO 12 PER CENT.

We make a Specialty of County, City, and School District Bonds. Guarantee legality of all bonds sold. Collect the coupons without charge, or take them same as so much cash on sales. Send for price list.

THE LAW OF MUNICIPAL BONDS

just published by our senior, should be in the hands of all interested in this class of securities. Two Volumes, price $10. W. N. COLER & CO., 17 Nassau street, New York.

NEVER

Neglect a Cough. Nothing is more certain to lay the foundation for future evil consequences.

WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS

are a sure cure for all diseases of the Respiratory Organs, Sore Throat, Colds, Croup, Diphtheria, Asthma, Catarrh, Hoarseness, Dryness of the Throat, Windpipe or Bronchial Tubes, and all diseases of the Lungs.

In all cases of sudden cold, however taken, these TABLETS should be promptly and freely used. They equalize the circulation of the blood, mitigate the severity of the attack, and will in a very short time, restore healthy action to the affected organs.

Wells' Carbolic Tablets are put up in blue boxes. Take no substitutes. If they can't be found at your druggist's, send at once to the Agent in New York, who will forward them by return mail.

Don't be deceived by imitations.

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., New York, Sole Agent for United States.

Price 25 cents a box. Send for Circular.

12,000,000 ACRES!

Cheap Farms.

The Cheapest Land in Market, for sale by the UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

In the Great Platte Valley.

3,000,000 Acres in Central Nebraska, now for sale in tracts of forty acres and upwards on FIVE and TEN YEARS' credit at 6 per cent. No advance interest required.

Mild and healthful climate, fertile soil, an abundance of good water.

The best market in the West! The great mining regions of Wyoming, Colorado, Utah and Nevada being supplied by the farmers in the Platte Valley.

SOLDIERS ENTITLED to a HOMESTEAD of 160 ACRES

THE BEST LOCATIONS FOR COLONIES.

Free homes for all! Millions of Acres of choice Government lands open for entry under the Homestead Law, near this great Railroad, with good markets and all the conveniences of an old settled country.

Free passes to purchasers of Railroad land.

Sectional Maps, showing the land, also new edition of Descriptive Pamphlet with new Maps, mailed free everywhere. Address

O. F. DAVIS,

Land Commissioner U. P. R. R.,

Omaha, Nebraska.

WANTED AGENTS for the great [illegible] OUR DIGESTION or

MY JOLLY FRIEND'S SECRET.

By Dio Lewis' new work [illegible] ... Address GEO. MACLEAN, Publisher, Philadelphia.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE

UNDEVELOPED WEST

OR

FIVE YEARS in the TERRITORIES

By J. H. BEADLE,

Western Correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial. The only complete history of that vast region between the Mississippi and the Pacific. Its Resources, Climate, Inhabitants, Natural Curiosities, etc., with life and adventure on Prairies, Mountains and the Pacific Coast. Mr. Beadle has spent five years traveling in the new States and Territories and knows more about their Resources than any other writer. The book is illustrated with over 250 fine engravings of the Scenery, Cities, Lands, Mines, People and Curiosities of the Great West, and is the best and fastest selling book ever published. Send for specimen pages and circular with terms. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

JURUBEBA,

The Great South American

BLOOD PURIFIER,

is unequalled by any known remedy. It will eradicate, extirpate and thoroughly destroy all poisonous substances in the Blood and will effectually dispel all predisposition to bilious derangement.

IS THERE WANT OF ACTION IN YOUR LIVER AND SPLEEN? Unless relieved at once, the blood becomes impure by deleterious secretions, producing scrofulous or skin diseases, Blotches, Felons, Pustules, Canker, Pimples, &c., &c.

HAVE YOU A DYSPEPTIC STOMACH? Unless digestion is promptly aided the system is debilitated with loss of vital force, poverty of the Blood, Dropsical Tendency, General Weakness or Lassitude.

HAVE YOU WEAKNESS OF THE INTESTINES? You are in danger of Chronic Diarrhoea or the dreadful Inflammation of the Bowels.

HAVE YOU WEAKNESS OF THE UTERINE OR URINARY ORGANS? You are exposed to suffering in its most aggravated form.

ARE YOU DEJECTED, drowsy, dull, sluggish or depressed in spirits, with headache, back ache, coated tongue and bad tasting mouth?

For a certain remedy for all of these diseases, weaknesses and troubles, for cleansing and purifying the vitiated blood and imparting vigor to all the vital forces, for building up and restoring the weakened constitution USE

JURUBEBA,

which is pronounced by the leading medical authorities of London and Paris "the most powerful tonic and alterative known to the medical world." This is no new and untried discovery but has been long used by the leading physicians of other countries with wonderful remedial results.

DON'T WEAKEN AND IMPAIR the digestive organs by cathartics and physics, they give only temporary relief. Indigestion, flatulency and dyspepsia with piles and kindred diseases are sure to follow their use.

Keep the blood pure and health is assured.

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., N. Y.,

Sole Agent for the United States.

Price One Dollar per bottle. Send for Circular.

$50,000 for $2!!!

GRAND GIFT CONCERT

OF THE MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION

OF THE CITY OF LEAVENWORTH, KAN.

In accordance with an act of the Legislature and their Articles of Incorporation, the Board of Directors announce their first Grand Gift Concert and Distribution by lot, among the ticket holders of,

$112,575 IN CASH,

at Laing's Hall, Leavenworth, on the 25th day of June, 1873, for the benefit of the Library.

1,093 Cash Gifts, amounting to $112,575.

This enterprise is endorsed by the Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of State, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Treasurer of State, Mayor and Common Council of Leavenworth and all leading business men of the State and the certainty of the distribution and payment of gifts, as advertised, is fully guaranteed.

TICKETS $2 EACH. 3 FOR $5. 6 FOR $10.

Memorandum of Cash Gifts to be distributed June 25th, 1873.

1 Grand Cash Gift	$50,000
1 Grand Cash Gift	10,000
1 Grand Cash Gift	35,000
1 Grand Cash Gift	30,000
1 Grand Cash Gift	25,000
1 Grand Cash Gift	20,000
1 Grand Cash Gift	17,500
1 Grand Cash Gift	15,000
1 Grand Cash Gift	12,500
1 Grand Cash Gift	10,000
1 Grand Cash Gift	8,000
1 Grand Cash Gift	5,000
1 Grand Cash Gift	1,000
1 Grand Cash Gift	2,500

For balance of prizes send for circular.

This concert is under the supervision and direction of the following

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

O. H. Durfee, Merchant; H. L. Newman, Banker; H. D. Rush, Lumber; H. W. Gillett, Merchant; G. F. Prescott, Commercial; J. B. Kitchen, Farmer; W. G. Gould, City Engineer; J. G. Lowe, Capitalist; C. B. Morehead, Merchant; J. L. Weyer, M. D.; J. W. English, Lawyer; C. Moller, Cashier Ger. B. B.; L. T. Carr, Architect.

OFFICERS.

O. H. Durfee, President; H. L. Newman, Vice President; Geo. F. Prescott, Secretary; Carl Moller, Treasurer.

The well known character of the Directors of the Mercantile Library Association and the endorsement presented, is a sufficient guarantee to all absent ticket-holders that their interests will be fully guarded and protected.

All correspondence strictly confidential and any person drawing a prize need not be known unless they so desire.

Tickets drawing prizes will be cashed on sight.

This is the grandest, safest and best enterprise ever presented to the public.

Official lists of winning numbers will be sent to purchasers of tickets immediately after the distribution.

For information and tickets address,

SAMBURG & CO., General Agents,

95 Liberty street, New York.

Tickets sent C. O. D. at our expense.

Agents wanted. Liberal commissions paid.

HENRY WARD BEECHER'S PAPER with the largest circulation in the world, grows wonderfully because it is the best paper, gives subscribers the most beautiful premiums and offers canvassers the most liberal terms. Send for circular. J. B. FORD & CO., New York, Boston, Chicago, or San Francisco.

A GREAT OFFER!

AGENTS—we will pay you $40 per week in cash if you will engage with us AT ONCE. Everything furnished and expenses paid. Address A. COULTER & CO., Charlotte, Mich.

"PSYCHOMANCY, or SOUL CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents, together with a marriage guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, Wedding-Night Shirt, &c. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Publishers, Philadelphia.

A Mechanical Curiosity.

Catchemalive Mouse Trap

Every mouse caught resets the trap for another. Sixty sent by express for $1. Sample by mail, prepaid, 75 cts. For sale by the trade. R. E. DIETZ, Patentee, 54 and 56 Fulton street, New York.

THE [illegible] FIRE!

FIGHTING FIRE!

Agents Wanted for the grandest book of the year, now selling with astonishing rapidity. Tells of the causes of fire, safes, fire proof buildings, conquering fire with water, steam and gas. Insurance—is it safe? Its history, basis, management, how to insure, &c. Vivid accounts of the great fires of history. Agents send for circulars. You will not regret it. Sent free. Address Dustin, Gilman & Co., Hartford, Ct.

CAMPHORINE.

PAIN! PAIN! PAIN!

The great discovery for the relief of pain and a sure and immediate cure for Rheumatism—Chronic and Acute, Sprains, &c. It has a pleasant and refreshing odor and will not grease or stain the most delicate fabric, which makes it a luxury in every family. Price [illegible]. For sale by all druggists. REUBEN HOYT, Prop., [illegible] Greenwich St., New York.

Agents wanted for the new illustrated book,

WILD LIFE in the FAR WEST.

Hy [illegible] with Indians, Trappers, in Mexican wars, &c. Scalping Expedition against Apaches. Full, Graphic and thrilling [illegible] by the Book of the year. Address WILEY, WATERMAN & EATON, Hartford, Ct.

NUMEROUS TESTS HAVE PROVED

N. F. BURNHAM'S NEW TURBINE

WATER WHEEL,

To be the best ever Invented.

PAMPHLET FREE. Address YORK, PA.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE

HOME OF GOD'S PEOPLE.

The grandest and most successful new book out. Acknowledged to be the most [illegible] success of the year—now selling with astonishing rapidity. It contains nearly 200 Magnificent Engravings. [illegible] opportunity for agents to make money. Circulars with full particulars free. Address QUEEN CITY PUBLISHING CO., [illegible].

WE WANT AN AGENT

In this township [illegible] for the new and most selling [illegible] Dr. John Cowan,

THE SCIENCE OF A NEW LIFE.

Recommended and endorsed by prominent ministers, physicians, journals and secular papers. No other book like it published. $40 a week guaranteed. Address COWAN & CO., 139 Eighth St., N. Y.

Wm. H. Tipton & Co's.

EXCELSIOR GALLERIES,

York St., Gettysburg, Pa.

PICTURES of superior [illegible] in every style in the [illegible]:

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS, CARTES VIGNETTES, REMBRANDTS, FORCELAINS, FERROTYPES, GEMS, AMBROTYPES, BON TONS, &c., &c.

Every novelty of merit and of pictures introduced.

Enlarging Copies

from small pictures of deceased or absent friends, in India Ink, and finishing in all water colors or India ink to [illegible].

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE

BATTLEFIELD,

catalogue of which sent on application. Large stock of choice Chromos, Oil Paintings, Frames, Albums, Stereoscopes, Picture Cord, Tassels and Nails, Brackets, Wall Pockets, Basket Chairs, Photograph Marriage Certificates and Family Records, &c. Every Picture must give entire satisfaction before it will be permitted to leave the establishment.

Gettysburg, April 17, 1873. tf

PAINTING!

Buggies, Carriages, &c., &c.

THE undersigned has commenced business on his own hook and is now prepared to do all kinds of

CARRIAGE PAINTING,

in the very best manner and at prices which cannot fail to give satisfaction. His work is done to last and always look well. He has on hand several

New and Second-hand Buggies,

first rate jobs, which he offers at low rates—and will exchange orders for anything in his line with dispatch. REPAIRING, of all kinds of vehicles attended to promptly. A share of public patronage respectfully solicited.

Call at his residence, on West High street or at the Shop in the rear of the lot, on the alley.

J. M. ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, May 1, 1873. tf

NEW SPRING GOODS!

Miss Aggie S. Barr

HAS opened a full assortment of Spring Goods and will continue to receive from the Cities of the latest and most approved styles, during the Spring and Summer season. Her assortment consists of

MILLINERY, FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS, &c., &c.,

Bonnets, Hats, Frames, Flowers, Ribbons, Crapes, Grenadines, Nets, Laces, Gloves, and all goods in her line, which will be sold at the lowest prices, and which cannot fail to please. She invites the Ladies to call and examine her goods on

BALTIMORE STREET, GETTYSBURG, PA., 3 DOORS SOUTH OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

April 17, 1873. 3m

MEATS! MEATS!

F. Rosensteel & Bro.,

AT their Meat Store on Carlisle street, nearly opposite the Passenger Station, are daily offering the

BEST BEEF

to be found in this market, together with VEAL, MUTTON, LAMB and PORK, and Sausage and Pudding in their season—all at the lowest living prices.

They will also keep the best cured

Hams, Shoulders and Sides,

and sell them at their usual small profits.

The public are invited to call, and will be suited without fail.

Farmers having fat stock to dispose of would do well to give the information of the fact to the undersigned.

F. ROSENSTEEL & BRO.

Gettysburg, April 24, 1873. 3m

VALUABLE FARM

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber, having gone into other business and removed, offers his Farm, situated 1½ miles west of Flora Dale, P. O., in Menallen township. It contains 128 ACRES, 30 of which is in thriving timber, the balance is under cultivation. Is well watered, pleasantly located and well stocked with fruits of all kinds. Will be sold at a bargain. For further information apply to Thomas E. Cook, at Flora Dale.

April 24, 1873. 3m

P. W. COOK.

Administrator's Notice.

JOHN PATTERSON'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of John Patterson, late of Hamilton township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

PETER WEIBLER, Administrator.

May 15, 1873. 6t

Executor's Notice.

JAMES NICKLE'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of James Nickel, late of Tyrone township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB C. PITTENTURF, Executor.

May 22, 1873. 6t

Notice to Builders.

THE School Directors of Hamiltonban township will receive Sealed Proposals for Building a NEW SCHOOL HOUSE in said township, until MONDAY, the 2d day of JUNE, 1873. Plans and specifications can be seen by calling on the Secretary of the Board, at Fairfield.

ANTHONY SANDERS, Pres't.

Wm. H. Lowe, Sec'y. May 8, 1873. tt

Charles G. Miller,

AUCTIONEER,

RESIDING in Mountpleasant township, Adams county—Post Office *Granite Hill*—offers his services to the public. Real and personal property sales called. Charges moderate and satisfaction guaranteed.

Dec. 5, 1872. tf

The

Gettysburg

National

Bank

pays

Interest

according

to

time,

on

demand,

without

notice.

J. EMORY BAIR,

Cashier.

1873. 1873. 1873.

CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS!

AT

FRYSINGER & CO'S. CARPET STORE,

CARLISLE, PA.

The only regular Carpet Store in this section of the State.

DOUBLE WIDTH BRUSSELS, ENGLISH TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, DUNDEE BRUSSELS, VIENNA BRUSSELS, HALL CARPETS, HALL CARPETS AND BORDERS,

3 PLY CARPETS, 2 PLY CARPETS, VENITIAN CARPETS, WOOL DUTCH CARPETS, RAG CARPETS, STAIR CARPETS,

and every grade of Carpets manufactured, which we offer at city prices.

OIL CLOTHS, ALL WIDTHS, MATTINGS, RUGS, &C.

Dealing exclusively in Carpets, we offer as large a selection as you can find in City Stores, and we sell all goods at city prices.

Call and see our new style Brussels, just imported. We have also the largest Stock of

WALL PAPERS, WALL PAPERS

in Cumberland Valley.

[March 13 1873.

GETTYSBURG

Spoke & Rim Factory,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

THE undersigned would inform the public that they have gone into the manufacturing of

SPOKES AND RIMS,

of OAK AND HICKORY, for

Buggies, Wagons, Rakes and Drills.

Spokes from 1 inch to 3 inches. Rims from 1 inch square to 4 wide by 2 deep. Also Axe, Mattock, Pick and Hammer Handles of all kinds. Send for price list.

BLOCHER & TROSTLE.

May 1, 1873. tf

1873.

Ribbons, Millinery & Straw Goods,

ALSO

White Goods, Embroideries, &c.

Armstrong, Cator & Co.

Importers, Manufacturers and Jobbers

Bonnet Trimming, Neck and Sash Ribbons

VELVET RIBBONS, NECK TIES,

BONNET SILKS, SATINS, VELVETS & CRAPES,

FLOWERS, FEATHERS, ORNAMENTS, FRAMES, &C.

Straw Bonnets and Ladies' and Childrens' Hats,

TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED.

And in connecting Ware rooms

White Goods, Linens, Embroideries,

Laces, Nets, Collars, Setts, Handkerchiefs, Veiling, Head Nets, &c., &c.

Nos. 237 and 239 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md.

These goods are manufactured by us or bought for Cash directly from the European and American Manufacturers, embracing all the latest novelties, unequalled in variety and cheapness in any market.

Orders filled with care, promptness and dispatch.

March 27, 1873. 3m*

Wilmington and Reading Railroad

Seven Per Cent. Bonds,

FREE OF TAXES.

WE ARE OFFERING THE SECOND Mortgage Bonds of this Company at 85 and accrued interest. Interest payable January and July. The Bonds are in 1000s, 500s and 100s, and can be registered free of expense.

The coal, miscellaneous freight and passenger business are constantly increasing.

The increase for year ending November 1, 1872, over year ending November 1, 1871	$[illegible]
The increase for year ending November 1, 1871, over year ending November 1, 1870,	$[illegible] 22
Increase in two years	$151 074 50
Increase for first four (4) months 1873, over first (4) months 1872,	$17 601 10

Bonds, pamphlets, maps and full information can be obtained of

DE HAVEN & BRO.,

10 South Third Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

April 17, 1873. 1y

Gettysburg Building Association.

THE annual meeting of the Stockholders of the GETTYSBURG BUILDING ASSOCIATION will be held in the Court Room, Gettysburg, on SATURDAY, the 31 day of MAY inst., at 8 o'clock, P. M., at which time the election of officers for the ensuing year will be held. A full attendance of the members is requested.

By a provision of the charter a fine of 25 cents is imposed for non attendance, unless excused through sickness or other unavoidable cause.

By order of the Directory,

E. G. FAHNESTOCK, Pres't.

Attest—JNO. F. MCCREARY, Sec'y.

May 1, 1873. tm

U. A. Lough's

MARBLE WORKS,

New Oxford, Adams Co., Pa.

Monuments, Tomb Stones, &c., put up in best styles. All work warranted, and prices lower than any where else.

April 3, 1873. 3m*

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR

AMERICAN

BONELESS

SARDINES.

They have received a Diploma for their merit wherever exhibited. Pronounced by all the cheapest luxury of the age, valuable, and almost necessary to the table, to travelers at Pic-nics. Packed in the best Olive oil of our own importation, in tin boxes finished the same as the imported, and are sold at less than half the cost of French Sardines. Their delicious flavor and nutritious qualities recommend them to all classes. Sold by all first class grocers. Wholesale by

THE AMERICAN SARDINE CO.,

Apr 24. 31 Broad Street, N. Y.

JOHN LENHART,

Justice of the Peace,

NEW OXFORD, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.

COLLECTIONS made promptly, and SCRIVENING done cheaply.

May 15, 1873. 3m*

Executor's Notice.

HANNAH MARY McCLEAN'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Hannah Mary McClean, late of Gettysburg, Adams co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same place, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WILLIAM McCLEAN, Executor.

May 8, 1873. 6t

From $300 to $600!

REALIZED from horses bred from the English Draught-Horse

"CLYDESDALE,"

to be found during the season, on Mondays and Tuesdays at the stable of Howard Becker in York Springs; on Wednesday at the stable of David Bricker, near Centre Mills; and on Friday and Saturday at the stable of F. B. Ramer, in Gettysburg.

WM. WIBLE, Owner.

April 1[illegible], 1873. 6w

Jesse D. Keller,

COUNTY SURVEYOR,

Post Office, Hanover, York county, Penn'a.

Surveys made in any part of this and adjacent counties.

Dec. 3, 1869. tf

Instantaneous Relief and Sound, Refreshing Sleep Guaranteed by using my

INSTANT RELIEF FOR THE ASTHMA

It acts instantly, relieving the paroxysm immediately, and enabling the patient to lie down and sleep. I suffered from this disease twelve years, but suffer no more, and work and sleep as well as any one. Warranted to relieve in the worst case. Sent by mail on receipt of price, one dollar per box. Ask your Druggist for it. CHAS. B. HURST, Rochester, Beaver Co., Pa. [April 3, 1873. 1y

Spring and Summer

MILLINERY.

Miss Sallie P. Horner

HAS returned from the cities of Baltimore and Philadelphia, with a full stock of

Millinery and Fancy Goods,

of the latest and most approved styles, which will be sold at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction to all, and invites Ladies to call and examine her assortment at the well known Business Place of Miss McCreary.

Chambersburg street, opposite Buehler's Book Store,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

April 17, 1873. 3m

GROCERIES,

Liquors, Provisions, Notions, &c., &c., &c.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he now occupies the old stand of G. F. Kalbfleisch, on

BALTIMORE STREET,

next door to the Post Office and nearly opposite the Court House, GETTYSBURG, and has just returned from the city with a full stock of

Groceries and Liquors,

which he will sell very cheap for cash. He will constantly have on hand

THE BEST FLOUR

the county can produce, with CORN and BUCKWHEAT MEAL, also Corn and Cats, either in the grain or ground, the best MOUNTAIN POTATOES, APPLES and other fruits whenever they are to be had, with VEGETABLES in their proper season. He is also making arrangements with good butter makers to furnish him for sale with a constant supply of

Sweet Fresh Butter.

His Liquors cannot fail to please, as they are pure and in sufficient variety.

The undersigned is determined to do his best to please and accommodate his customers, hoping thereby to receive a reasonable share of the public patronage.

All goods will be cheerfully delivered in the town or suburbs. JOSEPH T. LIVERS.

April 10, 1873. tf

ICE CREAM SALOON.

JOHN GRUEL,

CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG,

next door to Eagle Hotel.

Has always on hand a large assortment of all kinds of

CONFECTIONERY,

made of the best materials with Fruits, Almonds, Raisins, Figs, Cakes, &c.

Ice Cream.

served to customers, and orders for Families or Parties promptly filled. Having special accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen and determined to please, he invites his friends to give him a call.

April 17, 1873. tf

LEATHER STORE!

Shoemakers' and Saddlers' Findings.

THE undersigned continues to deal in Leather and Findings at his Store on BALTIMORE STREET, GETTYSBURG, a few doors south of the Court house, and offers a choice variety of goods in his line.

Sole Leather.

of the different grades. Harness Leather, Upper, Kip, and Calfskins, French and Domestic Morrocco, Sheepskins, Linings, Belting, &c., always to be found, with PEGS of every size, SPARROW BILLS, Iron, steel and copper, different sizes, Wax, Lasts, Inks, Varnishes, all the best Threads, Shoemakers' and Saddlers' Tools generally. The stock is kept full by frequent purchases, and as everything is bought for cash he sells at shortest profits possible FOR CASH. All persons throughout the county needing anything in his line will find it to their advantage to give him a call.

The highest prices in cash paid for GREEN HIDES, either at the Store or at the Tannery (formerly Winebrenner's.)

HENRY J. BRINKERHOFF.

April 3, 1872. tf

Agricultural Machinery

AND EDGE TOOLS.

D. BLOCHER,

A SHORT mile north of Gettysburg, on the Hendersville road, would inform parties having

Machinery to Repair,

that he is prepared to do all kinds of work in this line—such as repairing

REAPERS, MOWERS, & SEPARATORS,

will dress guards, and do all kinds of turning and boxing, keeps constantly on hand sections and rivets for the Dodge & Stevenson Ball Ohio, Moul, Berlin Buckeye Russel and Hubbard machines and will furnish them for any other, as well as extras for all machines when ordered. Repairs warranted to give satisfaction.

P. S.—Special attention given to the manufacturing and dressing of MILL PICKS AND EDGE TOOLS.

March 27, 1873. 3m

Fairview Cemetery at Arendtsville,

ON RICE'S HILL

THE Trustees for the present year are DANIEL WALTER, President. CLAYTON S. RICE, Secretary. GEORGE SCHLOSSER, Treasurer. ISAAC BYERS. JOHN SCHLOSSER.

For information apply to either MICHAEL RICE or SAMUEL STEINOUR, living close by. The Trustees have sold 85 lots. A number of bodies have been already transferred from grave yards. The Cemetery is now enclosed with paling-fence and over 70 ornamental trees planted. Improvements are still being made, and the cost will be over $900. The Cemetery is finely located, giving a view of the country for miles around.

The Trustees meet the second Saturday in every month. May 8, 1873. 3m*

A RARE CHANCE!

Ready Made Clothing Store

FOR SALE.

THE firm of PICKING & CO., being dissolved by the death of FRANKLIN B. PICKING, and the surviving partner wishing to withdraw from active business, the ENTIRE STOCK OF GOODS, with good will, &c., will be sold at private sale on reasonable terms. The Goods consisting of Ready-made Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, and articles usually kept in a Gentlemen's Furnishing Store, are all of recent purchase, in good order, and adapted to this market. A rare chance is here offered to any person wishing to enter into a lucrative business. Address the undersigned, at Gettysburg, Pa.

JOHN PICKING.

March 27, 1873. tf

SCHOOL FURNITURE

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers at private sale at his residence, near Hendersville, Adams county, FOURTEEN UHLINGER'S PATENT IRON-FRAME SCHOOL DESKS, (double,) 2 large BLACK BOARDS, and one of medium size, also 5 large MAPS on rollers, and a number of SCHOOL BOOKS, such as are now in general use. The Black Boards and Desks have been in use but a short time and are as good as new. All will be sold low. For further particulars, call on or address

C. J. TYSON,

Floradale, Adams county, Pa.

March 20, 1873. tf

Seeds, Plants, Trees,—prepaid by Mail,

MY new priced descriptive Catalogue of choice Flower and Garden Seeds, 25 sorts of either for $1; new and choice varieties of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Evergreens, Roses, Grapes, Lilies, Small Fruits, House and Border Plants and Bulbs, one year grafted Fruit Trees for mailing, Fruit Stocks of all kinds, Hedge Plants, &c., the most complete assortment in the country, will be sent gratis to any plain address, with P. O. box. True Cape Cod Cranberry for upland or lowland, $6 per 1,000; $1 per 100, prepaid by mail. Trade List to dealers. Seeds on Commission. Agents wanted.

B. M. WATSON, Old Colony Nurseries and Seed Warehouse, Plymouth, Mass. Established 1842. [March 6. 3m

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Gettysburg Compiler,

WEDNESDAY, MAY 28, 1873.

THE FARMER.

CORN IN HILLS AND DRILLS.

At the Michigan Agricultural College, in 18[illegible]8, two plots of land were set apart, substantially equal in character of soil, each measuring forty-eight rods in width. The ground was plowed May 5, and manure was spread evenly and worked by a cultivator and harrow. Yellow Dent corn was planted May 21, in rows four feet apart; one of the plots being planted in hills, and the other in drills. The plots were cultivated and hoed June 15, and again July 7; the plants being thinned so as to leave the same number of stalks on each plot, including the equal distribution of plants throughout the subdivision of the plots. As near as possible each of the two plots received the same labor and cultivation. The stalks were cut September 17, and stacked in good order; three weeks afterward the corn was husked and weighed. The stalks were then again carefully stacked, and hauled and weighed, in good condition, October 12. The corn on the portion planted in hills was better in quality than on that planted in drills. But the drilled portion produced seventy-four and one-sixth bushels of shelled corn, and three tons of stalks to the acre, against sixty-five and one-half bushels of shelled corn, and two and two-thirds tons of stalks per acre produced by the portion in hills.—*Rural World.*

HEN MANURE.—Vindex, Long Island, has ten barrels of hen manure, and now the question occurs, "What will I do with it?" Poor man! we are sorry for you; head up the barrels tight and pay the freight to our place and it won't trouble you any more. When it arrives, we shall mix it with two or three times its bulk of the dryest earth at hand, shovel it over and mix thoroughly, and put it in a heap, with a few inches of earth over that. If it does not heat in a few days, we shall make the heap over, and wet as we go, and cover the new heap with earth. If any ammonia escapes, put more earth on the heap. It will soon disappear as hen manure and be incorporated with the earth, and we shan't buy any guano this year. We shall use it for corn and other quick-growing crops, top-dress cabbages, and anything else for which we would use guano. As it is very strong, it will not do to put it in direct contact with the seed. If he chooses to take the trouble, Vindex can do this himself, but we should be glad to do it for him.—*Agriculturist.*

SWARMING BEES.—A bee-keeper gives the following plan to prevent a swarm of bees from getting far away from the hive, with the statement that after ten years experience he has never known it to fail once: As soon as they show the first symtoms of swarming, stop up most of the outlets of the hive so as to force them to be a considerable time coming out. The swarm being made up in part of young bees, many of whom cannot fly well, and as nothing can be done by the swarm until all are out, they fly about in the air; by prolonging their exit the feeble ones become tired, and finding their plans frustrated, they alight to rearrange their journey. If they can leave the old hive all at once, they care very little about alighting.

SALT AND ASHES FOR COWS.—A wise and experienced stock raiser says: "On turning my cows into pasture in the spring, I provide several small tubs, and having fixed them firmly in the soil to prevent them being overturned, I put into each tub one quart of salt and three quarts of sifted wood ashes, previously well mixed by stirring. The cows partake freely of this mixture. It prevents injury from the sudden change from dry to green food, and has, besides, a most invigorating effect upon the general system. Some assert that salt should be given only as often as once a week, as its more frequent use would be injurious. But when supplied in this way no apprehension need be entertained."

PRUNING TREES.—The *Practical Farmer* has the following experiment on Pruning Trees: In a recent visit to the Eastern Pennsylvania Experimental Farm, among other experiments, we were shown one where limbs on an apple-tree of considerable size had been sawed off at different months of the year, with the view to demonstrate the comparative healing of the stump. The edges of the wound were found to heal most thoroughly and quickly where the pruning had been done in June. This corresponds with sound theory, as the tree is then in its greatest vigor, and the sap circulation most active.

BIRDS' NESTS.—We hope every farmer's boy will take care not to molest the birds' nests this Spring. Many years ago, "in the days when we were young," it was very common for the boys to wage a relentless war against the nests and eggs of certain birds, like the catbird, the black bird, and many others. The injury inflicted upon the community by their destruction was beyond calculation, but the habits and the benefits of birds were not then understood as they are now. We beg of you, boys, to let the birds' nests alone, and to protect rather than disturb them. The birds do the farmer untold good.

CATERPILLARS.—Now is the time to look out sharply for caterpillars. They are busy weaving their nests and stripping the leaves of the apple trees. It is the best way to take them while they are young and small, for if neglected till the leaves are fully grown there is necessarily greater injury to the tree, to say nothing of the destruction they cause in the process of growth. Fix a brush upon the end of a long pole and go at them. If the trees are kept perfectly clear of them this year, you will have less next, unless some careless and slovenly neighbor lets all his go to seed. Caterpillars are a sign of careless farming.

DEATH TO THE CORN GRUB.—The Germantown *Telegraph* calls attention to what it says is an effectual remedy for the corn grub or cut worm. Mix one part of common salt with three parts of gypsum or plaster, and apply a table-spoonful around each hill when the plants first appear. Be careful not to place it in contact with the plants, as it may destroy them. This method of protecting young plants from the cut worm was practiced by the late Isaac Newton, of Delaware county, with perfect success.

CANADA THISTLE.—A Maine farmer insists that persistent cultivation of the soil will eradicate this pest. Its destruction is required by law.

HOUSEKEEPER.

A USEFUL DRUG.

Ammonia, or, as it is generally called, spirits of hartshorn, is a powerful alkali, and dissolves grease and dirt with great ease. It has been recommended very highly for domestic purposes. For washing paint put a teaspoonful in a quart of moderately hot water; dip a flannel cloth, and then wipe off the woodwork; no scrubbing will be necessary. For taking grease spots from any fabric, use the ammonia nearly pure, then lay white blotting paper over the spot, then iron it lightly. In washing lace, put about twelve drops in a pint of warm suds. To clean silver, mix two teaspoonsful of ammonia in a quart of hot suds. Put in your silverware and wash, using an old nail brush or tooth brush for the purpose. For cleaning hair brushes, etc., simply shake the brushes up and down in a mixture of a teaspoonful of ammonia to one pint of hot water; when they are cleaned, rinse them in cold water, and stand them in a hot place to dry. For washing finger marks from looking-glasses and windows, put a few drops of ammonia on a moist rag, and make quick work of it. If you wish your house plants to flourish put a few drops of the spirits in every pint of water used in watering. A teaspoonful will add much to the refreshing effects of the bath. Nothing is better than ammonia water for cleansing the hair. In every case rinse off the ammonia with clear water. To which we would only add that, for removing grease spots, a mixture of equal parts of ammonia and alcohol is better than ammonia alone; and for taking out the red stains produced by the strong acids in blue and black cloths, there is nothing better than ammonia.—*Providence Journal.*

MILK, TEA AND COFFEE.

Prof. Loomis thus speaks of milk, tea and coffee:

"Milk contains in solution not only a due proportion of carbon, hydrogen, oxygen, and nitrogen, but all the other elements necessary for the construction of bone, nerve, &c., and hence is always a proper food in all circumstances of health.

"Tea derives its beneficial qualities not from its direct supply of nutrition, but from its affording a peculiar substance called theine, the effect of which in the system is to diminish the waste, thus making less food necessary. Tea thus has a positive economic value, not as a supplying but a saving nutriment.

"Coffee, though of a taste so little allied to tea, derives its value in precisely the same manner and from nearly the same substances. Its value and effect in the system are therefore the same as above stated. It is hence evident that milk, tea and coffee are valuable articles of food under all conditions of temperature."

Yet it must be generally conceded that a free coffee-drinker will almost invariably complain of biliousness and have a cadaverous appearance. For work-people coffee will seldom produce this effect; but for all persons of sedentary habits who take little exercise, coffee is not to be recommended. Tea as a substitute is greatly to be preferred, as it is equally refreshing and strengthening and produces no bad effects.

WHAT KIND OF FOOD MUST WE EAT.—Resistent solid material, as well as elements of nourishment, are essential in food. Neither cattle nor horses could be kept alive long on fine flour, meal, or grains of any kind. Mixed, however, with grass, dry hay, or straw, they thrive. The walls of the stomach and bowels must be kept apart by solid material, on which friction may be exerted in order to have perfect digestion. A dog lived twenty-one days, the only survivor of a wrecked vessel at sea, closely shut up in her cabin, by eating the thick, strong wood and leather binding of a Bible, while experiments with dogs fed on soft food, as gelatine, thin soaps, etc., proved that they could not live a single week on such diet. Those persons whose diet is rather coarse, as bread of unbolted flour, large fruit-eaters, bread and milk people in this country, etc., are exempt from the pains of dyspepsia. Those sustained mainly on very fine, concentrated, delicate food, washed down with tea, are gaunt in form, weak in muscle, and always taking medicine. Their food should have more bulk and solid, hard ingredients. A poor man's family never lack for an appetite with a crust of brown bread. His neighbor's darlings, surfeited on rich cakes, highly seasoned dishes and nurtured in luxury, are the life of doctors and druggists. So says science.

REMEDY FOR DANDRUFF.—A writer in the *Journal of Pharmacy* states that having tried without success the ordinary remedies for this troublesome and inconvenient affection, he made a mixture of one ounce of sulphur in one quart of water and after repeated agitations decanted off the clear liquor.—This was applied to the head every morning, and in a few weeks every trace of dandruff had disappeared. After a discontinuance of the treatment for eighteen months, there has been no return of the disease.

TO CURE A FELON.—As soon as it makes its appearance apply a poultice, of equal parts of saltpeter and brimstone, mixed with sufficient lard to make a paste, and renew as soon as it gets dry. A few applications will effect a cure.

FRECKLES.—For the benefit of young persons afflicted with freckles, we would inform them that powdered nitre, moistened with water, applied to the face night and morning, will soon remove all traces of them.

REMEDY FOR CHILBLAINS.—A writer in a Vienna medical magazine says that a concentrated solution of chloride of iron is an unfailing remedy for chilblains.

THE FATE OF AN UMBRELLA FIEND.—A writer in the St. Louis *Globe* thus pays his compliments to the ubiquitous wretch whom all pedestrians hate: The man who walks the streets, carrying an umbrella under his arm was at the corner of Fifth and Vine this morning. He stopped suddenly to speak with a friend, and a man behind him nearly broke the point of the umbrella off by running his eyes against it. The man swore, and the umbrella chap wheeled suddenly, tearing off a young lady's back hair. He turned to apologize, and jabbed the end of the umbrella into a very tall policeman's stomach. Policeman administered a jerk and the umbrella point tore off a portion of a small boy's ear, and immediately after carried the starboard corner of a man's mouth up into his front hair. Stepping back in dismay at what he had done, he rammed the umbrella down a by-stander's throat, and at the same time he fastened the book handle (the probabilities are that the handle was not only hooked, but that he hooked the entire umbrella) into a colored citizen's wool. In his efforts to get his umbrella loose, the unfortunate owner of it upset a fruit and candy stand, and plunged headforemost into one of Squire's plate-glass windows. In the excitment and confusion that ensued, the umbrella was put into a hack and driven to the hospital, and the man was taken to an umbrella store to undergo repairs.

A 1791 cent fetches $5.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN
PATENT FENCE
Superior to all Others.
HEZ. LATSHAW, Patentee,
McKnightstown, Adams County, Pa.

THE combination secured in this Patent allows the purchaser of a Right to put up the different kinds of fence, by applying the clevis principle. Among the many points of excellence may be mentioned:
1—This Fence when put down is perfectly tight in its place and remarkably strong.
2—By its use you can keep stock just where wanted.
3—It withstands storms and will not be moved by them.
4—It is unaffected by frosts.
5—It is not subject to rot, as fences whose principal part is in the ground.
6—Although quite stationary when put down, it is easily taken up uninjured, and as a portable fence in changing it from one part of land to another, it results in great benefit and profit to the Land-Owner.
7—It is a large saving of Timber over other ordinary Fences now generally in use.
8—It costs less than other Fences.
9—It can be made and put up by almost any person, Farmer, &c.
In the use of this Patent, the Fence is built entirely above ground, with braces to hold the panels, set edge-wise, crossed above as the letter X, with bolt at the centre of crossing and below. The braces are cut slanting, with the Clevis attached, and pin driven through it into the ground. Not only is the fence firm and immovable, but durable, as nothing can rot except the pins, which can be replaced without disturbing the fence. It is applicable to outside and parting fences.
It is the most economical fence that can be put up. In every 100 panel of post board fence there is a gain of 15 panel over the usual post fence. Less timber is required, and timber can be used that would not answer in ordinary fence. Timber but 1½ feet long will make post or brace under this patent—scrubby white oak, short butts, &c., making durable posts that will last for many years.
It is admirably adapted for a portable fence, using either 3 or 5 boards, to turn small stock, Hogs, Sheep, and even cattle. By moving it from place to place, or field to field, the farmer can pasture where he pleases, or even portions of fields. Vegetable grounds and small lots can be protected, with but little expense and labor.
The fence can be prepared by the farmer himself at his leisure during winter—loaded up in a wagon in the spring, and put up at once as the wagon goes along. One person alone can set up 60 or 75 panels in a day. It can readily be adjusted to hill-side or uneven ground.
Samples of this Fence can be seen at the Ware-house of Monfort & Co., (formerly Bigham's,) in Gettysburg, where it will be shown and the principle fully explained by Alexander Cobean, my Agent. Samples can also be seen in McKnightstown, and will be put up at other points in the county.
Every person in the county having property to protect and beautify, should secure an individual Right, which will be sold reasonably. No farm Rights will be sold out of Adams county; only State and County will be sold.
For further information, call on or address HEZ. LATSHAW, McKnightstown, Adams county, Pa.
REFERENCES.
The following gentlemen having tested this Fence and purchased Rights, are referred to:
Moses Raffensperger, Charles Starner, S. W. Stable, Isaiah W. Orr, Paul Sowers, Daniel Settle, Jacob Mickley (D. of L.), Ben. Johnson, John Hull, Simon P. Slover, Geo. Lower, Geo. Fissel, Hon. Edw. McPherson, Emory Bair, Cashier N. Bank, Wm. Wible, Pres. Agricultural Society, Fred'k Diehl, Jacob F. Lower, Benj. Deardorff, George Gingell, Joseph Hershey, J. M. Mickley, William Bell, Sam'l Stockslager, Samuel Lentz, Henry Riggeal, John Baltzley, John Hartman, Henry J. Stahle, James J. Wills, Geo. B. Slover, Wm. E. Myers, Wm. Ross, and many others not herein mentioned.
August 8, 1872. tf

We Clergymen
WERE CURED
OF Chronic and Acute Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica, Kidney, and Nervous Diseases, after years of suffering, by taking Dr. Fitler's Vegetable Rheumatic Syrup—the scientific discovery of J. P. Fitler, M. D., a regular graduate physician, with whom we are personally acquainted, who has for 39 years treated these diseases exclusively with astonishing results. We believe it our christian duty, after deliberation, to conscientiously request sufferers to use it, especially persons in moderate circumstances who cannot afford to waste money and time on worthless mixtures. As clergymen we seriously feel the deep responsibility resting on us in publicly endorsing this medicine. But our knowledge and experience of its remarkable merit fully justifies our action. Rev. C. H. Ewing, Media, Penn'a, suffering sixteen years, became hopeless. Rev. Thomas Murphy, D. D., Frankford, Philad'a. Rev. J. B. Davis, Hightstown, New Jersey. Rev. J. S. Buchanan, Clarence, Iowa. Rev. G. G. Smith, Pittsford, New York. Rev. Joseph Beggs, Falls Church, Philad'a. Other testimonials from Senators, Governors, Congressmen, Judges, Physicians, &c., forwarded gratis with pamphlet explaining these diseases. One thousand dollars will be presented to any medicine for same diseases showing equal merit under test, or that can produce one-fourth as many living cures. Any person sending by letter description of affliction will receive gratis a legally signed guarantee, naming the number of bottles to cure, agreeing to refund money upon sworn statement of its failure to cure. Afflicted invited to write to Dr. Fitler, Philad'a. His valuable advice costs nothing. For sale by all Druggists.
January 29, 1873. 1y

GARMENTS IN STYLE!
For Fall and Winter,
FOR
MEN AND BOYS,
AT THE
Great Clothing House
OF
PICKING & CO.
A Handsome and Immense Stock to Select From
in the newest styles of Frock and Sack Overcoats; Dress Coats, Pants and Vests, of every style and color, can now be had at a small sum.
Also, HATS and CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, for Men and Boys. Clocks, Accordeons, Flutes, Violins, Musical Boxes, Trunks, Valises, Lap Rugs, Horse Blankets, Men's Underwear, Hosiery of all kinds. The latest styles of Neck-ties, and every other article kept in a first-class Clothing House.
GIVE US A CALL
and examine our immense Stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to sell goods to suit the times.
Don't mistake the place, opposite Buehler's Drug Store, in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg.
Oct. 23, 1872. tf

ADAMS COUNTY
Mutual Fire Insurance Company.
INCORPORATED MARCH 18, 1851.
OFFICERS.
President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King.
Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, S. R. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; Samuel Motts, Hendersville; H. A. Picking, Straban; Wm. Bittinger, Abbottstown; Wm. Ross White, Liberty; H. C. Peters, York Springs.
This Company is limited in its operations to the County of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 19 years, and in that period has made but one assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to over $2[illegible],000. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to either of the managers.
The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.
Nov. 24, 1871. tf

IN A NEW STAND!!!
JOSEPH JACOBS,
Merchant Tailor,
HAS REMOVED
To Baltimore Street, (McCartney's Old Stand.)
A large assortment of
Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Trimmings, &c., &c.,
offered at the smallest profits.
Goods bought at the Store *cut free of charge.*
Goods made up with dispatch, as well when bought at other stores as at his own. Latest N. Y. Fashions received, and tailoring done in the most approved style. Cutting done as usual.
The public patronage solicited, and no effort spared to please. JOS. JACOBS.
Feb. 28, 1872. tf

WILLIAM CHRITZMAN,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Carpenter & Contractor.
Having removed to my new Shop
On Washington Street, between Middle and Chambersburg Streets,
and introduced Steam Power, I am prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best material, and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and dispatch.
Thankful for past favors, I hope by attention to business, to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
April 19, 1869. tf

APPLES, a splendid lot, and CHESTNUTS, nice and soft, at the Store of JOSEPH I. LIVERS, next door to the Post Office, Gettysburg. [April 3, 1873. tf

J. L. SCHICK
HAS RECEIVED
THE LATEST STYLES
OF
SPRING AND SUMMER
DRY GOODS!
ALSO, A GREAT VARIETY OF
Notions, Perfumery, &c.
ALL OF WHICH WILL BE SOLD AT
THE LOWEST PRICES!
GIVE US A CALL.
May 10, 1872. tf

COOK AND PARLOR
STOVES,
OF ALL KINDS,
The latest and most approved styles.
TIN, SHEET-IRON AND
HOLLOW WARE.
COAL AND LUMBER
OF ALL KINDS.
C.H. BUEHLER'S
Ware Rooms,
CORNER OF CARLISLE & RAILROAD STREETS,
GETTYSBURG, PA,
CALL AND EXAMINE!
January 19, 1872. tf

1873. — 1873.
Garden Seeds,
DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS AND PATENT MEDICINES,
Soaps and Perfumeries,
FORNEY
Horse and Cattle Powder,
WARRANTED.
Physician's and Family Prescriptions carefully compounded.
Physicians and Dealers supplied at reduced rates.
SCHOOL BOOKS
and STATIONERY of every description at lowest prices at
HUBER'S
DRUG AND BOOK STORE,
Baltimore street, Gettysburg.
Feb. 13, 1873. tf

ANOTHER BAKERY!
THE undersigned has opened a Bakery at the corner of Washington and High streets, Gettysburg, and invites the public's patronage
FRESH BREAD,
ROLLS, TWIST,
CAKES, PRETZELS, &C.,
EVERY DAY.
By using the best of flour and other materials, and doing his work well, he hopes to give satisfaction in every case. Call at or send your orders to the Bakery, corner of Washington and High streets, opposite the Female Institute and Powers's Granite Yard.
CHRISTIAN HOFFMAN.
April 17, 1868. tf

CUT THIS OUT
FOR REFERENCE.
AT HORNER'S DRUG STORE
You can always get the best and cheapest PATENT MEDICINES, DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE STUFFS, SPICES, PERFUMERY, ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN TOILET SOAPS, &c., &c.
Gettysburg, Jan. 13, 1871. tf

WHEAT WANTED.
THE undersigned will pay the HIGHEST PRICE for GOOD WHEAT, at "GLENWOOD MILLS," (formerly Mullhenny's,) on Marsh Creek, in Highland township, Adams county.
GEORGE GINGELL.
Dec. 18, 1868. tf

BLATCHLEY'S
IMPROVED CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP.
Tasteless, Durable, Efficient and Cheap. The best Pump for the least money. Attention is especially invited to Blatchley's Patent Improved Bracket and New Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without removing the Pump or disturbing the joints. Also, the Copper Chamber, which never cracks or scales, and will outlast any other. For sale by Dealers everywhere. Send for Catalogue and Price-List.
CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, M'fr, 506 Commerce street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Sept. 12, 1872. 1y

CHESTNUT RAILS.
10,000 PRIME CHESTNUT RAILS FOR SALE,
ON the mountain above Hendersville, convenient of access, at $5 per hundred—or delivered on the State Road 1 mile south of Hendersville, at $7 per hundred. For further particulars address C. J. TYSON, Floradale, P. O., Adams co.
May 17, 1872. tf

Western Lands.
I HAVE some valuable WESTERN LANDS which I will trade for one or more FARMS in this county. The lands are well located, and very desirable for farming. Early application desired. J. BRINKERHOFF.
Gettysburg, April 8 1865. tf

MYERS & HOLTZ,
DEALERS IN
Flour, Grain, Groceries, &c.,
NEW OXFORD, PA.
THE undersigned have leased the Warehouse lately occupied by Townsend & Brother, in New Oxford, Adams county, Pa., and are paying the highest prices for
FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS
BUCKWHEAT, CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEEDS, POTATOES, HAY, &c.,
and invite producers to give them a call before selling. They have constantly on hand for sale,
A LARGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES,
Molasses, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, &c., with Salt Fish, Salt, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard, Tobaccos, &c. Also the best brands of FLOUR, with FEED of all kinds.
Whilst we pay the highest market prices for all we buy, we sell at the lowest living profits. We ask a share of public patronage, resolved to give satisfaction in every case. H. J. MYERS, JOSEPH HOLTZ.
Feb. 6, 1873. tf

DRUGS and MEDICINES,
PURE AND FRESH,
Patent Medicines, Soaps, Perfumeries, Horse and Cattle Powders.
Classical, Theological, School and Miscellaneous
BOOKS,
STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS.
ALSO,
FRESH GARDEN SEEDS,
AT
A. D. BUEHLER'S,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
Chambersburg street, near the Diamond.
Country Merchants supplied at wholesale prices.
Feb. 13, 1873. tf

FOUTZ'S
CELEBRATED
HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS.
THIS preparation, long and favorably known, will thoroughly re-invigorate broken down and low-spirited HORSES, by strengthening and cleansing the stomach and intestines.
It is a sure preventive of all diseases incident to this animal, such as LUNG FEVER, GLANDERS, YELLOW WATER, HEAVES, COUGHS, DISTEMPER, FEVERS, FOUNDER, LOSS OF APPETITE AND VITAL ENERGY, &c. Its use improves the wind, increases the appetite—gives a smooth and glossy skin—and transforms the miserable skeleton into a fine looking and spirited horse.
To keepers of COWS this preparation is invaluable. It is a sure preventive against Rinderpest, Hollow Horn, etc. It has been proven by actual experiment to increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent. and make the butter firm and sweet. In fattening cattle, it gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.
In all diseases of SWINE, such as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs, Liver, &c., this article acts as a specific. By putting from one-half a paper to a paper in a barrel of swill, the above diseases will be eradicated or entirely prevented. If given in time, a certain preventive and cure for the Hog Cholera.
DAVID E. FOUTZ, Proprietor, BALTIMORE, MD.
A. D. BUEHLER, Agent, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Nov. 11, 1872. 1y

$1.000 REWARD For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles, that DE BING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. Prepared expressly to cure the Piles and nothing else. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1.
A. D. BUEHLER, Agent, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Nov. 11, 1872. 1y

THE
NEW DISCOVERY
In Chemical and Medical Science.
Dr. E. F. GARVIN'S
Solution and Compound Elixir
OF
TAR.
Sold by all Druggists.
FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made in one mixture of ALL THE TWELVE valuable active principles of the well known curative agent,
PINE TREE TAR,
Unequaled in Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, and Consumption.
CURES WITHOUT FAIL,
a recent cold in from three to six hours; and also, by its VITALIZING, PURIFYING and STIMULATING effects upon the general system, is remarkably efficacious in all
DISEASES OF THE BLOOD,
including Scrofula and Eruptions of the skin, Dyspepsia, Disease of the Liver and Kidneys, Heart Disease, and General Debility.
ONE TRIAL CONVINCES!
DR. GARVIN'S
Volatile Solution of Tar,
MEDICATED
FOR INHALATION.
A remarkably valuable discovery, which positively cures
CATARRH, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, AND ALL DISEASES OF THE NOSE, THROAT AND LUNGS.
THE COMPOUND
Tar and Mandrake Pills,
for use in connection with the ELIXIR TAR, is a combination of the TWO most valuable ALTERATIVE Medicines known in the Profession, and renders this Pill without exception the very best offered.
Solution and compound Elixir, $1 per large bottle; 50c. per small bottle.
Tar and Mandrake Pills, 25 cts. per box.
Medicated Inhalation, $5 00 per package.
Send for Circular of POSITIVE CURES to your Druggist, or to
L. F. HYDE & CO., SOLE PROPRIETORS, 195 Seventh Avenue, New York.
March 20, 1873. 1y

OYSTERS!
FRESH EVERY DAY!
John L. Holtzworth
Has leased the Saloon on Chambersburg street, opposite Buehler's Drug and Book Store, and has perfected arrangements to have
Fresh Oysters Every Day.
For Oysters in all Styles, CHICKEN, TURTLE-SOUP, and everything else in season, Gentlemen and Ladies are urged to call at this saloon. Every effort made to please.
Sept. 12, 1872. tf

NOTICE.
THE UNDERSIGNED,
TAILOR,
has located in Arendtsville, Pa. Please give him a call and be convinced that he can please the farmer and dandy alike. Charges moderate and satisfaction insured.
JOHN J. TAYLOR.
Arendtsville, Pa., March, 1, 1870. 3m

NOTES, of the different descriptions—promissory, exemption, stay, &c.—on good paper, bound and in sheets, always for sale, cheap, at the GETTYSBURG COMPILER Office.

KISSINGER & CO.,
NO. 2 WEST MARKET STREET, YORK, PA.,
AGENTS AND DEALERS IN
PIANOS, CABINET ORGANS, MELODEONS
AND ALL KINDS OF
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to furnish Pianos of the following manufacture or of any other make that may be preferred:
Albright, Reikes & Schmidt, Chickering & Son, Bradbury, Knabe & Son, Gale & Son,
ESTEY'S CELEBRATED
COTTAGE, HARMONIC AND BOUDOIR
ORGANS AND MELODEONS.
These Instruments stand unrivalled by anything found in this country or in Europe, as is admitted by all impartial judges. The most eminent Pipe Organ Builders and Performers, the last to discover excellence in reed Tone, pronounced them vastly superior to all others for exceedingly quick articulation and round Tone, the essential feature in Instruments of this class. We invite the severe scrutiny and criticism of all.
PATENT VOX HUMANA TREMOLO.
This late and most wonderful invention (so acknowledged by all leading artists) will be found only in the Estey Instruments. In attempting to describe the effect of this stop, we are at loss for language. Its beauties cannot be written, but must be heard to be appreciated. By this stop an ordinary performer can produce an effect which requires a life time of practice for an artist upon a violin. It entirely changes the reed Tone, giving the sympathetic sweetness of the human voice, making it so melodious and pure that it never fails to enchant the listener.
THE HARMONIC ORGAN
for Churches, Public Halls and Parlors has a powerful sub-Bass with independent reeds, Harmonic attachment and Vox Humana Tremolo, and is believed to be the most powerful reed organ made, being nearly equal to a Pipe Organ of three times the cost.
All Instruments warranted for five years.
BRASS BANDS supplied with instruments and music at reasonable terms.
A liberal discount allowed for Churches and Sabbath Schools.
Instructions given both in Vocal and Instrumental Music, at our rooms, and at pupils' homes, either to individuals or classes on reasonable terms.
Dec. 17, 1869. tf

CLOCKS, WATCHES
AND JEWELRY.
A. R. FEISTEL
HAS removed his shop to York street, opposite the Globe Inn, Gettysburg, where he has constantly on hand a fine assortment of
Clocks, Watches, Jewelry and Silver-Plated Ware
Old Silver taken in exchange. All kinds of REPAIRING done, and charges moderate. All work warranted to give satisfaction.
SPECTACLES.
I have been appointed Sole Agent for Adams county for the sale of Messrs. LAZARUS & MORRIS' celebrated PERFECTED SPECTACLES. These Spectacles have caused quite a *furor* in scientific circles, and we have now in our possession thousands of testimonials from persons who have been in many cases cured and in others greatly benefited by their use. They are unequalled by any for their strengthening and preserving qualities, and will not injure or pain the weakest eye. Owing to their peculiar construction and the quality of glass used in their manufacture, the sight is enabled to penetrate a much greater distance than can be done by the ordinary glasses without fatigue. Please call and examine before purchasing any other make. We guarantee satisfaction.
Sept. 20, 1871. tf

D. McCREARY. JOHN F. McCREARY.
"Best Always Cheapest."
THE Best and Cheapest
SADDLES,
BRIDLES,
COLLARS, and
HARNESS, of all kinds, in the county are always to be found at the old and well known stand, Baltimore street, opposite the Presbyterian Church—
McCREARYS'.
OUR RIDING AND WAGON SADDLES are the most substantially built and neatest.
OUR HARNESS (*plain and silver mounted,*) are complete in every respect and warranted to be of the very best material and workmanship.
OUR UPPER-LEATHER DRAFT COLLARS CANNOT BE BEAT. They are the best FITTING and most durable.
OUR HEAVY DRAFT HARNESS are made to order, as cheap as they can be made anywhere and in the most substantial manner.
RIDING BRIDLES, WHIPS, Lashes, Draft Hames, Fly-nets, and everything in the line. *None better or cheaper.*
OUR PRICES have been REDUCED to the lowest living standard.
A liberal percentage for cash, off all bills amounting to $5 or more.
We work nothing but first best stock and will warrant every article turned out to be in every respect as represented.
Thankful for past favors we invite attention to our present stock.
Give us a call and examine PRICES and QUALITY. McCREARY & SON.
Jan. 31, 1868. tf

Ziegler & Holtzworth.
LIVERY, SALES & EXCHANGE
STABLES,
Washington St., Gettysburg, Pa
THE undersigned having entered into partnership, under the firm of Ziegler & Holtzworth, have taken the well known Livery Stables of Weaver & Co., and are prepared to supply the public with all styles and kinds of conveyances that can be found in a first-class Livery. Their stock cannot be beaten by any establishment in the town.
Parties wishing to visit the Battle-field, will find superior accommodations at this Livery, without additional charge for Guides.
ALSO,
CARRIAGE MAKING
Will be carried on in all its branches at their Shops opposite the Livery. All styles of
BUGGIES, JAGGER WAGONS, CARRIAGES, &c.,
built of the best material and by skillful workmen, on short notice.
REPAIRING
promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.
Give us a call!
W. T. ZIEGLER, W. D. HOLTZWORTH.
March 8, 1872. tf

LUMBER AND COAL!
THE undersigned has removed his Lumber Yard to the north-east corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, but fifty yards from his old location, where he will be glad to have all in want of Lumber to call. His stock is larger than ever before, and constant additions are being made to it. He has
WHITE PINE PLANK, INCH AND HALF-INCH BOARDS FLOORING, SCANTLING, PALINGS, WHITE PINE, CHESTNUT AND OAK SHINGLES, &C.,
all of which will be sold at the lowest living rates. Call and judge for yourselves. My Lumber is good and cannot fail to give satisfaction.
Also COAL of all kinds for sale
JACOB SHEADS.
Gettysburg, Dec. 9, 1870. tf

Hardware and Groceries.
GEORGE SWEITZER,
CARLISLE ST., NEAR RAILROAD, GETTYSBURG,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
HARDWARE,
Nails, Locks, Glass, Paints, Oils, Brushes of all kinds, &c. He calls the attention of Blacksmiths to his assortment of Iron, Steel, Horse Shoes and Horse Shoe Nails, &c.
GROCERIES,
such as Coffees, Sugars, Teas, Spices, Syrups, Vinegar, Soaps, &c., all of which he will constantly keep on hand—and sell low for cash. Here is the place to buy cheap. Don't forget to call and examine my stock of goods.
July 14, 1871. tf

TREES! TREES!
FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL.
ALL who contemplate planting Fruit or Ornamental Trees, Vines, Plants, Roses, or Shrubbery of any description or variety, would do wisely by sending for descriptive catalogue and price list to
C. J. TYSON, Florndale, Adams co., Pa.,
Dealer in fruit and ornamental trees from the Chambersburg Nurseries. All stock guaranteed to arrive in good condition and prove satisfactory, or no sale.
May 17, 1872. tf

Cemetery Removals.
BEING the Keeper, the undersigned is authorized to make removals into Ever Green Cemetery, and hopes that such as contemplate the removal of the remains of deceased relatives or friends will avail themselves of this season of the year to have it done. Removals made with promptness—terms low, and no effort spared to please.
PETER THORN, Keeper of the Cemetery.
March 12, 1860.

Sharp Notice.
THE undersigned hereby notifies those indebted to him to make immediate payment. All accounts unsettled after the first of April next will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection. Settle and save costs! JACOB BRINKERHOFF.
Feb. 26, 1870. tf

JOB PRINTING—plain and fancy—all varieties—done neatly and cheaply at the GETTYSBURG COMPILER office. No country office in the State is better prepared to do everything in the Job Printing line.

COAL, LUMBER,
And LIME.
THE undersigned have entered into partnership under the firm of
CASHMAN & OVERDEER,
and will carry on the
COAL, LUMBER AND LIME BUSINESS,
At the Gettysburg Lime Kilns,
along the Railroad,
Gettysburg, Pa.
Coal and Lime delivered on short notice any place in Gettysburg. They keep the best quality of
COAL FOR FAMILY USE,
and the Cumberland (Md.) BLACKSMITH COAL, the very best in the market.
They are thankful to their friends and customers for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed, and solicit a continuance, and will endeavor to give satisfaction in all their dealings with every one who may patronize them.
They have also put up a new pair of
HAY SCALES,
for all kinds of weighing.
DANIEL CASHMAN, HENRY OVERDEER.
May 8, 1873. tf

DIAMOND SPECTACLES.
TRADE MARK.
These Spectacles are manufactured from "MINUTE CRYSTAL PEBBLES," melted together and are called DIAMOND, on account of their hardness and brilliancy.
It is well known that spectacles cut from Brazilian or Scotch pebbles are very injurious to the eye, because of their polarizing light.
Having been tested with the polariscope, the diamond lenses have been found to admit fifteen per cent. less heated rays than any other pebble.
They are ground with great scientific accuracy, are free from chromatic aberrations, and produce a brightness and distinctness of vision not before attained in spectacles.
Manufactured by the SPENCER OPTICAL MANUFACTURING COMPANY, New York.
A. R. FEISTEL, Jeweler and Optician, is Sole Agent for Gettysburg, Pa., from whom they can be obtained. No peddlers employed. Do not buy a pair unless you see the trade mark. [April 10, 1873. 1y

NOAH WALKER & CO.,
WASHINGTON BUILDING,
Nos. 165 and 167 West Baltimore Street
BALTIMORE, MD.
Large and Peremtory Sale of
MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING.
A Good Cassimere Suit from $7 to $12.
We have stocked our Retail Department with a full line of Mens', Boys', and Childrens' Suits, at prices to suit all classes of buyers.
OVERCOATS
at from $7, $9, $10 and $11 to $14.
CUSTOM DEPARTMENT.
Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, in large variety to select from for measure.
Full Line of Men's and Boys'
FURNISHING GOODS,
165, West Baltimore Street, 167,
Feb. 22, 1873. tf

BUGGIES-CARRIAGES.
THE undersigned informs his friends and the public generally, that he continues to build
Falling-Top, Standing-Top, and Trotting BUGGIES,
CARRIAGES, JAGGERS, &c.,
of different styles—all of No. 1 material and workmanship. No care or expense is saved in making work tasteful and durable—always up with the times, and satisfactory in price as well as character. Finished work on hand, and orders solicited.
Repairing
attended to promptly and in the best manner.
Establishment in East Middle St., Gettysburg, one square and a half east of the Court-house. Call and see for yourselves.
JACOB TROXEL.
April 17, 1873. tf

MORE NEW GOODS!
AT
KEBERT & BUSHMAN'S,
Centre Square.
JUST RECEIVED,
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
Latest Styles, in great variety; also,
GENTLEMEN'S WEAR;
DOMESTICS, CARPETING;
all kinds of Dry Goods,
UNDERTAKER'S SUPPLIES,
&C., &C., &C., &C.
All Cheap. Call in and see.
Gettysburg, May 1, 1873. tf

SEWING MACHINES,
$15 & $25.
COMMON SENSE ELASTIC LOCK-STITCH, for all purposes, $15. HOME SHUTTLE LOCK-STITCH, equal to any machine, $25. Any person desiring one of these machines, address NOAH LOTT, Seven Stars, Adams Co., Agent for the same, or any person desiring to see the same, can do so at Miss FOSTER'S, corner of High and Washington streets, Gettysburg.
All are invited to call and examine for themselves.
March 27, 1873. 3m

NEW
Spring Millinery.
Misses Tritle & Martin
Have opened a new stock of
MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,
of latest styles. Also Stamped Bands and Yokes, J. O. C. Cotton, Minute Cotton, Hair Goods, Notions, &c. Orders will receive prompt attention. All are invited to call and examine their assortment.
Baltimore Street, opposite Court House, GETTYSBURG, Pa.
April 17, 1873. tf

WM. N. MILLER'S
Marble Works,
Corner of Baltimore and East Middle streets
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Every description of work executed in the finest style of the art.
All kinds of WROUGHT, CAST and WIRE RAILINGS furnished on the shortest notice.
June 17, 1870. tf

GEORGE ARNOLD,
WESTERN LAND DEALER.
Western Lands Exchanged
FOR REAL ESTATE
IN ADAMS COUNTY, PENN'A.
Gettysburg, March 1 1872. tf

If You
Want a clerk,
Want a partner,
Want a situation,
Want a servant girl,
Want to sell a piano,
Want to sell a carriage,
Want to buy or sell a farm,
Want a boarding place,
Want to sell town property,
Want to sell groceries or drugs,
Want to sell household furniture,
Want to sell dry goods or carpets,
Want to find customers for anything,
ADVERTISE IN THE OLD COMPILER.
Advertising will gain new customers,
Advertising will keep old customers,
Advertising liberally always pays,
Advertising makes success easy,
Advertising begets confidence,
Advertising shows energy,
Advertising shows pluck,
Advertising means "biz,"
Advertise or "bust,"
Advertise always,
Advertise well,
Advertise
NOW!

JOB PRINTING!
ALL KINDS OF
Plain and Fancy
PRINTING!
NEATLY DONE!
AT THE COMPILER OFFICE!
AT THE
Shortest Notice
AND UPON THE
Most Reasonable Terms!

TO BUSINESS MEN.—Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Statements, Envelopes, Cards, Small Bills, Posters, &c., printed at the COMPILER office with dispatch and at lowest living rates. New and fashionable materials from Philadelphia, New York and Boston are added to our jobbing department almost weekly. Work in colors done as well as in the cities. Business men and all desiring anything in the printing line should give us a call.

It becomes a free and enlightened people to preserve the literature of the age.
YORK BOOK BINDERY,
third floor, over J. M. Danner's Store, Centre Square,
YORK, PA.
Superior and Cheap Blank Books
made of the very best material the market affords. If you are dissatisfied with the prices you have been paying, or if your books wear out too soon, give me a trial. All other
BINDING AND REPAIRING
done neatly, cheaply and promptly.
All orders by Express will meet with prompt personal attention.
JOHN W. STEWART, Practical Book Binder, York, Pa.
April 28, 1871. tf

PURE GRAPE WINES.
THE undersigned is largely engaged in the manufacture of
Pure Grape Wines,
and now offers for sale, different brands,
Fermented and Unfermented, for Medicinal and Sacramental purposes.
His prices are reasonable, and his Wines cannot fail to render satisfaction. His Vinyard is located on the south-east side of Seminary Ridge, in a soil warm and fertile, maturing the grape early and thoroughly, and producing in all cases a first-class native wine.
Apply to or address, ROBERT SHEADS, Gettysburg, Pa.
Jan. 27, 1871. tf

SAVE TIME AND MONEY!
Wm. C. Stallsmith & Son,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
Carpenters and Contractors,
ARE prepared to take contracts for putting up new Buildings of all kinds in town or country, at reasonable rates. Having large facilities, and having constantly on hand all kinds of Building Lumber, including Ready made
DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, DOOR AND WINDOW BRACKETS, &C., &C.,
persons intending to build will save time and money by calling at our establishment.
All our work is made out of the best materials and by experienced workmen.
We also manufacture to order all kinds of Wood Work requisite in building at
REASONABLE PRICES.
Orders promptly attended to
Feb. 16, 1872. tf

FERTILIZE! FERTILIZE!
THE undersigned has obtained from the United States, Letters Patent, dated March 26, 1872, for an
Improvement in Preparing Fertilizers
FROM EARTH, &C.,
which he desires to bring to the attention of the public, especially that portion engaged in farming. The new process, which is simply *burning earth in a kiln*, has been thoroughly tested and proven a full success. It is, besides,
THE CHEAPEST
mode of fertilizing land yet discovered. The kiln is constructed at small cost and very little fuel is required to operate it. Every farmer should have this invaluable right. In these days of high prices for lime, guanoes and phosphates, this improvement should be taken hold of by all who feel the need of fertilizing the soil.
Farm, Township, County and State Rights are now offered for sale. For further information, address SAMUEL BROWN, New Oxford, Adams co., Pa.
April 5, 1872. 1y

THIS WAY!
BOOT AND SHOE MAKING.
THE undersigned continues the Boot and Shoe Making business,
IN CARLISLE ST., NEAR THE DEPOT,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
where he is at all times prepared to execute work in his line in the most satisfactory manner.
BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS,
for Men, Women and Children,
made of the best materials and unsurpassed workmanship—and at prices that will only allow living profits. A continued share of public patronage solicited.
JOHN M. REILLING.
Dec. 17, 1869. tf

KING
OF THE
CLOVER MACHINE FAMILY.
Birdsell's Combined Clover Thresher and Separator.
THIS Machine Threshes, Separates, Hulls and Cleans Clover Seed at one operation; capacity ranging from 15 to 50 bushels per day according to yield of seed. Its operation needs only to be witnessed to convince the most skeptical that its principles are perfect, its capacity wonderful, and its thoroughness of work such as to defy complaint from the most exacting.
3000 now in use throughout the United States and Canadas.
Awarded first Premium at 75 State Fairs since 1858.
BIRDSELL MANUFACTURING CO., SOUTH BEND, IND.
Also, THRESHERS AND SEPARATORS, of the very best make, guaranteed to work satisfactorily or no sale, with other Farm Implements. GRAIN DRILLS, with or without Guano attachment, Buker and Mountjoy PLOUGHS, Harrisburg FANNING MILL, and Agricultural Implements generally, for sale—at the Warehouse of Wible & Son, Gettysburg, by WM. WIBLE.
Aug. 20, 1872. tf

TO THE PUBLIC.
Garlach & Trimmer,
Cabinet Makers, Undertakers and Chair Makers,
HAVE just returned from the city with a large lot of FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS, such as Chamber Suits of different styles, Wood and Marble Top Suits, Marble Top Parlor Tables, Cottage Bedsteads, Cane-seat Chairs, Wood-seat Chairs, Children's Chairs, Rocking Chairs, Lounges, Dressing Bureaus, Teapoy Stands, and Office Chairs. We have the largest assortment ever kept in Gettysburg, of both home-made and city Furniture.
Also, all styles and sizes of Caskets and Coffins furnished at the shortest notice.
Purchasers will do well to call and examine our stock before buying elsewhere, as we are determined to sell at the LOWEST PRICES. Ware rooms, Baltimore street, opposite Winebrenner's Tannery.
Gettysburg, Pa., July 5, 1872. tf

J. W. WOODWARD,
Oyster Packer,
No. 38 CENTRAL AVENUE,
BALTIMORE, MD.
The Trade, Hotels and Families supplied the year round.
May 28, 1871. tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY
AT PRIVATE SALE.
THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, the property lately occupied by him, on Chambersburg street, near West street, Gettysburg: A HALF LOT OF GROUND, improved with a Two-story Log Weatherboarded HOUSE, Back-building, and all necessary out-buildings, a well of good water at the door, and a variety of Fruit Trees.
He also offers at Private Sale his FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.
DAVID STERNER.
Sept. 22, 1871. tf

S. R. TIPTON,
BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER,
HAS removed his shop to the north-east corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg, where he will be glad to have the calls of his old friends and the public generally. Everything done in the best style of the art, that all may be pleased.
April 2, 1869. tf

Sale Crying.
A. W. FLEMMING continues the business of SALE CRYING, and solicits the continued patronage of the public. It is his constant endeavor to give satisfaction. Charges moderate. Residence in West Middle street, Gettysburg.
Nov. 12, 1862. tf

Duff's College.
THE oldest and most reliable Institution for obtaining a Mercantile Education.
Practical business men as instructors.
For information, write for a circular to P. DUFF & SONS, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Sept. 19, 1872. 3m coin

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